1	Selectboard and Trustee Subcommittee on Governance			
2	March	11, 2019 Special Meeting Mini	utes	
3	81 Mai	n Street, Essex Junction, VT		
4	DRAFT			
5				
6	Subcor	nmittee Members Present:	Elaine Haney	
7			Max Levy	
8			George Tyler	
9			Irene Wrenner	
10				
11	Staff Pi	esent:	Greg Duggan	
12			Evan Teich	
13				
14	Memb	ers of the Public Present: None		
15				
16		1. CALL TO ORDER		
17	George	Tyler called the meeting to or	der at 8:08 a.m.	
18				
19		2. AGENDA ADDITIONS/CHAN	NGES	
20		3. APPROVE AGENDA		
21	There <b>v</b>	were no additions or changes t	to the agenda.	
22				
23		4. PUBLIC TO BE HEARD		
24	There <b>v</b>	were no comments from the p	ublic.	
25				
26		5. BUSINESS ITEMS		
27				
28	a.	Approval of minutes: Novem	ber 28, 2018 Subcommittee meeting	
29				
30	Elaine	Haney moved and Irene Wren	ner seconded to approve the minutes with the following	
31	amend	ment. The minutes were appro	oved 4-0.	
32	•	Line 73: Remove the phrase '	'the council also elects a council chair, who essentially fills the role	
33		of vice chair of the council" a	nd replace with "the mayor serves as chair of the council, and the	
34		council elects a vice chair from	m amongst the council membership."	
35				
36	Items 5	b through 5f were discussed t	ogether.	
37				
38	b.	Review discussion of Governa	ance Subcommittee process from last joint board meeting of	
39		Selectboard and Trustees. W	hat deliverables should we achieve by the next joint board	
40		meeting?		
41	с.	Is it our task to recommend a	in abbreviated and optimal list of potential governance models?	
42	d.	How do we arrive at that reco	ommendation?	

43 44 45 46	<ul> <li>e. Is it our task to recommend a timeline leading up to a Nov. 2020 vote?</li> <li>f. Open discussion/work session to produce draft documents, lists, schedules, and/or timelines agreed upon in steps 2 - 5.</li> </ul>	
47 48 49 50 51	The Subcommittee agreed that the goal of this meeting is to review the six remaining governance models with the intention of revising and combining where able and appropriate. The Subcommittee would then provide recommendations to both boards on which governance models could be present to the public for discussion and eventual adoption by vote.	ed
52	Each governance model was reviewed as follows:	
53 54 55 56	I. <u>Hybrid Governance Model</u> : Once discussion of this model ensued it became apparent that was a potential board structure, and not a governance model. The model was temporarily set aside.	
57 58	Before reviewing the subsequent models, the Subcommittee referred to the criteria for governance models developed, revised, and approved at previous meetings. The list of criteria (as approved at the	-
58 59	Subcommittee's 11/14/2018 meeting) is:	=
60	Better integrated planning	
61	Better relations	
62	Better transparency	
63	<ul> <li>Diversify tax base</li> </ul>	
64	<ul> <li>Economic and overall sustainability</li> </ul>	
65	<ul> <li>Eliminate duplication</li> </ul>	
66	Equal representation	
67	<ul> <li>Eventual single tax rate</li> </ul>	
68	Improves communication	
69	<ul> <li>Maintain a high level of service</li> </ul>	
70	Maintain Heart & Soul values	
71	<ul> <li>Maintain public safety</li> </ul>	
72	<ul> <li>Makes public participation easier</li> </ul>	
73	<ul> <li>Makes voting easier</li> </ul>	
74	Preserve identity	
75	<ul> <li>Speaking with one voice, and having a seat at the table in relevant issues and bodies</li> </ul>	
76	<ul> <li>Tax equity</li> </ul>	
77		
78	The Subcommittee discussed at length the appropriateness of each criterium and whether some of	
79	them were too subjective. They settled on the following as the final list of criteria to assess each	
80	governance model:	
81	Better integrated planning	
82	Improves administrative efficiency	
83	Equal representation	

•	Eventual single tax rate
•	Improves communication
•	Reduces the number of times residents vote
•	Makes public participation easier
•	Preserves identity
•	Speaking with one voice, and having a seat at the table in relevant issues and bodies
•	Tax equity
•	Equal access to resources
The Su	bcommittee returned to reviewing the governance models and ranking them based on the newly
establi	shed criteria. A chart of the rankings is attached and is made an official part of these minutes.
They a	lso discussed the possibility of wards or voting districts, and how representation would be
affecte	d by each model.
11.	Unified Town Charter Model: Members agreed a unified municipality would require dissolving
	the Village charter. Consensus was that if this model were chosen the Town charter should also
	be dissolved and a new charter be created so that one municipality does not have the
	appearance of "taking over" another.
IV.	City Charter Model: Members discussed this option next. They felt that there were few
	differences between a city charter and a unified town charter, with the exception of a
	mayor/council board structure with its attendant at-large election of a mayor. The
	Subcommittee decided they would not recommend a city charter model to the joint boards as
	they had heard very little input from residents that they preferred to become a city.
111.	Special District Model: Members discussed at length the possibilities for tax equity and
	representation presented by this model. It would require the conversion of the Village charter
	into a special district, while also maintaining that all special district residents would also be
	Town residents. The special district would include only non-essential services like recreation and
	libraries. It was also proposed that a second district just for the Town outside the Village be
	created for Town library and rec departments. The Subcommittee had numerous questions
V	about this model; George Tyler will reach out to attorney Dan Richardson for further guidance.
۷.	<u>Status Quo</u> : Members felt that it will be important to provide the public with a baseline from which to judge any governance model options presented, and so they ranked the status quo—
	the existing municipal agreements between the Village and the Town—using the same criteria.
	In the near future when public outreach begins, a clear description of the status quo will be
	provided to the public so residents can determine how changing to other models could affect
	them.
VI.	<u>Separation</u> : The Subcommittee opted not to recommend the separation of the Village from the
• • •	Town as both municipalities have directed both the Subcommittee and the Unified Manager to
	continue working towards consolidation.
After re	eviewing all the governance models, the Subcommittee confirmed that it will recommend to the
	pards that they present three options to the public to consider: a unified town charter model, a
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

125 special district model, and the status quo model. However, if the full boards determine that they want

- to add back in any of the models that the Subcommittee rejected, they can do that.
- 127

128 The Subcommittee then returned to discussing board structure. Members considered the possibilities

129 presented by a board elected at-large, the establishment of two or more wards or voting districts, and

- 130 whether the governing board should have an even or odd number of members. Members agreed the
- board should be no larger than seven members, with five members being ideal. Discussion centered on
- 132 three potential structures:
- 1331. At-large board membership: The municipality would have a single governing board. Each134member would be elected at-large, meaning they would not represent a certain135geographical area, but rather the entire municipality. There was agreement that while board136members elected at-large represent the entire municipality in the legal sense, but Ms.137Wrenner argued they would not in theory, because it would not be fair for some residents138to be represented by someone who does not live near them.
- 139 2. Two wards, same number of representatives from each ward, even number of board 140 members: This is the Hybrid Governance Model that was discussed earlier. The municipality 141 would be divided into two wards, using the current Village and Town outside the Village 142 boundaries. Each ward would elect the same number of representatives, and the total 143 number of board members would be an even number. It was suggested that with this 144 model, the representatives from each ward could make decisions regarding business related 145 only to their ward. There were questions as to the legality of that approach, and that it 146 should be researched. This model would require some kind of tie-breaking solution in the 147 event that a vote is split. One option is for the chair to vote only in the event of a tie. 148 Another option is to kill the motion if the tie cannot be broken. More research is needed to 149 determine whether there are other options in the event of a tie.
- 1503. Two wards, same number of representatives from each ward, plus one at-large member:151The municipality would be divided into two wards, using the current Village and Town152outside the Village boundaries. Each ward would elect the same number of representatives.153In addition, there would be one at-large member of the board. This structure would ensure154an odd number of board members. But it would also subject one board member to have to155campaign throughout the entire community, while the other members would campaign only156in their own wards.
- 157

Members agreed that in all of these structures, the board would elect its own chair from amongst its members. The Subcommittee also ranked these board structures according to how they address the number of times residents must vote, whether they make participation easier, and whether they achieve equal representation. A chart of the rankings is attached and is made an official part of these minutes. The Subcommittee will recommend these three board structures to the joint boards along with their recommendations for governance models, with the understanding that final decisions about whether to present these options to the public will be made by the full boards and not by the

165 Subcommittee.

- 166 The Subcommittee then discussed a timeline going forward. There is general agreement that the
- 167 presidential election of November 2020 would be an optimal time to hold a vote on a new governance
- 168 model since historically voter turnout is very high at that time and would ensure maximum voter
- 169 participation in the process. Greg Duggan shared that, according to the Town Clerk, a warning for a
- 170 November 2020 vote would have to be finalized and approved by August 2020. In order to allow enough
- 171 time for public outreach and education, the joint boards would need to determine which governance
- 172 model to present to the public by April 2020.
- 173
- 174 Mr. Tyler compiled a list of public outreach tasks. Mr. Levy stressed the importance of a Town-wide 175 survey mailed to each home. Other options included a series of facilitated public meetings (similar to 176 what the Town used for the recent firearms discussion), explanatory documents, a public web page, and 177 the use of PlaceSpeak for additional survey and feedback opportunities. Ms. Haney recommended using 178 some successful tactics employed during the Heart & Soul process, particularly neighborhood 179 conversations. She also recommended creating an RFP for a public outreach professional. Mr. Duggan 180 stated staff will prepare language calling for an RFP and present it at the next joint board meeting on 181 April 10<sup>th</sup>. The Subcommittee decided to offer itself to the joint boards as the body that could interview 182 potential outreach professional candidates. 183 184 6. ADJOURN
- 185
- 186 Ms. Haney moved to adjourn and Ms. Wrenner seconded. The meeting adjourned at 11:38 a.m.
- 187
- 188 Submitted by Elaine Haney, Subcommittee Secretary

## Governance Models Rankings

	Unified Charter Model	Special District Model	Status Quo	Notes
Better integrated planning	+	+	-	
Improves administrative efficiency	+	-	-	
Equal representation	0	0	0	Not addressed since board structure is a separate discussion
Eventual single tax rate	+	-	-	
Improves communication	+	0	-	
Makes public participation easier	+	+	-	
Reduces the number of times we vote	+	+	-	
Preserves identity	-	+	0	
Speaking with one voice, having a seat at the table	+	+	-	Allows better communication of the municipality to
in relevant issues and bodies	'	'		outside bodies like CCRPC or the state legislature.
Tax equity	+	+	-	
Equal access to resources	+	-	-	

NOTES This is a comparison between governance models. + = Yes - (minus) = No 0 = neutral

**Board Structure Rankings** 

## Board structure options (chair elected by body in all options)

	All members at-large	2 wards, even # members	2 wards + 1 at-large
Equal representation	+ (voted 3-1)	+ (voted 4-0)	0 (because of at-large)
Makes public participation easier	+	+	+
Reduces the number of times we vote	+	+	+