

TRUSTEES MEETING NOTICE & AGENDA TUESDAY, AUGUST 12, 2014 at 6:30 PM LINCOLN HALL MEETING ROOM, 2 LINCOLN STREET

1.	CALL TO ORDER/PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE TO FLAG	[6:30 PM]
2.	AGENDA ADDITIONS/CHANGES	[6:30 PM]
3.	APPROVE AGENDA	[6:35 PM]
4.	GUESTS, PRESENTATIONS AND PUBLIC HEARINGS	[6:35 PM]
	a. Comments from Public on Items Not on Agendab. Public Hearing on 2014 Comprehensive Plan	
5.	OLD BUSINESS	[7:00 PM]
	a. Adopt Changes to General Rules and Personnel Regulations	
6.	NEW BUSINESS	[7:10 PM]
	a. Appeal of Demolition and Sewer Service Fees for Autumn Pondb. FYE 15 General Fund Capital Plan Amendment	
7.	MANAGER'S REPORT	[7:30 PM]
	a. Various Staff Meetingsb. Trustees meeting schedule	
8.	TRUSTEES' COMMENTS & CONCERNS/READING FILE	[7:40 PM]
	 a. Board Member Comments b. Minutes from Other Boards, Commissions and Committees: Bike/Walk Advisory Committee 7/21/14 Tree Advisory Committee 7/22/14 Block Party Committee 7/28/14 C. Memo FYE 15 Tax Rates d. Letter from Essex Selectboard Chair to Governor Peter Shumlin e. VLCT Workshop on Vermont Public Records Act & Open Meeting Law 9/10/ f. VLCT Town Fair 10/9/14 	
9.	CONSENT AGENDA	[7:45 PM]
	a. Approve Minutes of Previous Meeting 7/22/14	
10.	ADJOURN	[7:50 PM]
	Meetings of the Trustees are accessible to people with disabilities. For information on acce	ess or this

agenda, call the Village Manager's office at 878-6944. Times on the agenda are approximate.

Check Register Report

				BL 8/12/14	Date: Time:	08/08/2014 3:20 pm
/illage of Es	sex Junction			BANK:	Page:	11
Check Number	Check Status Date	Void/Stop Date	Vendor Number	Vendor Name	Check Description	Amount
Checks						14 1
10049748	07/22/2014 Printed		1660	NORTHEAST DELTA DENTAL	INSURANCE PREMIUM-VARIOUS	2,222.52
10049749	07/22/2014 Printed		10644	DIRT TECH CO LLC	WOODS END CONSTRUC-CAP R	121,950.76
10049750	07/23/2014 Printed		0795	TOWN OF ESSEX	MGRS CONTRACT-ADMIN	4,666.25
10049751	07/24/2014 Printed		10481 J	TRUMBULL-NELSON CONST. CO.	WWTF REFURB-WWTF	194,355.12
10049752	07/28/2014 Printed		0965	GREEN MOUNTAIN POWER CORP.	ELECTRICITY - VARIOUS DEPT	4,430.62
10049753	07/31/2014 Printed		1817	POSTMASTER	MAIL WATER BILLS-WATER/SANI	992.80
10049754	07/31/2014 Printed		10664	ST. JAMES CHURCH	SUMMER LUNCH PGM-ADMIN	500.00
10049756	08/05/2014 Printed		10667	G & W RAILWAY	ENGINEERING MULTIUSE PATH- CAP	4,000.00
10049757	08/12/2014 Printed		10508	ADVANCED DISPOSAL	GRIT REMOVAL-WWTF	175.73
10049758	08/12/2014 Printed		00382	AMAZON.COM CREDIT	CIRCULATION MATERIALS-LIBRARY	228.09
10049759	08/12/2014 Printed		0173	BEARINGS SPECIALTY CO., INC.	BELTS HDWKS BLWR-WWTF	92.54
10049760	08/12/2014 Printed		9963	BENOURE PLUMBING & HEATING INC	PLUMBING REPAIR/PARTS-LIBRARY	282.87
10049761	08/12/2014 Printed		10225	BIBENS ACE HARDWARE		73.38
10049762	08/12/2014 Printed		0210	BLACKSTONE AUDIOBOOKS	CIRC MATERIALS-LIBRARY REPL	21.38
10049763	08/12/2014 Printed		10599	BLUETARP FINANCIAL #2	SUPPLIES-VARIOUS DEPT	131.75
10049764	08/12/2014 Printed		10249	BLUETARP FINANCIAL INC.	SUPPLIES-VARIOUS DEPT	302.44
10049766	08/12/2014 Printed		0268	BRODART CO.	CIRC MATERIALS-LIBRARY	1,663.05
10049767	08/12/2014 Printed		10577	BULLEX INC.	SERVICE CONTRACT -FIRE	545.00
10049768	08/12/2014 Printed		9743	CARQUEST AUTO PARTS	SUPPLIES-WATER/WWTF/STREE T	88.11
10049769	08/12/2014 Printed		9533	CCP INDUSTRIES	RAGS-WWTF	218.75
10049770	08/12/2014 Printed		0523	CCRPC	BIKE PEDESTRIAN PLAN-EC DEV	221.68
10049771	08/12/2014 Printed		0503	CHAMPLAIN OIL COMPANY, INC.	VEHICLE FUEL-VARIOUS	3,037.17
10049772	08/12/2014 Printed		0508	CHAMPLIN ASSOCIATES INC.	CONTROL REPAIRS-SANI	1,332.60
10049773	08/12/2014 Printed		10028	CHANNEL 17 - TOWN MEETING TV	SPT-ADM	3,000.00
10049774	08/12/2014 Printed		0525	CHITTENDEN SOLID WASTE DISTRIC	BIOSOLIDS-WWTF	14,603.89
10049775	08/12/2014 Printed		10614	CHOICE COBRA, LLC	ADMIN FEE-ADMIN	30.00
10049776	08/12/2014 Printed		10353	CIVES CORP	OIL LEAK REPAIR TRK#7-STREET	450.00
10049777	08/12/2014 Printed		2305	CLARK'S TRUCK CENTER	KME PUMPER REPAIR-FIRE	188.02
10049778	08/12/2014 Printed		9788	COMCAST	CABLE-STREET	64.59
10049779	08/12/2014 Printed		0560	COPY-SHIP-FAX-PLUS	SHIPPING CHARGES-FIRE/ADMIN	44.33
10049780	08/12/2014 Printed		10666	ERICC CRAM	PROGRAM-LIBRARY	123.72
10049781	08/12/2014 Printed		10382	CVC PAGING (CENTRAL VERMONT	REPLACEMENT PAGER-WWTF	157.95
10049782	08/12/2014 Printed		0631	DEMAG RIGGING & CRANE SEF	CRANE-WWTF	1,105.00
10049783 10049784	08/12/2014 Printed		0636 9766	DESORCIE EMERGENCY PRODUCTS		39.00
10049785	08/12/2014 Printed 08/12/2014 Printed		9766 10644	ALBERTA DEUTSCH DIRT TECH CO LLC	SUMMER PGM REIMB-LIBRARY WOODS END PROJ -CAP R	13.41 43,541.72
10049786	08/12/2014 Printed 08/12/2014 Printed		0644 0644	DUBOIS & KING INC.	ENGINEERNG CRES CONN -CAP R	13,030.60
10049787	08/12/2014 Printed		0700	EAST COAST PRINTERS	BLOCK PARTY SHIRTS-EC DEV	151.50
10049788	08/12/2014 Printed		10261	EASTERN INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION	FLANGE FOR PUSH MOWER-STREET	16.68
10049789	08/12/2014 Printed		0689	EDEATON	ENGINE #5 REPAIRS-FIRE	412.50
10049790	08/12/2014 Printed		0710	ENDYNE, INC.	WEEKLY TKN SAMPLES-WWTF	50.00
10049791	08/12/2014 Printed		0780	ESSEX EQUIPMENT SALES	CONC DRILL RENTAL-WWTF	54.88
10049792	08/12/2014 Printed		0770	ESSEX JUNCTION SCHOOL DISTRICT	TRANSFER IMPACT FEES	4,618.65
10049793	08/12/2014 Printed		0795	TOWN OF ESSEX	RECORDINGS-COM DEV	340.00
10049794	08/12/2014 Printed		10011	FAIR POINT COMMUNICATIONS,INC.	PHONE-FIRE	28.62
10049795	08/12/2014 Printed		1935	FERGUSON WATERWORKS #590	SUPPLIES-WWTF	1,114.05
10049796	08/12/2014 Printed		0807	FIREPROTEC	UNIVERSAL BRACKETS-FIRE	202.65
10049797	08/12/2014 Printed		0751	FISHER AUTO PARTS	SUPPLIES-WATER	2.44

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			BL 8/12/14				Date: Time:	08/08/2014 3:20 pm
Village of E	ssex Junctior	1			BANK:		Page:	2
Check Number	Check Date	Status	Void/Stop Date	Vendor Number	Vendor Name	Check Description		Amount

Checks					
10049798	08/12/2014 Printed	10226	G & K SERVICES	SHOP TOWELS-STREET	44.13
10049799	08/12/2014 Printed	0899	GAUTHIER TRUCKING CO., INC	RUBBISH REMOVAL-LH/STREET	150.00
10049800	08/12/2014 Printed	0902	GEOCORP, INC	FLOW CHART PENS-WWTF	306.17
10049801	08/12/2014 Printed	9726	GOT THAT RENTAL SALES, INC	SUPPLIES-STREET	64.98
10049802	08/12/2014 Printed	0943	MARY L. GRAF	BOOKS & PROGRAM SUPPLIES-LIBR	114.19
10049803	08/12/2014 Printed	24511	GRAINGER	CARPET RUNNERS/EQUIP-WW/FIRE	1,351.87
10049804	08/12/2014 Printed	09502	GRAYBAR COMPANY INC.	LAMPS-STREET	246.36
10049805	08/12/2014 Printed	10598	GREEN MOUNTAIN POWER CORP #2	ELECTRICITY-VARIOUS	1,334.62
10049807	08/12/2014 Printed	0965	GREEN MOUNTAIN POWER CORP.	ELECTRICITY-VARIOUS	17,007.04
10049808	08/12/2014 Printed	1010	HACH COMPANY	LAB SUPPLIES-WWTF	351.66
10049809	08/12/2014 Printed	1035	DONALD L. HAMLIN	ENGINEERING - VARIOUS	23,870.44
10049810	08/12/2014 Printed	1039	THE HARTIGAN COMPANY	BLK PARTY PORTOLETS-EC DEV	486.85
10049811	08/12/2014 Printed	10636	HEALTHEQUITY	ADMIN FEE FSA-ADMIN	3.45
10049812	08/12/2014 Printed	10473	INFOGROUP CITY DIRECTORIES	CIRCULATION MATERIALS-LIBRARY	280.00
10049813	08/12/2014 Printed	9625	INGRAM LIBRARY SERVICES	CIRCULATION MATERIALS-LIBRARY	38.88
10049814	08/12/2014 Printed	11631	INTEGRITY COMMUNICATIONS	SVC/TROUBLESHOOT-WWTF	256.75
10049815	08/12/2014 Printed	2041	S, D. IRELAND CONCRETE	CONCRETE-STREET	1,256.50
10049816	08/12/2014 Printed	1248	KITCHEN WORLD, INC	TABLE REFINISH/RECYCLING-WWTF	690.00
10049817	08/12/2014 Printed	10045	KME FIRE APPARATUS	TRANSDUCER-FIRE	150.49
10049818	08/12/2014 Printed	9608	TINA LOGAN	WORKSHOP-LIBRARY	300.00
10049819	08/12/2014 Printed	10130	LOWE'S BUSINESS ACCOUNT	SUPPLIES-VARIOUS	620.95
10049820	08/12/2014 Printed	13631	LYNN PUBLICATIONS	ADS-VARIOUS	1,497.62
10049821	08/12/2014 Printed	1460	MAPLEHURST FLORIST	GIFT CERTIFICATES-LIBRARY	50.00
10049822	08/12/2014 Printed	1483	MCMASTER-CARR SUPPLY COMPANY	HD HOSE-WWTF	261.33
10049823	08/12/2014 Printed	1497	METEVIER ELECTRIC MOTOR SVC	HURST PUMP/CAPACITOR-FIRE	99.90
10049824	08/12/2014 Printed	15 16	MILTON RENTAL & SALES INC	EXMARK BLADES-STREET	56.10
10049825	08/12/2014 Printed	10668	MISTRAS GROUP	AERIAL/LADDER INSPECT-FIRE	1,314.20
10049826	08/12/2014 Printed	1550	MUNICIPAL EMERGENCY SERVICES	SCBA SERVICE-FIRE	54.80
10049827	08/12/2014 Printed	10615	NATIONAL PEN COMPANY	FLASHLIGHT KEY CHAIN-FIRE	294.40
10049828	08/12/2014 Printed	10665	NATIVE ENERGY INC	GREEN TAG AGREEMENT-WWTF	4,000.00
10049829	08/12/2014 Printed	10269	NEW ENGLAND CENTRAL RR	ROW LEASE -SANI	1,097.54
10049830	08/12/2014 Printed	9233	NO STRINGS MARIONETTE CO	PERFORMANCE-LIBRARY	560.00
10049831	08/12/2014 Printed	1755	P & H SENESAC, INC.	DEWATERING POLYMER-WWTF	6,900.00
10049832	08/12/2014 Printed	1766	CHRISTINE L. PACKARD	PARTY SUPPLIES-ADMIN	382.18
10049833	08/12/2014 Printed	10059	ROBERT PIERCE	CELL PHONE-COM DEV	64.62
10049834	08/12/2014 Printed	1793	SUSAN PIERCE	ADULT PGM REIMB-LIBRARY	9.87
10049835	08/12/2014 Printed	1789	PIKE INDUSTRIES, INC.	ASPHALT-STREET	1,165.96
10049836	08/12/2014 Printed	10235	PRATT & SMITH INC	ELECTRICAL WORK-WWTF/SANITA	200.23
10049837	08/12/2014 Printed	1843	PROFESSIONAL WRITING SVC	S MINUTES-ADMIN	286.00
10049838	08/12/2014 Printed	1955	REYNOLDS & SON, INC.	EQUIP/UNIFORMS-FIRE	2,489.44
10049839	08/12/2014 Printed	2054	SEARS COMMERCIAL ONE	ELECTRONICS VAC-WWTF	124.96
10049840	08/12/2014 Printed	9924	SHEARER CHEVROLET	SHIFTER CABLE REPAIR-STREET	562.31
10049841	08/12/2014 Printed	20732	THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.	ACETONE-STREET	91.05
10049842	08/12/2014 Printed	21153	SOVERNET COMMUNICATIONS	PH/INTERNET-VARIOUS	171.86
10049844	08/12/2014 Printed	2124	STAPLES ADVANTAGE	SUPPLIES/FURNITURE-VARIOUS	2,350.80
10049845	08/12/2014 Printed	0545	THE TECH GROUP	COMPUTRS & SERVICES-WWTF/ADMIN	10,354.00
10049846	08/12/2014 Printed	9499	TENCO NEW ENGLAND, INC.	BELOS REPAIR-STREET	176.00
10049847	08/12/2014 Printed	10663	THERRIEN'S BOILER & MECHANICAL	BURNER SVC/REPAIR PARTS-WW	557.02
10049848	08/12/2014 Printed	2227	TI-SALES, INC.	WATER METERS-WATER/SANI	16,340.64
10049849	08/12/2014 Printed	2302	UPSTART	CIRC MATERIALS-LIBRARY	31.00
				FRIENDS	

Check Register Report

					BL 8/12/14		Date:	08/08/2014
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Village of Es	sex Junction			E	BANK:		Page:	3
Check Number	Check Date	Status	Void/Stop Date	Vendor Number	Vendor Name	Check Description		Amount
Checks								
10049850	08/12/2014	Printed		23415	VERIZON WIRELESS	CELL PH-VARIOUS		498.37
10049851	08/12/2014	Printed		10601	VERMONT GAS #2	HEAT-FIRE		51.42
10049853	08/12/2014	Printed		2366	VERMONT GAS SYSTEMS, IN	C. HEAT-VARIOUS		1,908.67
10049854	08/12/2014	Printed		10669	VERMONT HUMAN RESOURCES	MEETING REGIS-ADMIN		15.00
10049855	08/12/2014	Printed		1000206	VILLAGE OF ESSEX JCT.	WATER & SEWER- VARIOUS		897.98
10049856	08/12/2014	Printed		9968	VISION SERVICE PLAN-CONNECTICU	PREMIUM-VARIOUS		418.31
10049857	08/12/2014	Printed		2380	VLCT PACIF, INC.	REIMB FOR VLCT CK #375530		1,862.09
10049858	08/12/2014	Printed		9591	VRWA	LOW LIMIT TRAINNIG-WWTF		48.00
10049859	08/12/2014	Printed		0811	F.W. WEBB COMPANY	COUPLING-WWTF		115.70
10049860	08/12/2014	Printed		2510	FRANK WHITCOMB CONSTRUCTION	SHUR PAC-STREET		572.04
				Total Che	ecks: 108 (Checks Total (excluding void checks):	531,773.55
				Total Payme	ents: 108	Bank Total (excluding void checks):	531,773.55
				Total Payme	ents: 108	Grand Total (excluding void checks):	531,773.55

artha Dariadi. 7/1/0011 to 0/21/2011	Odelaal Dud	Amended Bud.	YTD Actual	CURR MTH	Encumb. YTD	UnencBal	% P.
For the Period: 7/1/2014 to 8/31/2014	Original Bud.	Amended Bud.	FTD Actual	CORKINII	Elicunid. TTD	Unencoal	70 Du
Revenues							
Dept: 000.000							
Acct Class: 4000 Revenue							
01.000 PROPERTY TAXES-CURRENT	3,011,526.00	3,011,526.00	203,543.64	203,543.64	0.00	2,807,982.36	6.
02.000 STATE FOR VT PILOT & CURRENT U	2,500.00	2,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,500.00	0.
03.000 PENALTIES/INTEREST DELINQ. TAX	8,000.00	8,000.00	382.95	188.25	0.00	7,617.05	4,
10.000 LICENSE AND ZONING FEE	35,000.00	35,000.00	14,405.00	12,320.00	0.00	20,595.00	41.
11.010 SERVICE FEE - WATER	106,840.00	106,840.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	106,840.00	0.
11.020 SERVICE FEE - WWTP	53,420.00	53,420.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	53,420.00	0.
11.030 SERVICE FEE - SANITATION	106,840.00	106,840.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	106,840.00	0.
20.010 STATE DISTRICT COURT FINES	2,000.00	2,000.00	18.50	18.50	0.00	1,981.50	0.
20.020 STATE HIGHWAY AID	100,000.00	100,000.00	33,551.94	0.00	0.00	66,448.06	33.
20.030 EJSD TAX COLLECTION FEES	48,000.00	48,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	48,000.00	0.
32.015 PARKING SPACE FEES	4,800.00	4,800.00	400.00	0.00	0.00	4,400.00	8.
32.020 LINCOLN HALL RENTALS	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.
32.030 MISCELLANEOUS FIRE RECEIPTS	10.00	10.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	0.
32.051 BLOCK PARTY CONTRIBUTIONS	1,500.00	1,500.00	350.00	0.00	0.00	1,150.00	23.
32.070 MISCELLANEOUS STREET RECEIPTS	3,000.00	3,000.00	1,053.40	100.00	0.00	1,946.60	35.
32.080 MISCELLANEOUS LIBRARY RECEIPTS	500.00	500.00	210.00	110.00	0.00	290.00	42.
34.010 ESSEX TOWN CONTRIB. TO LIBRARY	15,000.00	15,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15,000.00	0.
40.000 INTEREST EARNINGS	1,500.00	1,500.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	1,499.99	0.
45.000 MISC UNCLASSIFIED RECEIPTS	2,000.00	2,000.00	521.93	4.55	0.00	1,478.07	26
Revenue	3,502,437.00	3,502,437.00	254,437.37	216,284.94	0.00	3,247,999.63	7.
Acct Class: 4900 GRANTS & DONATIONS							
32.083 DONATIONS TO LIBRARY	0.00	0.00	3,000.00	0.00	0.00	-3,000.00	0
GRANTS & DONATIONS	0.00	0.00	3,000.00	0.00	0.00	-3,000.00	0
Acct Class: 5990 Non Operating Revenues			070.00	400.00	0.00	070.00	0
10.150 Adult Replacement Receipts	0.00	0.00	273.00	130.00	0.00	-273.00	
10.151 Juvenile Replacment Receipts	0.00	0.00	239.00	104.00	0.00	-239.00	0
Non Operating Revenues	0.00	0.00	512.00	234.00	0.00	-512.00	0
Dept: 000.000	3,502,437.00	3,502,437.00	257,949.37	216,518.94	0.00	3,244,487.63	7
Revenues	3,502,437.00	3,502,437.00	257,949.37	216,518.94	0.00	3,244,487.63	7
Expenditures							
Dept: 100.000 ADMINISTRATION							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses	0.55 0.70 0.0	055 070 00	00 000 10	4 000 40	0.00	226,617.58	
20.000 SALARIES REGULAR	255,978.00	255,978.00	29,360.42	4,893.40	0.00	51,328.75	
20.004 MANAGER CONTRACT	55,995.00	55,995.00	4,666.25	0.00 0.00	0.00	1,178.02	
20.010 SALARIES OVERTIME	1,500.00	1,500.00	321.98		0.00		
			764.36	294.88	0.00	14,292.64 18,836.80	
	15,057.00	15,057.00	0 070 00	000.00	0.00	18 8.10 80	
20.020 SALARIES PART TIME 20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY	21,109.00	21,109.00	2,272.20	382.92			
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE	21,109.00 1,067.00	21,109.00 1,067.00	10.40	4.01	0.00	1,056.60	
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00	10.40 139.75	4.01 24.27	0.00 0.00	1,056.60 907.25	1
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87	4.01 24.27 3.45	0.00 0.00 0.00	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13	1: 1: 1:
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS 20.030 RETIREMENT	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00 25,598.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00 25,598.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96	1: 1: 1: 1:
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS 20.030 RETIREMENT	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04 2,973.27	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96 3,244.73	1 1 1 4
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS 20.030 RETIREMENT 20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS.	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00 25,598.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96 3,244.73 2,960.25	1 1 1 4 4
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS 20.030 RETIREMENT 20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS. 20.034 PUBLIC OFFICIALS LIABILITY INS	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04 2,973.27 2,839.75 0.00	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96 3,244.73 2,960.25 1,600.00	1 1 1 4 4 4
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS 20.030 RETIREMENT 20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS. 20.034 PUBLIC OFFICIALS LIABILITY INS 20.035 HEALTH IMPROV PROGRAMS	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04 2,973.27 2,839.75	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96 3,244.73 2,960.25 1,600.00 2,500.00	1 1 1 4 4
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS 20.030 RETIREMENT 20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS. 20.034 PUBLIC OFFICIALS LIABILITY INS 20.035 HEALTH IMPROV PROGRAMS 20.050 BOARD MEMBER FEES	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04 2,973.27 2,839.75 0.00	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96 3,244.73 2,960.25 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,495.25	1 1 1 4 4
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS 20.030 RETIREMENT 20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS. 20.034 PUBLIC OFFICIALS LIABILITY INS 20.035 HEALTH IMPROV PROGRAMS 20.050 BOARD MEMBER FEES 23.000 SUPPLIES	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04 2,973.27 2,839.75 0.00 0.00	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96 3,244.73 2,960.25 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,495.25 3,671.95	1 1 1 4 4 4 1 1
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS 20.030 RETIREMENT 20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS. 20.034 PUBLIC OFFICIALS LIABILITY INS 20.035 HEALTH IMPROV PROGRAMS 20.050 BOARD MEMBER FEES 23.000 SUPPLIES 23.001 POSTAGE	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,700.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,700.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04 2,973.27 2,839.75 0.00 0.00 204.75	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96 3,244.73 2,960.25 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,495.25	i 1 i 1 i 4 i 4 i 1 i 1
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS 20.030 RETIREMENT 20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS. 20.034 PUBLIC OFFICIALS LIABILITY INS 20.035 HEALTH IMPROV PROGRAMS 20.050 BOARD MEMBER FEES 23.000 SUPPLIES 23.001 POSTAGE 23.055 COMPUTER EXPENSES	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,700.00 4,200.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,700.00 4,200.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04 2,973.27 2,839.75 0.00 0.00 204.75 528.05	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96 3,244.73 2,960.25 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,495.25 3,671.95	5 1 5 1 5 4 5 4 9 1 5 1
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS 20.030 RETIREMENT 20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS. 20.034 PUBLIC OFFICIALS LIABILITY INS 20.035 HEALTH IMPROV PROGRAMS 20.050 BOARD MEMBER FEES 23.000 SUPPLIES 23.001 POSTAGE 23.055 COMPUTER EXPENSES 24.000 TRAINING, CONFERENCES, DUES	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,700.00 4,200.00 16,937.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,700.00 4,200.00 16,937.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04 2,973.27 2,839.75 0.00 0.00 204.75 528.05 2,680.11	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96 3,244.73 2,960.25 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,495.25 3,671.95 14,256.89	5 1 5 1 5 4 5 1 5 1 5 1 1 0 1
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS 20.030 RETIREMENT 20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS. 20.034 PUBLIC OFFICIALS LIABILITY INS 20.035 HEALTH IMPROV PROGRAMS 20.050 BOARD MEMBER FEES 23.000 SUPPLIES 23.001 POSTAGE 23.055 COMPUTER EXPENSES 24.000 TRAINING, CONFERENCES, DUES 25.000 TELEPHONE SERVICES	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,700.00 4,200.00 16,937.00 10,384.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,700.00 4,200.00 16,937.00 10,384.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04 2,973.27 2,839.75 0.00 0.00 204.75 528.05 2,680.11 1,344.00	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96 3,244.73 2,960.25 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,495.25 3,671.95 14,256.89 9,040.00	i 1; i 1; i 4; i 4; i 1; i 1; i 1; i 1; i 1; i 1; i 1; i 1
 20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE 20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS 20.030 RETIREMENT 20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS. 20.034 PUBLIC OFFICIALS LIABILITY INS 20.035 HEALTH IMPROV PROGRAMS 20.050 BOARD MEMBER FEES 23.001 POSTAGE 23.055 COMPUTER EXPENSES 24.000 TRAINING, CONFERENCES, DUES 25.000 TELEPHONE SERVICES 25.025 COMMUNICATIONS 	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,700.00 4,200.00 16,937.00 10,384.00 2,600.00 13,806.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,700.00 4,200.00 16,937.00 10,384.00 2,600.00 13,806.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04 2,973.27 2,839.75 0.00 0.00 204.75 528.05 2,680.11 1,344.00 85.97	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96 3,244.73 2,960.25 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,495.25 3,671.95 14,256.89 9,040.00 2,514.03	11 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 15 14 15 14 15 14 15 15 12 12 13
	21,109.00 1,067.00 1,047.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,700.00 4,200.00 16,937.00 10,384.00 2,600.00	21,109.00 1,067.00 72,355.00 25,598.00 6,218.00 5,800.00 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,700.00 4,200.00 16,937.00 10,384.00 2,600.00	10.40 139.75 10,247.87 2,891.04 2,973.27 2,839.75 0.00 0.00 204.75 528.05 2,680.11 1,344.00 85.97 4,665.88	4.01 24.27 3.45 481.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15.00 0.00 0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	1,056.60 907.25 62,107.13 22,706.96 3,244.73 2,960.25 1,600.00 2,500.00 6,495.25 3,671.95 14,256.89 9,040.00 2,514.03 9,140.12	1 1 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 15 14 14 14 15 14 16 11 17 12 16 12 17 12 18 12 12 303 12 304 10 12

Village of Essex Junction							:35 am
For the Period: 7/1/2014 to 8/31/2014	Original Bud.	Amended Bud.	YTD Actual	CURR MTH	Encumb. YTD	UnencBal	% Buď
Fund: 100 - GENERAL FUND							
Expenditures Dept: 100.000 ADMINISTRATION							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses							
745.041 AUDIT	5,433.00	5,433.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5,433.00	0.0
745.050 PRINTING AND ADVERTISING	5,800.00	5,800.00	397.37	397.37	0.00	5,402.63	6.9
745.055 PAY & CLASSIFICATION STUDY	200.00	200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	200.00	0.0
745.057 ELECTIONS	1,600.00	1,600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,600.00	0.0
747.000 HOLIDAY EXPENSE	1,500.00	1,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	0.0
749.000 TRUSTEES EXPENDITURES	4,000.00	4,000.00	500,00	0.00	0.00	3,500.00	12.5 0.0
755.023 CAPITAL OUTLAY	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	0.0
Operating Expenses	561,784.00	561,784.00	67,666.88	6,497.14	0.00	494,117.12	12.0
ADMINISTRATION	561,784.00	561,784.00	67,666.88	6,497.14	0.00	494,117.12	12.0
Dept: 175.000 MISC TRANSFERS & EXPENDITUES							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses				0.00	0.00	400.004.00	0.0
750.021 ROLLING STOCK FUND CONTRIB	183,624.00	183,624.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	183,624.00	0.0
750.022 CAP RESRV FND CONT - BEG 1993	410,999.00	410,999.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	410,999.00	0.0
750.026 EMP TERM BENEFITS TRANSFER	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5,000.00	0.0
750.027 HALF PENNY FOR LDR TRUCK NOTE	50,000.00	50,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	50,000.00	0.0
Operating Expenses	649,623.00	649,623.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	649,623.00	0.0
MISC TRANSFERS & EXPENDITUES	649,623.00	649,623.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	649,623.00	0.0
Dept: 200.000 LINCOLN HALL							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses							
720,032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS.	5,658.00	5,658.00	2,279.67	0.00	0.00	3,378.33	40.3
723.000 SUPPLIES	2,500.00	2,500.00	418.77	-69.99	0.00	2,081.23	16.8
723.065 WATER AND SEWER CHARGE	1,500.00	1,500.00	136.04	0.00	0.00	1,363.96	9.1
726.000 ELECTRICAL SERVICE	7,500.00	7,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7,500.00	0.0
727.000 HEATING/NATURAL GAS	6,000.00	6,000.00	48.00	0.00	0.00	5,952.00	0.8
728.000 MAINT. BUILDINGS/GROUNDS	7,500.00	7,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7,500.00	0.0
745.005 RUBBISH REMOVAL	1,838.00	1,838.00	150.00	150.00	0.00	1,688.00	8.2
745.014 CONTRACT SERVICES	9,021.00	9,021.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9,021.00	0.0
755.023 CAPITAL OUTLAY	13,540.00	13,540.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13,540.00	0.0
Operating Expenses	55,057.00	55,057.00	3,032.48	80.01	0.00	52,024.52	5.5
LINCOLN HALL	55,057.00	55,057.00	3,032.48	80.01	0.00	52,024.52	5.5
Dept: 300.000 FIRE DEPARTMENT							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses	400.000.00	129 000 00	12 150 44	0.00	0.00	124,849.56	9.5
720.021 SALARIES - FIREFIGHTERS	138,000.00	138,000.00	13,150.44 1,005.97	0.00	0.00	9,584.03	9.5
720.022 SOCIAL SECURITY	10,590.00	10,590.00	2,416.56	0.00	0.00	24,917,44	8.8
720.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE	27,334.00	27,334.00 3,600.00	3,300.00	0.00	0.00	300.00	91.7
720.029 ACCIDENT & DISABILITY INS.	3,600.00	7,301.00	3,134.31	0.00	0.00	4,166.69	42.9
720.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS.	7,301.00		106.98	0.00	0.00	2,293.02	
723,000 SUPPLIES	2,400.00	2,400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	0.0
723.016 EMS SUPPLIES	1,500.00	1,500.00	537.10	0.00	0.00	6,662.90	7.5
723.020 GAS, GREASE AND OIL	7,200.00	7,200.00 900.00	91.72	0.00	0.00	808.28	10.2
723.065 WATER AND SEWER CHARGE	900.00			0.00	0.00	5,000.00	0.0
724.000 TRAINING, CONFERENCES, DUES	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00		0.00	3,378.85	
725.000 TELEPHONE SERVICES	3,800.00	3,800.00	421.15	0.00		6,557.19	
726.000 ELECTRICAL SERVICE	7,000.00	7,000.00	442.81	0.00	0.00		
727.000 HEATING/NATURAL GAS	5,200.00	5,200.00	33.74	0.00	0.00	5,166.26	
728.000 MAINT. BUILDINGS/GROUNDS	6,000.00	6,000.00	113.90	0.00	0.00	5,886.10	
728.010 RADIO MAINTENANCE	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	
728.020 MAINTENANCE OTHER	13,000.00	13,000.00	602.80	0.00	0.00	12,397.20	
728.030 VEHICLE MAINTENANCE-TRAVEL	9,000.00	9,000.00	2,494.30	0.00	0.00	6,505.70	
728.038 EMERGENCY GENERATOR MAINT	650.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	650.00	
729.000 UNIFORMS,BOOTS,ETC	19,200.00	19,200.00	2,489.44	0.00	0.00	16,710.56	
729.052 FIRE PREVENTION	2,000.00		294.40	0.00	0.00	1,705.60	
743.051 PHYSICAL EXAMS	7,000.00	7,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7,000.00	0.0

	Bill List 08	8/12/14					age: 3 1/2014
Village of Essex Junction							:35 am
For the Period: 7/1/2014 to 8/31/2014	Original Bud.	Amended Bud.	YTD Actual	CURR MTH	Encumb. YTD	UnencBal 9	% Bud
Fund: 100 - GENERAL FUND							
Expenditures							
Dept: 300.000 FIRE DEPARTMENT							
Acct Class; 7000 Operating Expenses 743.058 EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM	900.00	900.00	216.00	0.00	0.00	684.00	24.0
755.022 NEW EQUIPMENT-RADIOS	4,000.00	4,000.00	750.00	0.00	0.00	3,250.00	18.8
755.025 ROUTINE EQUIPMENT PURCHASES	14,500.00	14,500.00	202.65	0.00	0.00	14,297.35	1.4
				10	141		
Operating Expenses	298,075.00	298,075.00	31,804.27	0.00	0.00	266,270.73	10.7
FIRE DEPARTMENT	298,075.00	298,075.00	31,804.27	0.00	0.00	266,270.73	10.7
Dept: 450.000 DEBT SERVICE							
Acct Class: 7150 DEBT SERVICE		00.040.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	C0 C10 00	0.0
710.075 CAPITAL IMP - INTEREST	68,612.00	68,612,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	68,612.00	0.0
DEBT SERVICE	68,612.00	68,612.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	68,612.00	0.0
DEBT SERVICE	68,612.00	68,612.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	68,612.00	0.0
Dept: 500.000 SENIOR SUPPORT							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses							
725.000 TELEPHONE SERVICES	460.00	460.00	12.75	0.00	0.00	447.25	2.8
745.014 CONTRACT SERVICES	7,500.00	7,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7,500.00	0.0
Operating Expenses	7,960.00	7,960.00	12.75	0.00	0.00	7,947.25	0.2
SENIOR SUPPORT	7,960.00	7,960.00	12.75	0.00	0.00	7,947.25	0.2
Dept: 700.000 STREET DEPARTMENT	.,						
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses							
720.000 SALARIES REGULAR	205,654.00	205,654.00	19,026.33	3,181.60	0.00	186,627.67	9.3
720.010 SALARIES OVERTIME	15,000.00	15,000.00	1,103.16	263.58	0.00	13,896.84	7.4
720.020 SALARIES PART TIME	11,907.00	11,907.00	1,882.76	280.00	0.00	10,024.24	15.8
720.022 SOCIAL SECURITY	17,819.00	17,819.00	1,605.26	272.28	0.00	16,213.74	9.0
720.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE	1,169.00	1,169.00	34.05	3.81	0.00	1,134.95	2.9
720.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE	13,970.00	13,970.00	1,267.74	204.57	0.00	12,702.26	9.1
720.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS	76,515.00	76,515.00	7,960.90	0.00	0.00	68,554.10	10.4
720.030 RETIREMENT	20,565.00	20,565.00	1,921.93	307.85	0.00	18,643.07	9.3
720.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS.	15,104.00	15,104.00	6,410.24	0.00	0.00	8,693.76	42.4
723.000 SUPPLIES	20,000.00	20,000.00	297.58	0.00	0.00	19,702.42	1.5
723.010 WINTER MAINTENANCE	75,000.00		96.88	0.00	0.00 0.00	74,903.12 13,473.09	0.1 10.2
723.012 PAVEMENT MAINTENANCE	15,000.00		1,526.91 572.04	0.00 0.00	0.00	3,427.96	14.3
723.014 GRAVEL, TOPSOIL	4,000.00	4,000.00 4,000.00	572.04 0.00	0.00	0.00	4,000.00	0.0
723.015 SIGNS AND POSTS	4,000.00 26,000.00		1,851.70	0.00	0.00	24,148.30	7.1
723.020 GAS,GREASE AND OIL 723.065 WATER AND SEWER CHARGE	2,500.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	2,500.00	0.0
	2,500.00		199.00	0.00	0.00	301.00	39.8
724.000 TRAINING, CONFERENCES, DUES 725.000 TELEPHONE SERVICES	2,000.00		149.98	0.00	0.00	1,850.02	7.5
726.000 ELECTRICAL SERVICE	4,000.00		59.35	0.00	0.00	3,940.65	1.5
726.035 STREET LIGHTS	127,000.00		1,883.31	0.00	0.00	125,116.69	1.5
726.037 TRAFFIC LIGHTS	6,000.00		255.90	0.00	0.00	5,744.10	4.3
727.000 HEATING/NATURAL GAS	4,000.00		25.46	0.00	0.00	3,974.54	0.6
728,000 MAINT. BUILDINGS/GROUNDS	2,500.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	2,500.00	0.0
728.010 RADIO MAINTENANCE	200.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	200.00	0.0
728.020 MAINTENANCE OTHER	1,000.00	1,000.00	301.23	0.00	0.00	698.77	30.1
728.030 VEHICLE MAINTENANCE-TRAVEL	20,000.00		1,188.31	0.00	0.00	18,811.69	5.9
728.033 STREETSCAPE MAINT./IMP	16,000.00	16,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16,000.00	
728.036 VILLAGE GARDEN SPOTS	3,000.00	3,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,000.00	
728.037 TRAFFIC/STREET LIGHT MAINT.	8,000.00		221.70	0.00	0.00	7,778.30	
728.041 MEMORIAL PARK	3,000.00		131.61	0.00		2,868.39	
728.043 STREET MARKINGS	7,000.00		1,584.14	0.00		5,415.86	
729.000 UNIFORMS, BOOTS, ETC	4,500.00		603.85	0.00		3,896.15	
745.005 RUBBISH REMOVAL	6,200.00		0.00	0.00		6,200.00	
745.014 CONTRACT SERVICES	0.00		1,200.00	0.00		-1,200.00	
745 020 COLUDMENT DENITAL O	1 000 00	1 000 00	66.00	0.00	0.00	934.00	6.6

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745.030 EQUIPMENT RENTALS

Page: 3

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REVENUE/EXPENDITURE REPORT Bill Li

List 08/	12/14	

Village of Essex Junction							1/2014 :35 am
For the Period: 7/1/2014 to 8/31/2014	Original Bud.	Amended Bud.	YTD Actual	CURR MTH	Encumb. YTD	UnencBal	% Bud
Fund: 100 - GENERAL FUND							
Expenditures							
Dept: 700.000 STREET DEPARTMENT Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses							
745.044 ENGINEERING SERVICES	15,000.00	15,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15,000.00	0.0
755.011 TRAFFIC CALMING	1,500.00	1,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	0.0
755.023 CAPITAL OUTLAY	3,500.00	3,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,500.00	0.0
760.032 SIDEWALK AND CURB MAINTENANCE	3,000.00	3,000.00	1,596.50	0.00	0.00	1,403.50	53.2
760.033 STORM SEWER MAINTENANCE	9,000.00	9,000.00	99.15	0.00	0.00	8,900.85	1.1
760.034 STORM SEWER PERMIT FEES	3,000.00	3,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,000.00	0.0
760.035 STORM SEWER PUBLIC EDUCATION	9,500.00	9,500.00	6,800.00	0.00	0.00	2,700.00	71.6
760.036 STREAM FLOW MONITORING	30,000.00	30,000.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	30,000.00	0.0
Operating Expenses	814,603.00	814,603.00	61,922.97	4,513.69	0.00	752,680.03	7.6
STREET DEPARTMENT	814,603.00	814,603.00	61,922.97	4,513.69	0.00	752,680.03	7.6
Dept: 800.000 BROWNELL LIBRARY							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses							
720.000 SALARIES REGULAR	315,379.00	315,379.00	36,112.63	6,055.34	0.00	279,266.37	11.5
720.020 SALARIES PART TIME	89,219.00	89,219.00	9,521.15	1,315.93	0.00	79,697.85	10.7
720.022 SOCIAL SECURITY	31,089.00	31,089.00	3,360.79	539.00	0.00	27,728.21	10.8
720.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE	2,390.00	2,390.00	129.47	17.90	0.00	2,260.53	5.4
720.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE	1,567.00	1,567.00	208.91	34.49	0.00	1,358.09	13.3
720.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS	103,020.00	103,020.00	15,038.77	0.00	0.00	87,981.23	14.6
720.030 RETIREMENT	31,537.00	31,537.00	3,507.72	586.48	0.00	28,029.28	1 1.1
720.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS.	10,481.00	10,481.00	4,774.12	0.00	0.00	5,706.88	45.6
723.000 SUPPLIES	13,000.00	13,000.00	501.85	0.00	0.00	12,498.15	3.9
723.001 POSTAGE	3,500.00	3,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,500.00	0.0
723.055 COMPUTER EXPENSES	3,500.00	3,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,500.00	0.0
723.065 WATER AND SEWER CHARGE	1,000.00	1,000.00	112.87	0.00	0.00	887.13	11.3
724.000 TRAINING, CONFERENCES, DUES	4,000.00	4,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,000.00	0.0
725.000 TELEPHONE SERVICES	1,100.00	1,100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,100.00	0.0
725.030 TECHNOLOGY ACCESS	5,500.00	5,500.00	3,163.38	0.00	0.00	2,336.62	57.5
726.000 ELECTRICAL SERVICE	14,500.00	14,500.00	558.75	0.00	0.00	13,941.25	3.9
727.000 HEATING/NATURAL GAS	7,400.00	7,400.00	30.84	0.00	0.00	7,369.16	0.4
728.000 MAINT. BUILDINGS/GROUNDS	14,500.00	14,500.00	1,084.49	282.87	0.00	13,415.51	7.5
728.050 ALARM SYSTEM MAINTENANCE	500.00	500.00	221.25	0.00	0.00	278.75	44.3
735.000 INTERVIEW COSTS	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	0.0
745.014 CONTRACT SERVICES	23,225.00	23,225.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	23,225.00	0.0
745.021 ADULT PROGRAMS	300.00	300.00	9.87	9.87	0.00	290.13	3.3
745.022 CHILDRENS PROGRAMS	3,000.00	3,000.00	1,424.70	0.00	0.00	1,575.30	47.5
755.014 COMPUTER REPLACEMENT	8,000.00	8,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8,000.00	0.0
755.020 ADULT COLLECTION-PRINT & ELECT	31,000.00	31,000.00	1,562.48	0.00	0.00	29,437.52	5.0
755.021 JUVEN COLLECTION-PRNT & ELECTR	15,500.00	15,500.00	644.95	0.00	0.00	14,855.05	4.2
Operating Expenses	736,207.00	736,207.00	81,968.99	8,841.88	0.00	654,238.01	11.1
BROWNELL LIBRARY	736,207.00	736,207.00	81,968.99	8,841.88	0.00	654,238.01	11.1
Dept: 900.000 COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPT							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses							
720.000 SALARIES REGULAR	129,612.00	129,612.00	14,604.17	2,474.81	0.00	115,007.83	11.3
720.010 SALARIES OVERTIME	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	0.0
720.022 SOCIAL SECURITY	10,390.00	10,390.00	1,099.30	183.80	0.00	9,290.70	10.6
720.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE	432.00	432.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	432.00	0.0
720.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE	504.00	504.00	119.22	11.58	0.00	384.78	23.7
720.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS	36,177.00	36,177.00	4,929.35	0.00	0.00	31,247.65	13.6
720.030 RETIREMENT	12,961.00	12,961.00	1,460.42	247.48	0.00	11,500.58	11.3
720.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS.	2,232.00	2,232.00	1,083.04	0.00	0.00	1,148.96	48.5
720.034 PUBLIC OFFICIALS LIABILITY INS	5,800.00	5,800.00	2,839.75	0.00	0.00	2,960.25	49.0
720.050 BOARD MEMBER FEES	3,600.00	3,600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,600.00	0.0
723.000 SUPPLIES	2,800.00	2,800.00	182.16	0.00	0.00	2,617.84	6.5
723.001 POSTAGE	1,120.00	1,120.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,120.00	0.0
723.055 COMPUTER EXPENSES	4,000.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	4,000.00	0.0
724.000 TRAINING, CONFERENCES, DUES	4,500.00	4,500.00	95.00	0.00	0.00	4,405.00	2.1
124.000 HAMMING, COM ENERGED, BOED	1,000.00	.,	50,00				

	REVENUE/EXPEND Bill List 08					Р	age: 5
Village of Essex Junction						8/1	1/2014 :35 am
For the Period: 7/1/2014 to 8/31/2014	Original Bud.	Amended Bud.	YTD Actual	CURR MTH	Encumb. YTD	UnencBal	% Bud
Fund: 100 - GENERAL FUND							
Dept: 900.000 COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPT Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses							
725.000 TELEPHONE SERVICES	1,550.00	1,550.00	139.63	0.00	0.00	1,410.37	9.0
725.025 COMMUNICATIONS	2,500.00	2,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,500.00	0.0
728.030 VEHICLE MAINTENANCE-TRAVEL	3,500.00	3,500.00	200.00	0.00	0.00	3,300.00	5.7
745.031 LEGAL SERVICES	14,000.00	14,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14,000.00	0.0
745.039 OTHER PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	4,000.00	4,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,000.00	0.0
745.059 OTHER PROPESSIONAL SERVICES 745.050 PRINTING AND ADVERTISING	5,000.00	5,000.00	80.75	80.75	0.00	4,919.25	1.6
	2,500.00	2,500.00	340.00	150.00	0.00	2,160.00	13.6
745.051 RECORDING FEES	1,500.00	1,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	0.0
755.023 CAPITAL OUTLAY	1,500.00	1,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	0.0
Operating Expenses	250,678.00	250,678.00	27,172.79	3,148.42	0.00	223,505.21	10.8
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPT	250,678.00	250,678.00	27,172.79	3,148.42	0.00	223,505.21	10.8
Dept: 910.000 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses							
720.000 SALARIES REGULAR	36,604.00	36,604.00	4,046.41	674.40	0.00	32,557.59	11.1
720.022 SOCIAL SECURITY	2,823.00	2,823.00	292.32	48.72	0.00	2,530.68	10.4
720.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE	216.00	216.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	216.00	0.0
720.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE	141.00	141.00	18.43	3.16	0.00	122.57	13.
720.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS	18,089.00	18,089.00	2,464.68	0.00	0.00	15,624.32	13.
720.030 RETIREMENT	3,660.00	3,660.00	404.64	67.44	0.00	3,255.36	11.
720.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS.	105.00	105.00	93.41	0.00	0.00	11.59	89.
745.025 BLOCK PARTY EXPENSE	7,000.00	7,000.00	6,097.22	0.00	0.00	902.78	87.
745.040 COMMUNITY EVENTS & PROGRAMS	6,000.00	6,000.00	707,74	0.00	0.00	5,292.26	11.
745.054 ANNUAL SUPPORT OF ORGNIZATIONS	9,200.00	9,200.00	7,078.78	0.00	0.00	2,121.22	76.
748.000 NEW PROGRAMS	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	0.0
748.010 MATCHING GRANT FUNDS	9,000.00	9,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9,000.00	0.0
	94,838.00	94,838.00	21,203.63	793.72	0.00	73,634.37	22.4
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	94,838.00	94,838.00	21,203.63	793.72	0.00	73,634.37	22.4
Dept: 920.000 GRANT & OTH UNANTC. EXPENDITUR							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses 755.020 ADULT COLLECTION-PRINT & ELECT	0.00	0.00	29.38	0.00	0.00	-29.38	0.
755.021 JUVEN COLLECTION-PRNT & ELECTR	0.00	0.00	43.02	0.00	0.00	-43.02	0.
759.011 LIBRARY DONATION EXPENDITURES	0.00	0.00	800.79	0.00	0.00	-800.79	0.
	22						_
Operating Expenses	0.00	0.00	873.19	0.00	0.00	-873.19	0.
GRANT & OTH UNANTC. EXPENDITUR	0.00	0.00	873.19	0.00	0.00	-873.19	0.
Expenditures	3,537,437.00	3,537,437.00	295,657.95	23,874.86	0.00	3,241,779.05	8.4
	05 000 00	05 000 00	07 700 50	100 011 00	0.00	0 700 50	107.
Net Effect for GENERAL FUND	-35,000.00	-35,000.00	-37,708.58 -37,708.58	192,644.08	0.00	2,708.58	107.
Change in Fund Balance: Fund: 152 - GEN FUND ROLLING STOCK RESERVE			-07,700.00				
Expenditures							
Dept: 000.000 Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses							
710.030 FIRE TRUCK LOAN PRINCIPAL	0.00	0.00	50,000.00	0.00	0.00	-50,000.00	0
720.040 INTEREST EXPENSE	0.00	0.00	3,031.67	0.00	0.00	-3,031.67	0
				_			_
Operating Expenses	0.00	0.00	53,031.67	0.00	0.00	-53,031.67	0.
Dept: 000.000	0.00	0.00	53,031.67	0.00	0.00	-53,031.67	0.

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Expenditures

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For the Period: 7/1/2014 to 8/31/2014	Original Bud.	Amended Bud.	YTD Actual	CURR MTH	Encumb. YTD	UnencBal	% B
Net Effect for GEN FUND ROLLING STOCK RESERVE Change in Fund Balance: Fund: 200 - GEN FUND CAPITAL RESERVE FUND	0.00	0.00	-53,031.67 -53,031.67	0.00	0.00	53,031.67	C
Revenues							
Dept: 000.000 Acct Class: 4000 Revenue							
41.034 CRES CNCTR GRANT STP 5300(13)	0.00	0.00	13,604.66	0.00	0.00	-13,604.66	C
Revenue	0.00	0.00	13,604.66	0.00	0.00	-13,604.66	C
Dept: 000.000	0.00	0.00	13,604.66	0.00	0.00	-13,604.66	(
Revenues	0.00	0.00	13,604.66	0.00	0.00	-13,604.66	C
Expenditures Dept: 000.000							
Acct Class: 8000 Capital Projects							
50.155 MULTI-USE PATH NORTH	0.00	0.00	4,000.00	4,000.00	0.00	-4,000.00	
50.160 PEARL ST. LINKING SIDEWALK	0.00	0.00	229.50	229.50	0.00	-229.50	
20.169 CRESCENT CONNECTOR	0.00	0.00	1,650.43	0.00	0.00	-1,650.43	
50.177 WOODS END RECONSTRUTION (14)	0.00	0.00	130,662.88	8,712.12	0.00	-130,662.88	
Capital Projects	0.00	0.00	136,542.81	12,941.62	0.00	-136,542.81	
Dept: 000.000	0.00	0.00	136,542.81	12,941.62	0.00	-136,542.81	
xpenditures	0.00	0.00	136,542.81	12,941.62	0.00	-136,542.81	
Net Effect for GEN FUND CAPITAL RESERVE FUND Change in Fund Balance: Fund: 230 - WATER FUND	0.00	0.00	-122,938.15 -122,938.15	-12,941.62	0.00	122,938.15	
Revenues							
Dept: 000.000							
Acct Class: 4000 Revenue	0.00	0.00	548.10	0.00	0.00	-548.10	
45.000 MISC UNCLASSIFIED RECEIPTS 65.010 SALE OF WATER-RESIDENTIAL	826,553.00	826,553.00	105,895.90	-192.00	0.00	720,657.10	
65.020 WATER SALES - LARGE USERS	96.243.00	96,243.00	7.749.72	7,761.02	0.00	88,493.28	
65.040 WATER BILLING PENALTIES	3,500.00	3,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,500.00	
165.045 WATER RECONNECT FEES	0.00	0.00	137.50	0.00	0.00	-137.50	
65.050 MISCELLANEOUS WATER RECEIPTS	15,000.00	15,000.00	3,796.78	3,100.00	0.00	11,203.22	
Revenue	941,296.00	941,296.00	118,128.00	10,669.02	0,00	823,168.00)
Acct Class: 4650 IBM Water Pass Thru Rev	0.000.000.00	0.000.000.00	055 057 04	100 004 40	0.00	1,875,222.06	6
65.015 SALE OF WATER-IBM 65.017 SALE OF WATER - IBM VT TAX	2,230,880.00 51,275.00	2,230,880.00 51,275.00	355,657.94 8,318.66	183,294.10 4,206.28	0.00 0.00	42,956.34	
IBM Water Pass Thru Rev	2,282,155.00	2,282,155.00	363,976.60	187,500.38	0.00	1,918,178.40)
Dept: 000.000	3,223,451.00	3,223,451.00	482,104.60	198,169.40	0.00	2,741,346.40)
levenues	3,223,451.00	3,223,451.00	482,104.60	198,169.40	0.00	2,741,346.40)
av non diturco							
Expenditures Dept: 650.000 WATER DEPARTMENT							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses							
20.000 SALARIES REGULAR	107,890.00	107,890.00	10,279.37	1,739.84	0.00	97,610.63	
20.010 SALARIES OVERTIME	14,000.00	14,000.00	1,020.25	75.00	0.00	12,979.75	
20.020 SALARIES PART TIME	8,798.00	8,798.00	741.49	140.00	0.00	8,056.51	
720.022 SOCIAL SECURITY	9,447.00	9,447.00	885.64	143.04	0.00	8,561.36	
720.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE	616.00	616.00	10.09	1.91	0.00	605.91	
	P 033 00	C 077 00	045 04	405 40	0.00	1 604 40	9
720.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE 720.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS	5,277.00 41,604.00	5,277.00 41,604.00	645.81 5,668.73	105.40 0.00	0.00 0.00	4,631.19 35,935.27	

Page: 6 8/11/2014 10:35 am

artha Dariady 7/1/2014 to 2/24/2014	Original Bud.	Amended Bud.	YTD Actual	CURR MTH	Encumb. YTD	UnencBal	% Ruc
or the Period: 7/1/2014 to 8/31/2014	Original Bud.	Amended Bud.	TD Actual	CURRINIA	Encurio, TTD	Unencoal	70 Duc
xpenditures							
Dept: 650.000 WATER DEPARTMENT							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses				170.44	0.00	0 770 70	
20.030 RETIREMENT	10,789.00	10,789.00	1,016.21	179.14 0.00	0.00 0.00	9,772.79 1,864.64	9.4 45.2
20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS.	3,402.00	3,402.00 50.00	1,537.36 0.00	0.00	0.00	50.00	40.2
20.040 INTEREST EXPENSE	50.00 5,000.00	5,000.00	383.77	0.00	0.00	4.616.23	7.7
23.000 SUPPLIES 23.001 POSTAGE	1,500.00	1,500.00	330.93	0.00	0.00	1,169.07	22.1
23.020 GAS,GREASE AND OIL	2,000.00	2,000.00	202.29	0.00	0.00	1,797.71	10.1
23.041 METERS AND PARTS	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,000.00	0.0
23.042 DISTRIBUTION MATERIALS	5,700.00	5,700.00	445.01	0.00	0.00	5,254.99	7.8
23.055 COMPUTER EXPENSES	1,200.00	1,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,200.00	
23.065 WATER AND SEWER CHARGE	350.00	350.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	350.00	
24.000 TRAINING, CONFERENCES, DUES	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	
25.000 TELEPHONE SERVICES	0.00	0.00	89.59	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	-89.59 683.50	
26.000 ELECTRICAL SERVICE	700.00	700.00	16.50 24.11	0.00	0.00	3,475.89	
27.000 HEATING/NATURAL GAS	3,500.00 1,000.00	3,500.00 1,000.00	9.99	0.00	0.00	990.01	1.0
'28.020 MAINTENANCE OTHER '28.034 WATER LINES MAINT-BREAKS	16,000.00	16,000.00	9.99 0.00	0.00	0.00	16,000.00	
20.004 WATER LINES MAINT-BREARS	1,000.00	1,000.00	55.00	0.00	0.00	945.00	
45.014 CONTRACT SERVICES	106,840.00	106,840.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	106,840.00	0.0
745.039 OTHER PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,000.00	0.0
745.041 AUDIT	3,500.00	3,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,500.00	
45.042 CWD WATER PURCHASE	451,212.00	451,212.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	451,212.00	
45.050 PRINTING AND ADVERTISING	1,700.00	1,700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,700.00	
750.020 TRANS TO CAPITAL RESERVE	120,000.00	120,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	120,000.00	
755.023 CAPITAL OUTLAY	3,850.00	3,850.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,850.00	
770.510 STATE WATER TAX	10,371.00	10,371.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10,371.00	0.
Operating Expenses	941,296.00	941,296.00	23,362.14	2,384.33	0.00	917,933.86	2.
Acct Class: 7800 IBM Water Costs	0.000.000.00	0 000 000 00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,230,880.00	0.
745.043 CWD Water Purchase - IBM	2,230,880.00	2,230,880.00 51,275.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	51,275.00	
770.511 State Water Tax - IBM	51,275.00	51,275.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	01,270.00	
IBM Water Costs	2,282,155.00	2,282,155.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,282,155.00	0.
Acct Class: 8000 Capital Projects 750.211 METER REPLACEMENT PROGRAM	0.00	0.00	5,446.88	0.00	0.00	-5,446.88	3 0.
	0.00	0.00	5,446.88	0.00	0.00	-5,446.88	3 0.
WATER DEPARTMENT	3,223,451.00	3,223,451.00	28,809.02	2,384.33	0.00	3,194,641.98	30.
Expenditures	3,223,451.00	3,223,451.00	28,809.02	2,384.33	0.00	3,194,641.98	3 0.
Net Effect for WATER FUND	0.00	0.00	453,295.58	195,785.07	0.00	-453,295.58	3 0
Change in Fund Balance:			453,295.58				
Fund: 400 - SANITATION FUND							
Revenues							
Dept: 000.000							
Acct Class: 4000 Revenue 432.040 MISCELLANEOUS SEWER RECEIPTS	20,000.00	20,000.00	31,998.22	32,000.00	0.00	-11,998.22	2 160
442.000 ESSEX PUMP STATION FEES	22,075.00	22,075.00	5,966.29	5,966.29	0.00	16,108.71	1 27
442.010 2 PARY AGREEMNT REV	15,000.00	15,000.00	3,750.00	3,750.00	0.00	11,250.00	
500.000 ANNUAL CUSTOMER CHARGE	403,915.00	403,915.00	99,662.95	-66.56	0.00	304,252.05	
500.001 ANNUAL CUSTOMER CHARGE - PEN	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	0 0
	462,990.00	462,990.00	141,377.46	41,649.73	0.00	321,612.54	4 30
Revenue							
Revenue Acct Class: 5990 Non Operating Revenues 430.012 WWTF CAPACITY SALE REVENUE	0.00	0.00	100,000.00	0.00	0.00	-100,000.00	0 0

or the Period: 7/1/2014 to 8/31/2014	Original Bud.	Amended Bud.	YTD Actual	CURR MTH	Encumb. YTD	UnencBal	% Bud
Fund: 400 - SANITATION FUND							
evenues							
Dept: 000.000	462,990.00	462,990.00	241,377.46	41,649.73	0.00	221,612.54	52.1
evenues	462,990.00	462,990.00	241,377.46	41,649.73	0.00	221,612.54	52.1
xpenditures							
Dept: 400.000 SANITATION DEPARTMENT							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses	00.400.00	90 100 00	7,697.84	1,304.32	0.00	72,492.16	9.6
	80,190.00 8,000.00	80,190.00 8,000.00	1,209.78	75.00	0.00	6,790.22	15.1
20.010 SALARIES OVERTIME 20.020 SALARIES PART TIME	12,683.00	12,683.00	757.49	140.00	0.00	11,925.51	6.0
20.020 SALARIES PART TIME 20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY	7,839.00	7,839.00	708.84	111.31	0.00	7,130.16	9.0
20.022 SOCIAL SECONT P 20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE	668.00	668.00	73.89	10.33	0.00	594.11	11.1
20.024 UNEMPLOTMENT INSURANCE	4,177.00	4,177.00	416.07	68.61	0.00	3,760.93	10.0
20.028 WORKERS COMPINSORANCE 20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS	41,604.00	41,604.00	5,668.70	0.00	0.00	35,935.30	13.6
20.020 RETIREMENT	8,019.00	8,019.00	830.42	135.59	0.00	7,188.58	10.4
20.030 RETIREMENT 20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS.	6,800.00	6,800.00	2,880.62	0.00	0.00	3,919.38	42.4
23.000 SUPPLIES	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,000.00	0.0
23.000 SOFFLIES 23.001 POSTAGE	3,000.00	3,000.00	661.87	0.00	0.00	2,338.13	22.1
	3,000.00	3,000.00	120.76	0.00	0.00	2,879.24	4.(
23.020 GAS,GREASE AND OIL 23.041 METERS AND PARTS	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	0.0
23.055 COMPUTER EXPENSES	2,800.00	2,800.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,800.00	0.0
23.065 WATER AND SEWER CHARGE	1,500.00	1,500.00	70.55	0.00	0.00	1,429.45	4.7
24.000 TRAINING, CONFERENCES, DUES	500.00	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	0.0
24.000 TRAINING, CONFERENCES, DUES	8,500.00	8,500.00	429.53	0.00	0.00	8,070.47	5.1
	1,800.00	1,800.00	26.14	0.00	0.00	1,773.86	1.
27.000 HEATING/NATURAL GAS	1,500.00	1,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	0.0
28.020 MAINTENANCE OTHER	4,000.00	4,000.00	1,332.60	0.00	0.00	2,667.40	33.3
	10,000.00	10,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10,000.00	0.0
28.060 SANITATION LINES MAINTENANCE	7,000.00	7,000.00	404.89	0.00	0.00	6,595.11	5.8
28.063 SUSIE WILSON PS COSTS 28.064 WEST ST PS COSTS	10,000.00	10,000.00	319.24	0.00	0.00	9,680.76	3.2
	1,000.00	1,000.00	165.00	0.00	0.00	835.00	16.
29.000 UNIFORMS,BOOTS,ETC	137,140.00	137,140.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	137,140.00	0.0
45.014 CONTRACT SERVICES	8,400.00	8,400.00	4,996.13	0.00	0.00	3,403.87	59.
45.015 RIGHT OF WAY AGREEMENTS	1,500.00	1,500.00	4,550.15	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	0.0
45.017 SANIT. LINE BACK-UP CLEANING		1,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,000.00	0,0
45.039 OTHER PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	1,000.00 1,700.00	1,700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,700.00	0,0
		85,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	85,000.00	0.0
'50.020 TRANS TO CAPITAL RESERVE '55.023 CAPITAL OUTLAY	85,000.00 670.00	670.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	670.00	0.0
Operating Expenses	462,990.00	462,990.00	28,770.36	1,845.16	0.00	434,219.64	6.:
Acct Class: 8000 Capital Projects							
50.211 METER REPLACEMENT PROGRAM	0.00	0.00	10,893.76	0.00	0.00	-10,893.76	0.0
Capital Projects	0.00	0.00	10,893.76	0.00	0.00	-10,893.76	0.
SANITATION DEPARTMENT	462,990.00	462,990.00	39,664.12	1,845.16	0.00	423,325.88	8.
xpenditures	462,990.00	462,990.00	39,664.12	1,845.16	0.00	423,325.88	8.
Net Effect for SANITATION FUND	0.00	0.00	201,713.34	39,804.57	0.00	-201,713.34	0.
Change in Fund Balance: Fund: 600 - WASTEWATER FUND			201,713.34				
Revenues Dept: 000.000							
Acct Class: 4000 Revenue							
45.000 MISC UNCLASSIFIED RECEIPTS	0.00	0.00	-2.60	0.00	0.00	2.60	
60.011 VILLAGE USER PENALTIES	3,000.00	3,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,000.00	
160.012 VILLAGE USER CHARGE	711,876.00	711,876.00	115,752.49	-124.16	0.00	596,123.51	16.
460.013 WASTEWATER CHARGE - ESSEX	465,440.00	465,440.00	74,973.81	0.00	0.00	390,466.19	
		569,380.00	47,338.33	0.00	0.00	522,041.67	8.

Page: 9
8/11/2014
10.35 am

Village of Essex Junction							11/2014 0:35 am
For the Period: 7/1/2014 to 8/31/2014	Original Bud.	Amended Bud.	YTD Actual	CURR MTH	Encumb. YTD	UnencBal	% Bud
Fund: 600 - WASTEWATER FUND							
Revenues							
Dept: 000.000							
Acct Class: 4000 Revenue	00 000 00	00 000 00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.200.00	0.0
	30,300.00	30,300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30,300.00	0.0
460.025 VILL, SEPTAGE DISCHARGE INCOME	12,000.00	12,000.00	1,868.37	0.00	0.00	10,131.63	15.6
460.026 SHARED SEPTAGE REVENUES	6,000.00	6,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6,000.00	0.0
460.027 VILLAGE LEACHATE REVENUES	0.00	0.00	71.30	0.00	0.00	-71.30	0.0
Revenue	1,797,996.00	1,797,996.00	240,001.70	-124.16	0.00	1,557,994.30	13.3
Dept: 000.000	1,797,996.00	1,797,996.00	240,001.70	-124.16	0.00	1,557,994.30	13.3
Revenues	1,797,996.00	1,797,996.00	240,001.70	-124.16	0.00	1,557,994.30	13.3
Expenditures							
Dept: 600.000 WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT							
Acct Class: 7000 Operating Expenses	000 100 00	000 400 00	00.070.00	F 000 07	0.00	074 504 04	44.0
20.000 SALARIES REGULAR	308,467.00	308,467.00	33,872.99	5,699.04	0.00	274,594.01	11.0
20.010 SALARIES OVERTIME	45,000.00	45,000.00	3,732.87	664.61	0.00	41,267.13	8.3
20.020 SALARIES PART TIME	15,000.00	15,000.00	2,502.87	559.01	0.00	12,497.13	16.7
20.022 SOCIAL SECURITY	28,612.00	28,612.00	2,977.07	514.36	0.00	25,634.93	10.4
20.024 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE	1,535.00	1,535.00	34.04	7.60	0.00	1,500.96	
20.026 WORKERS COMP INSURANCE	16,530.00	16,530.00	1,471.66	293.79	0.00	15,058.34	8.9
20.028 HEALTH INS & OTHER BENEFITS	107,085.00	107,085.00	12,742.36	0.00	0.00	94,342.64	11.9
20.030 RETIREMENT	30,847.00	30,847.00	3,385.70	569.90	0.00	27,461.30	
20.032 LIABILITY & PROPERTY INS.	25,000.00	25,000.00	10,547.45	0.00	0.00	14,452.55	
20.040 INTEREST EXPENSE	500.00	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	
23.000 SUPPLIES	9,000.00	9,000.00	1,401.80	0.00	0.00	7,598.20	
23.005 SUPPLIES - LABORATORY	10,000.00	10,000.00	1,478.44	0.00	0.00	8,521.56	
23.013 CHEMICALS	195,000.00	195,000.00	7,459.50	0.00	0.00	187,540.50	
23.020 GAS,GREASE AND OIL	6,000.00	6,000.00	325.32	0.00	0.00	5,674.68	
23.065 WATER AND SEWER CHARGE	7,000.00	7,000.00	486.80	0.00	0.00	6,513.20	
24.000 TRAINING, CONFERENCES, DUES	6,500.00	6,500.00	60.00	0.00	0.00	6,440.00	0.9
25.000 TELEPHONE SERVICES	4,500.00	4,500.00	396.27	0.00	0.00	4,103.73	8.
26.000 ELECTRICAL SERVICE	200,000.00	200,000.00	9,596.18	0.00	0.00	190,403.82	4.8
27.000 HEATING/NATURAL GAS	20,000.00	20,000.00	1,032.88	0.00	0.00	18,967.12	5.2
28.020 MAINTENANCE OTHER	70,000.00	70,000.00	5,774.71	45.49	0.00	64,225.29	8.2
28.030 VEHICLE MAINTENANCE-TRAVEL	2,500.00	2,500.00	4,78	0.00	0.00	2,495.22	0.2
29.000 UNIFORMS,BOOTS,ETC	4,000.00	4,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,000.00	0.0
45.000 CONTRACT LABORATORY SERVICE	7,000.00	7,000.00	75.00	0.00	0.00	6,925.00	1.1
45.014 CONTRACT SERVICES	53,420.00	53,420.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	53,420.00	0.0
45.031 LEGAL SERVICES	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,000.00	0.0
45.033 GRIT DISPOSAL	10,000.00	10,000.00	190.73	0.00	0.00	9,809.27	1.9
45.034 SLUDGE DEWATERING	150,000.00	150,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	150,000.00	0.0
45.035 SLUDGE MANAGEMENT	178,000.00	178,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	178,000.00	
745.039 OTHER PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	4,000.00	4,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,000.00	
745.041 AUDIT	4,000.00	4,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,000.00	
745.052 WWTF ANNUAL PERMIT FEE	7,500.00	7,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7,500.00	
750.020 TRANS TO CAPITAL RESERVE	260,000.00	260,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	260,000.00	
755.023 CAPITAL OUTLAY	10,000.00	10,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10,000.00	
Operating Expenses	1,797,996.00	1,797,996.00	99,549.42	8,353.80	0.00	1,698,446.58	5.5
Acct Class: 8000 Capital Projects							
750.625 WWTF REFURBISH (11)	0.00	0.00	1,969.92	0.00	0.00	-1, 9 69.92	0.
750.630 NETWORKING & SOFTWARE	0.00	0.00	9,690.00	0.00	0.00	-9,690.00	
750.632 CO-GEN	0.00	0.00	5,105.00	0.00	0.00	-5,105.00	
250.637 UTILITY VEHICLE	0.00	0.00	15,184.08	0.00	0.00	-15,184.08	
	0.00	0.00	31,949.00	0.00	0.00	-31,949.00	0.0
MARTENATED TOCATMENT DI ANT	1 707 006 00	1,797,996.00	131,498.42	8,353.80	0.00	1,666,497.58	7.3
WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT	1,797,996.00	1,797,990.00	IJ1,490.4Z	0,303.00	0.00	1,000,497.00	1.

Village of Essex Junction		Bill List 08					8/12	ge: 10 1/2014 35 am
For the Period: 7/1/2014 to 8/31/2014 Fund: 600 - WASTEWATER FUND		Original Bud.	Amended Bud.	YTD Actual	CURR MTH	Encumb. YTD	UnencBal ^o	% Bud
Expenditures		1,797,996.00	1,797,996.00	131,498.42	8,353.80	0.00	1,666,497.58	7.3
Net Effect for WASTEWATER FUND Change in Fund Balance:		0.00	0.00	108,503.28 108,503.28	-8,477.96	0.00	-108,503.28	0.0
	Grand Total Net Effect:	-35,000.00	-35,000.00	549,833.80	406,814.14	0.00	-584,833.80	

New Business a.

August 8, 2014

Patrick Scheidel Village Manager Village of Essex Junction 2 Lincoln Street Essex Junction, VT 05452-3154

RECEIVED

AUG 0 8 2014

Village of Essex Junction

Green Meadows, LLC 38 Thasha Lane

Dear Patrick:

I am hand delivering a check today in the amount of \$38,855 payable to the Village of Essex Junction to demolish five existing buildings and construct 30 units. This fee is being paid in protest as we have appealed the sewer service fee. It is my understanding that the Village Trustees will meet on August 12 to address our appeal.

Sincerely,

Bradd Rubman

Patty Benoit

2014 Dreft Comprehensive Plan

Subject:

FW: note one change to wording between Trustees and PC

From: Robin Pierce
Sent: Monday, August 11, 2014 9:49 AM
To: Regina Mahony; Terry Hass
Cc: Darby Mayville
Subject: note one change to wording between Trustees and PC

8. OTHER PLANNING COMMISSION ITEMS

Comprehensive Plan Amendments from Village Trustees

The Planning Commission reviewed proposed changes to the comprehensive plan forwarded by the Trustees. The following comments were made:

- Diane Clemens mentioned there are inconsistencies, errors and omissions in the draft document. For example, Heart & Soul and ECOS goals are not included in some sections of the plan, specifically Open Space. Ms. Clemens said she emailed her notations to staff.
- The Planning Commission had concern about the wording suggested by the Trustees relative to building height in Section 9.4.11 (Village Center Land Use) in that the wording could have adverse impact on potential development in the village center with high land prices and developers not being able to build a substantial enough building to recoup investment. There was agreement projects should be judged on their merit and the village should try to avoid granting waivers. The Planning Commission concurred the second sentence in the Intent section of 9.4.11 should read: "It is not anticipated any building greater than four stories in height would be built in the Village Center."
- Nick Meyer noted the building proposal for 4 Pearl Street was a lightning rod of sorts for some village residents, and comments were received from other village residents besides adjacent neighbors to the building about the height of the building.
- It was mentioned that there has not been development in the village center as is proposed for 4 Pearl Street in the past 20 years.
- Robin Pierce suggested going forward master plans for the village center show open spaces and linkages to open spaces.
- It was noted language about having a representative from the village on the Champlain Water District board was eliminated from the comprehensive plan because there can only be one representative from the Essex community (village and town).

"appropriate" to "built" in highlighted sentence.

Update Draft 312(b)

622 regular one-half shift. Employees may combine their two fifteen-minute rest periods 623 garned during their regular work day, but may not exchange them for their 30 minute meal 624 period provided for 312(b). Should the employee be required to work any additional two 625 hours beyond the regular work period, they shall be entitled to an additional 15-minute 626 rest period. 627 (b) All employees shall be granted a 30-minute meal period during each work shift. 628 Whenever possible, the meal period shall be scheduled at the middle of the shift. 629 Employees required by their supervisor to remain on the job site during the meal period 631 (c) Employees work conditions require it shall be granted a fifteen minute personal 642 orean-up period immediately prior to the end of each work shift. 643 313.1 In accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), hourly employees will be paid overtime (time and one half) for hours worked over 40 in one week. All requests for overtime pay must be approved by the Supervisor. (See Appendix I of these Regulations for a list of hourly. Non-Exempt 'NE', positions.) 641 313.1 Durdy employees required to work on Sundays and Holidays shall be paid double time. Holiday are the day of the Holiday and the days observed by the Village, the length of the day is 12 AM through 11:59 PM. Personal holidays are not considered holiday for this purprose. 643	621	(a) All employees' work schedules shall provide for a fifteen- minute rest period each
earned during their regular work day, but may not exchange them for their 30 minute meal period provided for 312(b). Should the employee be required to work any additional two hours beyond the regular work period, they shall be entitled to an additional 15-minute rest rest (b) All employees shall be granted a 30-minute meal period during each work shift. Whenever possible, the meal period shall be scheduled at the middle of the shift. Employees required by their supervisor to remain on the job site during the meal period shall be paid for such period. (c) Employees whose work conditions require it shall be granted a fifteen minute personal clean-up period immediately prior to the end of each work shift. 313. OVERTIME 313. OVERTIME 313. Undry employees required to work now worked over 40 in one week. All requests for overtime pay must be approved by the Supervisor. (See Appendix I of these Regulations for a list of hourly. Non-Exempt "NE", positions.) 313.2 Hourly employees required to work no Sundays and Holidays shall be paid dubus priod exertime. and considered holidays are the day of the Holiday and the days observed by the Will age, the length of the day is 12 AM through 11:59 PM. Personal holidays and not considered holiday for this purpose. and thourly employe		
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625 hours beyond the regular work period, they shall be entitled to an additional 15-minute 626 (b) All employees shall be granted a 30-minute meal period during each work shift. 627 (c) All employees shall be granted a 30-minute meal period during each work shift. 628 Employees required by their supervisor to remain on the job site during the meal period 631 C) Employees whose work conditions require it shall be granted a fifteen minute personal 632 clean-up period immediately prior to the end of each work shift. 633 313. OVERTIME 634 313. OVERTIME 635 313. 2 Hourly employees required to work on Sundards Act (FLSA) , hourly employees will 636 be paid overtime pay must be approved by the Supervisor. (See Appendix L of 637 these Regulations for a list of hourly. Non-Exempt "NE", positions.) 638 313.2 Hourly employees required to work on Sundays and Holidays shall be paid 640 will be paid overtime. 641 313.3 Hourly employees required to work on Sundays and Holidays shall be paid 642 double time. Holiday are the day of the Holiday and the days observed by the 643 Village, the length of the day is 12 AM through 11:59 PM. Personal holidays and holidays are not 644 considered holiday for this purpo		
626 rest period. 627 (b) All employees shall be granted a 30-minute meal period during each work shift. 628 Whenever possible, the meal period shall be scheduled at the middle of the shift. 629 Employees required by their supervisor to remain on the job site during the meal period shall be granted a fifteen minute personal clean-up period immediately prior to the end of each work shift. 631 (c) Employees whose work conditions require it shall be granted a fifteen minute personal clean-up period immediately prior to the end of each work shift. 633 313.1 In accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), hourly employees will be paid overtime (time and one half) for hours worked over 40 in one week. All requests for overtime pay must be approved by the Supervisor. (See Appendix I of these Regulations for a list of hourly. Non-Exempt 'NE', positions.) 633 133.2 Hourly employees required to work on Sundays and Holidays shall be paid double time. Holidays are the day of the Holiday and the days observed by the Wilage, the length of the day is 12 AM through 11:59 PM. Personal holidays are not considered holiday for this purpose. 643 313.4 Hourly employees may elect to accrue compensatory time in lieu of cash holidays which will be double time). The total amount of accrued compensatory time shall not exceed 200 hours. 644 Sills of each hour overtime worked (except for hours worked on Sundays and holidays which will be double time). The total amount of accrued compensatory time shall not exceed 200 hours. 655 313.4 Hourly employees are		
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669		
670 315. SENIORITY		315. SENIORITY

VILLAGE OF ESSEX JUNCTION TRUSTEES MEETINGS/PUBLIC HEARINGS AUGUST 12 AND AUGUST 26, 2014 6:30 PM

The Essex Junction Board of Trustees will hold public hearings on August 12 and August 26, 2014 at 6:30 p.m. in the meeting room at the Essex Junction Municipal Building, 2 Lincoln Street on the draft 2014 Comprehensive Plan prepared by the Planning Commission.

The comprehensive plan is a five year land use plan for the entire geographic area of the Village of Essex Junction. It is an official public document adopted by the local government as a policy to guide decisions about the physical development or redevelopment of the village. The plan contains the following chapters:

Chapter 1: General Planning Background

Chapter 2: Community Vision and Strategies for Essex Junction: 2014-2019

Chapter 3: History with an Eye Toward the Future

Chapter 4: Comprehensive Plan Elements

Chapter 5: Implementation

Appendices:

- A: Historic Resources
- B: Underground Storage Tanks in Essex Jct.
- C: Maps

Copies of the draft 2014 Comprehensive Plan are available at the Village office at 2 Lincoln Street as well as online at www.essexjunction.org. Please contact the Village Manager's office at 878-6944 with any questions. To: Planning Commission

From: Robin Pierce, Community Development Director

Rjo

Date: August 7, 2014

Re: Changes of Draft 2014 Comprehensive Plan

The Village of Essex Junction Trustees reviewed the Draft Comprehensive Plan at the July 22, 2014 meeting and made the following edits:

Chapter III: History with an Eye Toward the Future Page 7

Prior to development of specific recommendations for the future, it is important to examine the trends of the past. This Chapter reviews the historic development patterns within the Village and identifies review recent current statistical trends. Historic development patterns and current trends largely dictate future growth patterns.

2. Agriculture & Community Forestry Page 20

 The thriving Five Corners Farmers' Market - the Market is open on Friday afternoon/evenings from June through October, and occasionally in the winter. Twenty-three Thirty-five vendors participated in the 2013 market;

3. Business/Economic Development Page 27

3.6 IBM Present uncertainties regarding the growth of IBM's local site require intensification of such efforts. The results of this planning should be included in the next update of the Village's Plan and the County's Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy, with involvement of Essex Junction.

<u>3.8</u> Business/Economic Development Goals Page 28 Objective 1.5 Develop a plan for diversifying the IBM property.

4. Open Space – Recreation & Natural Resources Page 32

4.1 Local Parks, Schools and Recreational Facilities

The Recreation Advisory Council is beginning discussions this year about future space needs. In addition, the Summit Street Natural Playground Group is working to change the traditional playground into a "natural playground" as a community resource.

6. Utilities/Facilities Page 50

6.7 Brownell Library The Brownell Library building was built in 1926. A historical assessment will be undertaken to determine needed repairs and a plan for implementing those repairs. Both the assessment and the plan for repairs will take into consideration the necessity of avoiding jeopardizing the historical nature of the building. The Brownell Library has developed a Strategic Plan for 2014-2019.

6.12 Utilities/Facilities Goals Page 53

Renumber Objective 1.11 to 1.9

Objection 1.8 Consider leasing on a more permanent basis basic sewer capacity in excess of potential Development in the Village. (Keep in)

Objective 1.9 Actively participate in the Champlain Water District operations and planning process. Objective 1.10 Obtain voting membership in the Champlain Water District.

Objective 1.9: Implement stormwater discharge standards to be included in the Land Development Code revisions.

Objective 5.5 Historic assessment of the Brownell Library structure will be done in the next five years.

8. Transportation

8.2 Sidewalks/Bike Paths Page 63

The Bike-Walk Advisory Committee is also in the process of working on a bike-walk master plan which will help prepare for future facilities. The Bike-Walk Advisory Committee has adopted the following vision statement: "Essex Junction strives to be recognized as a friendly village of connected neighborhoods and destinations in which convenient and safe bicycle and pedestrian facilities are integrated into a seamless and accessible year-round transportation system. This system will promote the enjoyment and health of all citizens, a more vibrant local economy, and a cleaner environment."

8.6 <u>Transportation Goals</u> Page 66

Objective 1.4: Reduce idling at the Five Corners by closing off considering pedestrianization of a short section of Main Street to create a crossroads intersection.

9. Land Use

9.4.11 VILLAGE CENTER Page 80

Intent: To provide a compact commercial center with a mix of commercial and residential uses which is compatible with existing architectural and design standards. It is not anticipated any building greater than four stories in height would be appropriate in the Village Center.

Chapter VI <u>Implementation</u> Page 87, text on land acquisition fund to remain in the Plan.

Land Acquisition Fund: The Village has a land acquisition fund. The fund was set up to purchase village properties for public use or economic development.

Map 5

Revise map to add gas and electric utility lines to Draft Map 5.

Objective 4.3: Establish a process for the Village Tree Advisory Committee to work with the Planning Commission to review and provide advice on development projects that include tree planting in public spaces.	P&Z	Midterm	N/A				C	5		2	4		
Business/Economic Development						1							
Goal 1: Assist and work with existing and new business development in Essex Junction.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1					1				
Objective 1.1: Maintain a favorable business climate in Essex Junction.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	Economic Development	1	3				0				
Objective 1.2: Encourage the development of a diverse array of residential units in the Village Center and Pearl St. Districts.	AD, P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A	1			0	5	1	0			
Objective1.3: Consider performing market studies to attract businesses	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	Economic Development	1					0				
Objective 1.4: Work with officials at IBM, and other IBM campus businesses to meet their future development needs.	AD	Ongoing	N/A	1					0				
Objective 1.5: Develop a plan for diversifying the IBM property	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1					0				
Objective 1.6: Encourage opportunities for bandwidth improvements.	AD, P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A	1					0	2			
Objective 1.7: Encourage entrepreneurs and start-ups	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	Economic Development	1					1				
Objective 1.8: Help identify underutilized structures in the Village and assist in matching the landowners with business prospects.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	Economic Development	1				5	0	2			
Goal 2: Increase the Village's relationship with the local business community.	AD	Ongoing	N/A	1	3				0				
Objective 2.1: Look for strategic opportunities to work with business and property owners on economic development.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1					0				
Objective 2.2: Work closely with regional business organizations	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1					0				
Objective 2.3: Encourage Village membership on key local and regional committees involved with business expansion and economic development.	AD	Ongoing	N/A	1					0				

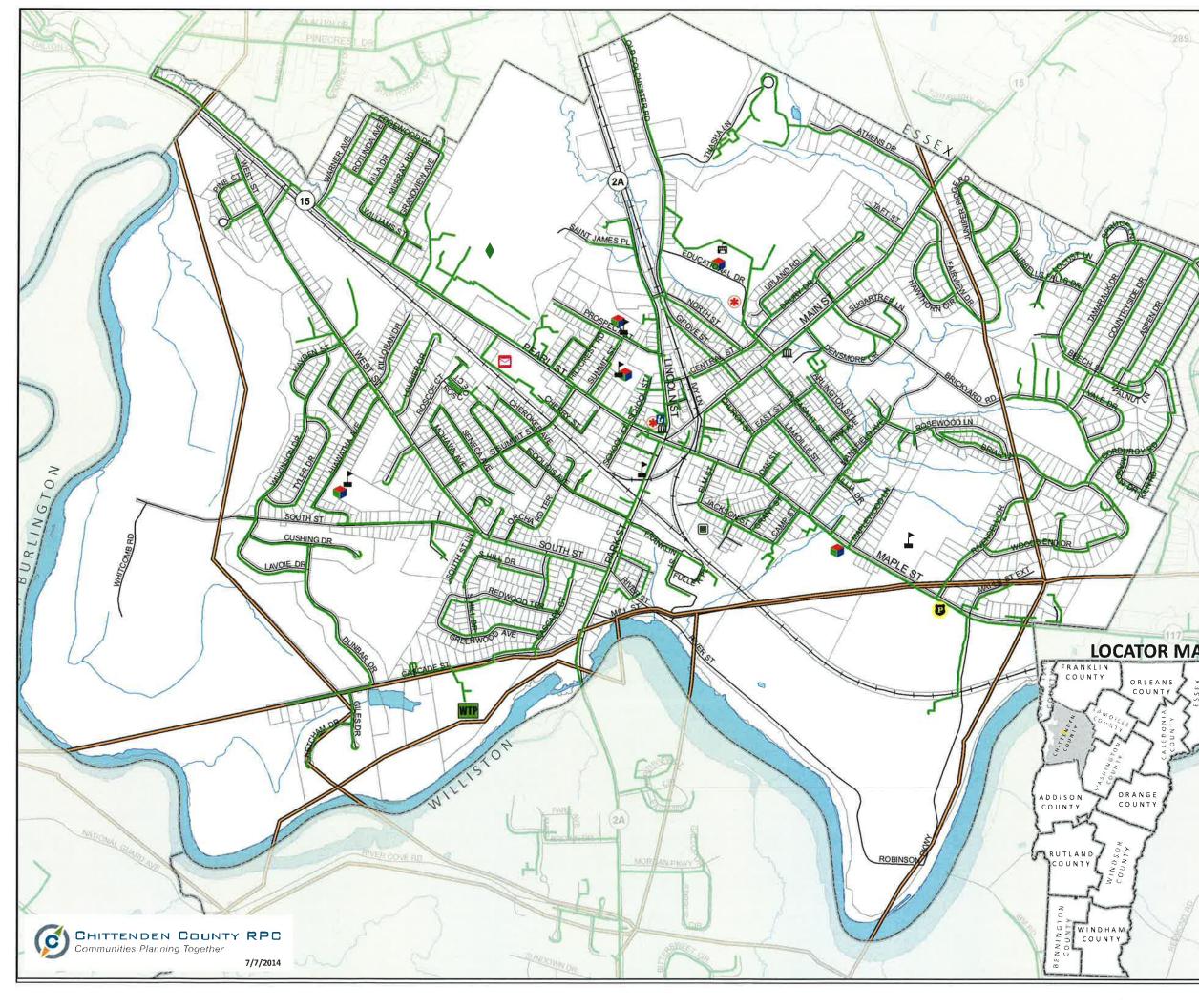
Departments: AD - Administration; PZ Planning Zoning; CL - Clerk; PW - Public Works; WQ - Water Quality; LB - Library; FN - Finance; RC - Recreation; SC - Schools; ALL - All Departments Table 14: Implementation Schedule

Objective 1.5: Maintain infrastructure for maximum life/use	PW, WQ	Ongoing	Wastewater and Water revenue funds, Capital Budget			5	2				
Objective 1.6: Ensure new development has adequate services	P&Z, PW, WQ	Ongoing	N/A	1		5	2				
Objective 1.7: Continue to identify infrastructure deficiencies and upgrade as appropriate	PW, WQ	Ongoing	Wastewater and Water revenue funds, Capital Budget			5	2				
Objective 1.8: Consider leasing WW capacity on permanent basis	AD	Ongoing	N/A			5	0			0	
Objective 1.9: Actively participate in the Champlain Water District operations and planning process	PW, WQ	Ongoing	N/A			\$	9				
Objective 1.10: Obtain voting membership in the Champlain Water District	AD, PW, WQ	Ongoing	N/A			\$	9				
Objective 1.9: Implement stormwater management regulations	P&Z, WQ, PW	Short Term	N/A			5	2	8			
Goal 2: To participate in Public Service board hearings and to encourage the continued provision of a high quality of public utility services to the Village.						5	2				
Objective 2.1: Encourage utility companies to provide high quality services to new developments	PW, WQ, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A			5	2				
Objective 2.2: Require public utilities companies to maintain corridors	PW, WQ	Ongoing	N/A			 5	2				
Goal 3: To provide the community with the best possible sidewalks for the purpose of pedestrian travel at the most reasonable cost.					2	5	2				
Objective 3.1: Prioritize sidewalk upgrades	PW	Ongoing	Capital Budget, Public Works Operating Budget		2	5	2				
Objective 3.2: Continue to maintain assessments and inventory on all sidewalks	PW	Midterm	Public Works Operating Budget, Municipal Planning Grant		2	5	2				

Departments: AD - Administration; PZ Planning Zoning; CL - Clerk; PW - Public Works; WQ - Water Quality; LB - Library; FN - Finance; RC - Recreation; SC - Schools; ALL - All Departments Table 14: Implementation Schedule

Goal 4: To continue to provide all Village segments with the best fire protection.									6			6			Γ
Objective 4.1: Actively recruit firefighters, and consider the need for a new fire station to assist in recruitment and retention efforts.	FD	Ongoing	Fire Department Budget						6			9			
Objective 4.2: Consider a limited full time fire department	AD, PD	Ongoing	General Fund						6			6			
Objective 4.3: Consider life safety/building codes	AD, FD, PW, P&Z	Midterm	Building Code permit fees		2				6		2	6			8
Goal 5: To provide a high level of Library Services to Village residents for their enjoyment and information, with particular emphasis on education, community connections, health and recreation, and the local economy.				1	2	3	4			0		6	6		8
Objective 5.1: Create opportunities for lifelong learning and exploration	LB	Ongoing	Library Budget				4						6		
Objective 5.2: Nurture community spirit in a safe, collaborative and comfortable space.	LB	Ongoing	N/A			3									8
Objective 5.3: Support healthy minds and bodies and stimulate imagination.	LB	Ongoing	N/A		2							6			
Objective 5.4: Support efforts to improve economic vitality	LB	Ongoing	Library Budget	1						0					
Objective 5.5: Historic assessment of Brownell Library structure will be done in the next five years	LB	Ongoing	Library Budget			3			6		2				
Goal 6: Maintain public buildings and municipal functions in/near village center, encourage new public buildings in village center	AD, P&Z, LB, SD	Ongoing	N/A	1				5			2			0	
Goal 7: To continue to provide the Village with the best police protection.									6			6			1
Objective 7.1. Decrease the amount of time vacancies remain open.	AD	Ongoing	N/A			3			6			6		101	
Objective 7.2. Increased staffing to address the crime rate and the increase in traffic.	AD	Ongoing	General Fund						6			6			
Objective 7.3. Greater community participation in crime prevention efforts.	AD	Ongoing	N/A						6			6			8

Goal 2: Work with housing organizations to jointly create affordable housing and senior housing.	P&Z, AD	Ongoing	Planning Budget			5		2	1			
Goal 3: Continue to provide areas for special needs housing	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A			5		2		6		8
Goal 4: Encourage property owners to retain the historic integrity of buildings	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A			5		2				
Transportation										1	1	
Goal 1: To support the completion of the Circumferential Highway.					3	5		2				
Objective 1.1: Provide alternate routes for non- destination traffic	AD, PW, P&Z	Ongoing	State Funding, Capital Budget			5	1.	2				1.1
Objective 1.2: Do not support capacity increases on state highways in the Village that involve additional vehicle lanes	AD, PW, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	2		5		2				
Objective 1.3: Emphasize local access, public transit, bicycle facilities, pedestrian safety and access, and aesthetics in future streetscape projects	AD, PW, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A			5	6	2				
Objective 1.4: Reduce idling at the Five Corners by considering pedestrianization of a short section of Main Street to create a crossroads intersection	AD, PW, P&Z	Long Term	State Funding, Capital Budget			5		2				
Objective 1.5: Redirect Route 15 to Susie Wilson Road and Route 289 to reduce non- destination traffic in the Village.	AD, PW, P&Z	Long Term	State Funding, Capital Budget			5	6	2				
Goal 2: Monitor, evaluate and implement traffic management practices	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A			5		2				
Objective 2.1: Monitor annual traffic counts and accident data	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A			5		2				
Objective 2.2: Review all development proposals to minimize traffic and pedestrian safety concerns	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A			5	6	2				
Objective 2.3: Reduce the size and number of non-conforming curb cuts during development review	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A			5	6	2				
Objective 2.4: Encourage the use of shared parking lots and joint access	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A			5		2				



DRAFT Map 5: Community Facilities Essex Junction 2014 Village Plan

-	1:15,000	
Y	血	Municipal Office S
07	۲	Fire/Rescue
H	P	Police Department
11		Post Office
	ن ا	Library
	٠	Fairgrounds
		Public Works
Charles and the	WYP	Wastewater Treatment Plant
		Elementary/Middle School
-	Ŕ	High School
	•	Childcare
	\sim	Vermont Gas Line
		Electric Transmission Line
A	\sim	Road Centerline
AP	\wedge	Railroad
< X	~~~	Stream Centerline
COUNTY	S	Water Body
2		2013 Tax Parcel Boundary
	0	0.25 0.5 Mile
	Road Centerline - e91 Railroad - VTrans, 200 Surface Water - VHD,	3

Map created by P. Brangan using ArcGIS. All data is in State Plane Coordinate System, NAD 1983.

Disclaimer:

The accuracy of information presented is determined by its sources. Errors and omissions may exist. The Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission is not responsible for these. Questions of on-the-ground location can be resolved by site inspections and/or surveys by registered surveyor. This map is not sufficient for delineation of features on-the-ground. This map identifies the presence of features, and may indicate relationships between features, but is not a replacement for surveyed information or engineering studies.

Occument Path: D:\Projects14\EssexJun\VillagePlanCommFacilities20140707.mxd

Planning Commission Reporting Form for Municipal Plan Amendments

This report is in accordance with 24 V.S.A.§4384(c) which states:

"When considering an amendment to a plan, the planning commission shall prepare a written report on the proposal. The report shall address the extent to which the plan, as amended, is consistent with the goals established in §4302 of this title.

Summary of the proposed 2014 Comprehensive Plan changes:

The entire Comprehensive Plan was updated. The Plan does not include any changes to the designation of the land area, as the land use strategy remains generally the same as the previous Plan. "The planning challenge for Essex Junction is to manage growth, encourage reinvestment in the existing urban environment, protect existing neighborhoods and ensure that redevelopment or new development enhances the vitality and village character of Essex Junction." Most of the chapters were expanded to include additional information or further detail on the proactive steps the Village has undertaken to meet the Plan's goals. The Heart and Soul values were incorporated throughout the Plan. More specifically the changes include:

Chapter II – Incorporation of the Heart and Soul values into the community vision. Accomplished Objectives were updated for the previous 5 years. The priority goals for the next five years have been updated.

Chapter III – Historical Resources have been better defined, however more work is needed following adoption of the Plan to analyze and prioritize to determine which structures should be preserved. Population growth and demographics have been updated. Chapter IV:

- 1. Energy A significant energy profile was added to the Plan, as well as a discussion on greenhouse gas emissions.
- 2. Agriculture & Community Forestry Status of the Whitcomb Farm was updated including the latest land conservation efforts and solar generation farm. The variety of agriculture related efforts the Junction has been taking was added including the thriving Farmers Market. Community Forestry efforts were added as well.
- 3. Business/Economic Development The Village's strengths were added. Employment and income data was updated. Strategies from the Town's Economic Development and Vision Plan was added.
- 4. Open Space Recreation & Natural Resources The Natural Environment Resources section was expanded significantly. Other additional sections include Climate Change and Flood Resiliency.
- 5. Education and Child Care Data was updated, and the child care section was expanded.
- 6. Utilities/Facilities All utility and facility updates were noted. The Library strategies were updated according to their Strategic Plan. The following sections were added: Senior Center, Police and Rescue.
- 7. Housing Data was updated. Information on the Vermont Neighborhood and Vermont Neighborhood Development program was added.

- Transportation Data was updated. Circ Alternative projects were added. CCTA service was expanded. Bike/Ped efforts were expanded including adding the work of the Bike-Walk Advisory Committee.
- Land Use Intro was re-worded to reinforce the Plan's goal of concentrating new growth in areas already developed – with specific emphasis on 'thoughtful growth'. The Village Center Designation and its benefits were included. The Land Use Categories were clarified.

Chapter V, Implementation – The Government Finance data was updated. Funding sources were clarified. The Implementation Schedule was updated to reflect all of the updated goals and objectives, and relationship to the Heart & Soul values and ECOS Strategies were added. Appendix A, Historic Resources – This was added and includes cross references to the historic sites listed on Map 2.

Maps – all maps were updated. Map 11 was added for the new Flood Resiliency section.

See the attached spreadsheet, *Essex Junction Draft 2014 Comprehensive Plan – Goal and Element Review*, for how the Plan is consistent with the goals established in §4302.

	Appendix A, CCRPC Guidelines	s and Standards for Confirmation of the	Municp	al Planning Processes and App	roval of Municipal Plans
	Requirement	Guideline Questions	Yes/No	Location	Comments
	Consistent with General Goals in Sec. 4302(b)				
1	(1) To establish a coordinated, comprehensive planning process and policy framework to guide decisions by municipalities, regional planning commissions, and state agencies.	Are municipal decisions guided by a coordinated, comprehensive planning process and policy framework?	Yes		
2	(2) To encourage citizen participation at all levels of the planning process, and to assure that decisions shall be made at the most local level possible commensurate with their impact.	<i>Is citizen participation encouraged at all levels of the planning process?</i>	Yes		
3	(3) To consider the use of resources and the consequences of growth and development for the region and the state, as well as the community in which it takes place.	<i>Is consideration being given to the use of resources and the consequences of growth and development?</i>	Yes		
ŀ	(4) To encourage and assist municipalities to work creatively together to implement and develop plans.	Is the municipality working creatively together with other municipalities to develop and implement plans?	Yes		
	Requirement	Guideline Questions	Yes/No	Location	Comments
	Consistent with Specific Goals in Sec. 4302(c)				
5	1. To plan development so as to maintain the historic settlement pattern of compact village and urban centers separated by rural countryside.	Do the land use patterns proposed in the Land Use chapter of the Plan support this goal? If so, are proposed densities higher within or adjacent to village/downtown/growth areas?	Yes	Priority Goals in Chapter II and the Land Use Chapter	
		Does the plan ensure that intensive residential development is encouraged primarily in areas related to village/downtown/growth areas?	Yes	Land Use Chapter	
•	A. Intensive residential development should be encouraged	Does the plan allow for auto-centered commercial uses outside of designated village/downtown/growth areas?	No	Land Use Chapter	
;	primarily in areas related to community centers, and strip development along highways should be discouraged.	If so, are these areas that already have historic strip- type development? Is the town making an effort to incorporate more multi modal land uses?	Yes	Land Use Chapter & Transportation Chapter	
		If so, is strip development limited to areas that are already developed as strip developments or is the community encouraging new strip development?	Yes	Land Use Chapter	Development limited to areas that are already developed.
		<i>Is economic growth encouraged in locally designated growth areas, or employed to revitalize existing village and town urban centers, or both?</i>	Yes	Business/Economic Chapter	

		Desethe also discuss where economic arouth is to be	Vaa	Business/Economic Chapter	
		Does the plan discuss where economic growth is to be	res	Business/Economic Chapter	
		located?	Vee	Rusinges/Essnemia Chapter and Land	
	5 , 5	Are the types of uses described of a scale and type	Yes	Business/Economic Chapter and Land	
7	growth areas, or employed to revitalize existing village and	that they will have little or no impact on the rural		Use chapter	
	urban centers, or both.	countryside? (such as home businesses)	Vee	During and /Engrangian Litility /Englisher and	
		Does the plan discuss the need to locate most	Yes	Business/Economic, Utility/Facility and	
		municipal or public buildings within the economic		Land Use chapters	
		core of the community?	× /		
			Yes	Business/Economic & Transportation	
		economic development in existing village		Chapters	
		centers/arowth areas/downtowns?			
			Yes	Business/Economic, Utility/Facility and	
		expansion of infrastructure, planned to reinforce the		Land Use chapters	
		general character and planned growth patterns of			
		the area?			
		Does the plan effectively discuss future infrastructure	Yes	Business/Economic, Utility/Facility and	
		needs?		Transportation Chapters	
		Does the plan effectively discuss where future	Yes	Business/Economic, Utility/Facility and	
8	infrastructure, should reinforce the general character and	infrastructure will be needed?		Transportation Chapters	
	planned growth patterns of the area.		Yes	Utility/Facility and Transportation	
		does the plan make this clear?		Chapters	
		Are the development patterns proposed in the land	No		
		use chapter likely to lead to forced infrastructure			
		improvements and increased services due to			
		increases in density? (such as high density			
		development on rural roads)			
		Does the plan have an economic development	Yes	Business/Economic	
		chapter?			
	2. To provide a strong and diverse economy that provides	Does the plan discuss its position in terms of regional	Yes	Business/Economic	
	satisfying and rewarding job opportunities and that maintains	employment? (i.e. is it an employment center, is it a			
9	high environmental standards, and to expand economic	bedroom community, etc.)			
9	-	Does the plan discuss unemployment or lack thereof?	Yes	Business/Economic	
	opportunities in areas with high unemployment or low per				
	capita incomes.	Does the plan discuss the balance of improving the	Yes	Business/Economic, Open Space -	
		economy and maintaining environmental standards?		Natural Resources and Land Use	
		content of the maintaining environmental standards:		chapters	
		Does the plan discuss adult education?	Yes	Education, Utility/Facility and	
		Does the plan discuss where educational	Yes	Education Chapters	
	3. To broaden access to educational and vocational training	opportunities are and might be found?	100		
		opportantiles are and might be jound?			

10		ient to ensure the full realization of the	Is the town working with the local school district or	Yes	Education and Recreation Chapters	
	abilities of all Vermo	onters.	the community to provide educational opportunities			
			in schools and in other community settings?			
			Is the proposed land use plan coordinated with the	Yes	Transportation chapter	
			transportation network? Does it discuss the			
			connection between land use and transportation			
		e, convenient, economic and energy	efficiency? The following ought to be considered:			
11		tion systems that respect the integrity of	o Access management	Yes	Transportation chapter	
	the natural environ	ment, including public transit options and	o Discouraging new roads in outlying areas	Yes	Transportation chapter	
	paths for pedestriar	ns and bicyclers.	Does the Transportation chapter discuss and	Yes	Transportation chapter	
			encourage multi-modal transportation?			
			Does the Transportation chapter discuss and	Yes	Transportation chapter	
			encourage public transit?			
			Does the Plan discuss development of transportation	Yes	Transportation chapter	
			connections between smaller towns and centers of			
			employment? In the development of the transportation system,	Yes	Transportation chapter	
		does the plan use good resource management and	165			
	(A) Highways air rai	il and other means of transportation should	minimize or reduce negative impacts to the natural			
12	2 he mutually support	(A) Highways, air, rail and other means of transportation should be mutually supportive, balanced and integrated.	environment?			
	be matually support	ive, balancea ana integratea.	If the community has rail or air transportation, is it	Yes	Transportation chapter	
			discussed?			
			Does the community consider other modes of	Yes	Transportation chapter	
			transportation when discussing expansion of			
			transportation infrastructure?			
13		ct and preserve important natural and				
	historic features of	the Vermont landscape, including:				
			Does the plan identify significant natural and fragile	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	
			areas? (Note to planners: does the plan include			
			criteria for what makes an area "significant"? Towns			
			should be encouraged to move in this direction so			
			that the maps and future regulations are legally			
			defensible).	Vee		Calle for inventor ing the second states in the
14	(A) significant natur	al and fragile areas;	If identified, does the plan clearly (not vaguely)	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	Calls for inventorying the resources, determining current level of protection and additional
			discuss how they should be preserved?			protection measures if necessary.
			If identified, is land use proposed in such a fashion	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	
			that these areas will be protected?			

Essex Junction Draft 2014 Comprehensive Plan - Goal and Element Review

		Does the plan discuss alternative (non-regulatory)	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	
		ways to protect these areas (other than through land			
		use regulations)?			
			Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	The term "outstanding" is not used.
		including lakes, rivers, aquifers, shorelands and			5
		wetlands? (Note to planners: does the plan include			
		criteria for what makes a resource "outstanding"?			
		Towns should be encouraged to move in this direction			
		so that the maps and future regulations are legally			
15	(B) outstanding water resources, including lakes, rivers, aquifers,	defensible).			
15	shorelands and wetlands.	If identified, does the plan clearly (not vaguely)	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	
		discuss how they should be preserved?			
		If identified, is land use proposed in such a fashion	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	
		that these areas will be protected?			
		Does the plan discuss alternative (non-regulatory)	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	
		ways to protect these areas (other than through land			
		use regulations)?			
		Does the plan identify scenic roads, waterways and	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	
		views? (Note to planners: does the plan include			
		criteria for what makes a scenic resource			
		"significant"? Towns should be encouraged to move			
		in this direction so that the maps and future			
		regulations are legally defensible).			
16	(C) significant scenic roads, waterways and views;	If identified, does the plan clearly (not vaguely)	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	Could be stronger
		discuss how they should be preserved?			
		If identified, is land use proposed in such a fashion	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	Could be stronger
		that these areas will be protected?			
			Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	
		ways to protect these areas (other than through land			
		use regulations)?			
		Does the plan identify historic structures, sites, or	Yes	Chapter III	The plan calls for further analysis and
		districts, archaeological sites and archaeologically			prioritization.
		sensitive areas? (Note to planners: does the plan			
		include criteria for what makes a site "important"?			
		Towns should be encouraged to move in this direction			
	(D) important historia structures sites an districts	so that the maps and future regulations are legally			
17	(D) important historic structures sites, or districts,	defensible)			
	archaeological sites and archeologically sensitive areas.	If identified, does the plan clearly (not vaguely)	Yes	Chapter III & Land Use Chapter	
<u> </u>		discuss how they should be preserved?			

		If identified, is land use proposed in such a fashion	Yes	Chapter III & Land Use Chapter	
		that these areas will be protected?	163		
		Does the plan discuss alternative (non-regulatory)	Yes	Chapter III & Land Use Chapter	
			103		
		ways to protect these areas (other than through land			
<u> </u>	6. To maintain and improve the quality of air, water, wildlife	use regulations)?			
18	and land resources.				
		Is there a complete inventory/map of existing water	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources, Map	Calls for inventorying the resources, determining
			165	1	current level of protection and additional
		resources, wildlife habitat, mineral resources and			protection measures if necessary.
		other land resources?	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources,	
		Does the plan discuss air quality? If so, does it	res		
		describe measures to maintain and improve its		Energy and Transportation	
		auality?		On an On and Matural Descurrence and	
		Does the plan discuss water quality? If so, does it	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources, and	
		describe measures to maintain and improve its		Utility/Facility chapters	
		quality? Recommendation: Include watersheds -			
		could be a good way to present/organize this			
	(A) Vermont's air, water, wildlife, mineral and land resources	information.			
10		Does the plan discuss wildlife resources? If so, does	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	Calls for inventorying the resources, determining
19	should be planned for use and development according to the	the plan describe measures to maintain and improve			current level of protection and additional
	principles set forth in 10 V.S.A 6086(a).	its quality?			protection measures if necessary.
		Does the plan discuss floodplain protection? If so,	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources, Map	
		does the plan describe measures to maintain and		& 11	
		improve its quality? Recommendation: Also include			
		Fluvial Erosion Hazard maps and information.			
		Does the proposed land use pattern maintain or	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources &	
		improve the quality of the resources listed above?		Land Use Chapters	
			Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	
		Hazards Mitigation Plan & Emergency Operation			
		Plans. Do these plans call for any changes that			
<u> </u>		should be addressed in the Town Plan?	Yes	Energy & Transportation Chapters	
		Does the town recognize the connection between	165	Linergy & Transportation Chapters	
		energy, transportation and land use?	Yes	Enorgy Chapter	
		5, 1 , 1	res	Energy Chapter	
		efficiency and renewable energy? Recommendation:			
		Reference the VT State Residential Building Energy			
		Code & the Commercial Building Energy Standards.			

		Does the plan contain policies and recommendations	Yes	Energy Chapter	
	7. To encourage the efficient use of energy and the		165	Lifergy Chapter	
20	7. To encourage the efficient use of energy and the	that encourage energy efficiency?			
	development of renewable energy resources.	Desethe also extring a lisite and a second strength	Vee	Energy Chenter	
		Does the plan contain policies and recommendations	Yes	Energy Chapter	
		that encourage the development of renewable			
		energy resources?			
		Does the pattern of land use proposed in the	Yes	Energy & Land Use Chapter	
		community appear to encourage the efficient use of			
		energy either through the proposed location of			
		development in relation to community services, or in			
		terms of lot layout and design?			
		Does the plan discuss recreation and identify	Yes	Open Space - Recreation	
	8. To maintain and enhance recreational opportunities for	important recreational areas?			
21	Vermont residents and visitors.	Does the land use plan encourage development that	Yes	Open Space - Recreation and Land	
		protects or harms access to or the availability of		Use Chapter	
		recreational activities?			
22	(A) Growth should not significantly diminish the value and			Open Space - Recreation and Land	
22	availability of outdoor recreational activities.			Use Chapter	
	(B) Public access to noncommercial outdoor recreational			Open Space - Recreation and Land	The Bike/Walk Advisory Committee is in the
23	opportunities, such as lakes and hiking trails, should be			Use Chapter	process of developing a map to identify additional
	identified, provided, and protected wherever appropriate.				opportunities.
24	9. To encourage and strengthen agricultural and forest	Does the plan discuss agriculture and forestry?	Yes	Agriculture & Community Forestry	
24	industries.				
		Does the plan discuss the protection of agriculture	Yes	Agriculture & Community Forestry	
	(A) Strategies to protect long-term viability of agricultural and	and silviculture? If not, does it legitimately discuss			
25	forest lands should be encouraged and should include	why it does or cannot?			
25	maintaining low overall density.	Do proposed densities of development appear to	No	Agriculture & Community Forestry, and	The Whitcomb Farm is being preserved by the
		negatively impact the availability of workable land?		Land Use Chapters	Vermont Land Trust and the rest of Essex
					Junction is largely built out already.
		Does the plan discuss the economic value of	Yes	Agriculture & Community Forestry and	
26	(B) The manufacture and marketing of value-added agricultural	agriculture and forestry?		Business Chapters	
20	and forest products should be encouraged.	If so, does it have viable policies and	Yes	Agriculture & Community Forestry	
		recommendations on how to encourage them?			
27	(C) The use of locally grown food products should be	Is the availability of locally produced food	Yes	Agriculture & Community Forestry	
21	encouraged.	encouraged in the plan?			
	(D) Sound forest and agricultural management practices should	Does the plan discuss methods of	Yes	Utility/Facility and Open Space -	This could be stronger - though it is there
28	be encouraged.	agriculture/silviculture and their potential impact on		Natural Resources chapters	between floodplain protection and stormwater
	U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	the environment?			management efforts.
L					

29	development pressure on agriculture and forest land	Does the plan direct public investments such as roads and sewer systems and other infrastructure away from agricultural and forest land?	Yes	Agriculture & Community Forestry	
30	10. To provide for the wise and efficient use of Vermont's natural resources and to facilitate the appropriate extraction of earth resources and the proper restoration and preservation of the aesthetic qualities of the area.	Does the plan adequately discuss the extraction of earth resources?	No	Open Space - Natural Resources chapters	The plan indicates that there are none of these resources in the Junction.
		Does the plan inventory the types and costs of housing in the community?	Yes	Housing Chapter	
31	all Vermonters.	Do the proposed land use patterns or public investments in the plan support the resident's ability to have safe and affordable housing?	Yes	Housing Chapter & Land Use Chapter	
		Does the plan adequately discuss housing and housing density throughout the community?	Yes	Housing Chapter & Land Use Chapter	
32	diversity of social and income groups in each Vermont	Does the plan have a housing section that encourages low income housing and housing for the elderly?	Yes	Housing Chapter	Though VHFA encouraged less emphasis on elderly specific housing.
33	(B) New and rehabilitated housing should be safe, sanitary, located conveniently to employment and commercial centers, and coordinated with the provision of necessary public facilities and utilities.		Yes	Housing Chapter	
34	(C) Sites for multi-family and manufactured housing should be readily available in locations similar to those generally used for single-family conventional dwellings.		Yes	Housing Chapter	
		Does the plan discuss accessory apartments?	Yes	Housing Chapter	
35	residences which provide affordable housing in close proximity to cost-effective care and supervision for relatives or disabled or elderly persons should be allowed.	Does the plan discuss the availability of health care and elderly services?	Yes	Housing Chapter & Utility/Facility	Though not healthcare.
		Does the plan discuss future public facility investments, or at least acknowledge that none are needed?	Yes	Utility/Facility, Transportation Chapters	
	12. To plan for finance and analide on officiant autom of	If so, does the plan discuss how these projects will be financed and how they will meet the needs of the public?	Yes	Utility/Facility, Transportation and Implementation Chapters	
36	public facilities and services to meet future needs.	Does the plan discuss how it provides services to the community and whether or not they are meeting the community's needs?	Yes	Utility/Facility, Transportation Chapters	

Does the town have a Capital Improvement Plan and Budget outlining timing and funding for necessary public investments to ensure efficiency and coordination in their provision? Yes Utility/Facility, Transportation Chapters Are fire, police, emergency medical services, schools, water supply, sewage and solid waste disposal discussed adequately in the plan? Recommendation: Yes Utility/Facility Chapter	
public investments to ensure efficiency and public investments to ensure efficiency and coordination in their provision? provision? Are fire, police, emergency medical services, schools, Yes Water supply, sewage and solid waste disposal Utility/Facility Chapter	
coordination in their provision? Ves Are fire, police, emergency medical services, schools, water supply, sewage and solid waste disposal Yes	
Are fire, police, emergency medical services, schools, Yes Utility/Facility Chapter water supply, sewage and solid waste disposal Yes Utility/Facility Chapter	
water supply, sewage and solid waste disposal	
discussed adequately in the plan? Recommendation:	
discussed ducquately in the plan. Recommendation.	
facilities and services should include fire and police Identify how stormwater is being managed in the	
, emergency medical services, schools, water supply municipality as well, use of low impact development	
e and solid waste disposal. practices, etc.	
Does the plan ensure that high density development Yes Land Use and Implementation	
occurs only where urban public facilities and services Chapters	
exist or can be reasonably made available?	
Does the plan discuss growth in relation to the Yes Land Use and Implementation	
te of growth should not exceed the ability of the provision of services and facilities adequately? Chapters	
y and the area to provide facilities and services. Does the plan speak clearly about how growth might Yes Land Use and Implementation	
impact these services and facilities? Chapters	
Does the plan discuss how they will control growth in Yes Land Use and Implementation	
a manner that allows them to phase upgrades in Chapters	
facilities and the expansion of services at a rate that	
is sustainable?	
Within the childcare element of the plan is there a Ves Education and Child Care Chapter	
ure the availability of safe and affordable child care discussion about the availability of childcare related	
serve child care issues into the planning process,	
nilo care financing, infrastructure, business	
Does the plan discuss how the town can make Yes Education and Child Care Chapter	
ourage flood resilient communities. Note: this will	
t on July 1, 2014.	
t on July 1, 2014. Evelopment in identified flood hazard, fluvial erosion, Is new development discouraged in these areas? Yes Open Space - Natural Resources	
evelopment in identified flood hazard, fluvial erosion, Is new development discouraged in these areas? Yes Open Space - Natural Resources	
evelopment in identified flood hazard, fluvial erosion, Is new development discouraged in these areas? Yes Open Space - Natural Resources orridor protection areas should be avoided. If new ent is to be built in such areas, it should not e flooding and fluvial erosion.	
evelopment in identified flood hazard, fluvial erosion, Is new development discouraged in these areas? Yes Open Space - Natural Resources orridor protection areas should be avoided. If new ent is to be built in such areas, it should not	
evelopment in identified flood hazard, fluvial erosion, Is new development discouraged in these areas? Yes Open Space - Natural Resources orridor protection areas should be avoided. If new ent is to be built in such areas, it should not e flooding and fluvial erosion.	
evelopment in identified flood hazard, fluvial erosion, orridor protection areas should be avoided. If new ent is to be built in such areas, it should not e flooding and fluvial erosion. Detection and restoration of floodplains and upland reas that attenuate and moderate flooding and fluvial bould be encouraged.	
evelopment in identified flood hazard, fluvial erosion, orridor protection areas should be avoided. If new ent is to be built in such areas, it should not e flooding and fluvial erosion. Detection and restoration of floodplains and upland reas that attenuate and moderate flooding and fluvial encouraged?	
child care financing, infrastructure, business for child care providers, and child care work force ent. to the needs of the community? Note: Child Care Resource can be a good source of data. Does the plan discuss how the town can make childcare more available? Yes Buccation and Child Care Chapter	

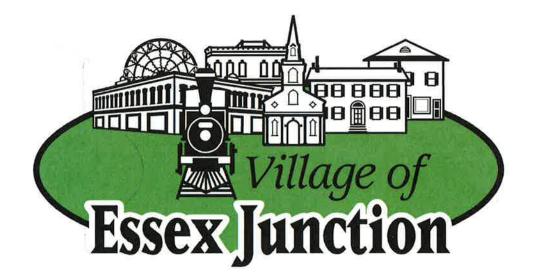
		Requirement	Guideline Questions	Yes/No	Location	Comments
		Contains 11 Required Elements in Sec. 4382(a)				
		1. A statement of objectives, policies and programs of the municipality, to guide the future growth and development of		Yes	Chapter II and Land Use Chapter	
44	44	and, public services and facilities, and to protect the				
		environment.				
	45	2. A LAND USE PLAN, consisting of a MAP and statement present and prospective land use, indicating those areas proposed for forests, recreation, agriculture, (using 6 VSA Section 8), residence, commerce, industry, public and semi- public uses and open spaces reserved for flood plain, wetland protection, or other conservation purposes; and setting forth the present and prospective location, amount, intensity and character of such land uses and the appropriate timing or sequence of land development activities in relation to the provision of necessary community facilities and services.	Does the plan include future and prospective land uses - both descriptions and locations on a map? Does the plan collectively indicate appropriate timing or sequence of land development in relation to facilities and services?	Yes	Land Use Chapter and Maps 9 & 10 Utility/Facility, Transportation, Land Use and Implementation Chapters	
		3. A TRANSPORTATION PLAN, consisting of a MAP and a statement of present and prospective transportation and	Does the plan include an inventory of existing roads and other transportation facilities? If relevant, does the plan indicate the transportation	Yes Yes	Transportation Chapter and Maps 4 & 6	
	16	circulation facilities showing existing and proposed highways and streets by type and character of improvement, and where	problems in the community and the relative seriousness of those problems?			
4	_	pertinent, parking facilities, transit routes, terminals, bicycle paths and trails, scenic roads, airports, railroads and port facilities, and other similar facilities or uses, with indications of	If relevant, does the plan include possible solutions that the community can work toward, as specified by this element?	Yes	Transportation Chapter	
		priority of need.	Is the plan consistent with the currently adopted Metropolitan Transportation Plan?	Yes		
		statement of present and prospective community facilities and public utilities showing existing and proposed educational,	Does the plan indicate the location, character, and capacity of existing community facilities and public utilities as referenced in this element?	Yes	Utility/Facility and Open Space - Recreation chapters, and Maps 3, 5, 7 & 8	
4		including hospitals, libraries, power generating plants and transmission lines, water supply, sewage disposal, refuse	Does the plan describe how changes in population will affect the need for services and facilities, indicating the priority of need?	Yes	Utility/Facility, Transportation, Open Space - Recreation, Land Use and Implementation Chapters	
		activities, and recommendations to meet future needs for	Does the plan indicate the recommended prospective facilities to meet future needs, indicating their estimated costs and methods of financing?	Yes	Utility/Facility, Transportation, Open Space - Recreation, Land Use and Implementation Chapters	

	L			Vaa	Onen Chese Network Deserves	1
		-		Yes	Open Space - Natural Resources	
		•	that document the community's commitment to take		Chapter	
		RESOURCES.	steps to ensure the preservation of the rare and			
	8		irreplaceable features and resources in keeping with			
			the goals of 24 VSA 4302? Recommendation: Include			
			features from surrounding municipalities on your			
			natural resource maps (and other maps if it makes			
_	_		sense to)?			
			Does the plan include statements and maps that	Yes	Education Chapter and Map 5	
			collectively indicate the location, character and			
			capacity of existing and prospective educational			
			facilities?			
		6. An EDUCATION FACILITIES PLAN consisting of a MAP and a	, , , , , ,	Yes	Education Chapter and Map 5	
4		statement of present and projected uses and the local public	school systems to meet the needs of children and			
		school system.	adults, with specific reference to attendance trends,			
		,	school facilities, and future needs?			
				Mara		
	_		While not required, it is encouraged that this element	Yes	Education Chapter	The school was involved in the writing of this
			be written in conjunction with local school boards.			chapter and came to talk to the Planning
_	-		Does the plan include statements that identify	Yes	Implementation Chapter	Commission about it.
				165		
		7. A recommended program for the IMPLEMENTATION of the	programs the municipality expects to use to address			
5	50	objectives of the development plan.	the objectives in the plan? When known funding, timeframe and responsible	Yes	Implementation Chapter	
	ľ	objectives of the development plan.		165		
			party can be helpful within the implementation			
\vdash	_	8. A statement indicating how the plan relates to development	element. Does the plan include statements that collectively	Yes	Chapter I	
			indicate that the municipality examined and	103		
!	1 1	REGION developed under Title 24.				
			considered development trends for the municipality,			
⊢	\dashv		adjacent municipalities and the region?	Vee	Energy Chapter	
			Does the plan include an analysis of energy resources,	res	Energy Chapter	
			needs, scarcities, costs and problems within the			
			municipality?			
			Does the plan include an energy conservation policy	Yes	Energy Chapter	
		statement of policy on the conservation of energy, including	and programs to implement that policy?			
		programs, such as thermal integrity standards for buildings, to	Does the plan include a policy on the development	Yes	Energy Chapter	
52	l	implement that policy, a statement of policy on the	and use of renewable energy resources?	100		
	(development of renewable energy resources, a statement of	and use of renewable energy resources!			

<u> </u>	1				1
	conservation of energy	Does the plan include a policy on how future development in the municipality can support energy conservation — both in terms of individual buildings and general land use patterns?	Yes	Energy Chapter	
		Does the plan include an inventory of the existing housing stock that identifies the number of housing units in each major type of housing in the community based on recent data?	Yes	Housing Chapter	
	10. A HOUSING FLEMENT that shall include a recommended	Does the plan compare the existing housing stock with recent population trends (such as changes in total population, households, and household size?	Yes	Housing Chapter	
5	housing needs as identified by the regional planning commission pursuant to Section 4348a (a) (9) of Title 24.	Does the plan assess the ability of municipal residents to reasonably afford safe, well-constructed, and efficient housing?	Yes	Housing Chapter	
		Does the plan identify progress and/or implementation steps toward Regional Plan strategies and actions regarding housing? (NOTE: this will not come into effect until the new Regional Plan (aka ECOS Plan) is adopted)	Yes	Housing Chapter	
5	 11. An ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ELEMENT that describes present economic conditions and the location, type and scale of desired economic development, and identifies policies, 	Does the plan identify present economic conditions and the location, type and scale of desired economic development, and identifies policies, projects, and programs necessary to foster economic growth?	Yes	Business/Economic Development Chapter	
5	5 (12)(A) A flood resilience plan that: Note: this will take effect on July 1, 2014.				
5	 on river corridor maps provided by the Secretary of Natural Resources pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 1428(a) or maps recommended by the Secretary, and designates those areas to be protected, including floodplains, river corridors, land adjacent 	Does the plan identify flood hazard and fluvial erosion hazard areas, and designate these areas to be protected (including floodplains, river corridors, land adjacent to streams, wetlands, and upland forests) for the purposes of reducing the risk of flood damage to infrastructure and improved property?	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resource Chapter and Maps 1 and 11	

57	(ii) recommends policies and strategies to protect the areas identified and designated under subdivision (12)(A)(i) of this subsection and to mitigate risks to public safety, critical infrastructure, historic structures, and municipal investments.	Does the plan recommend policies to protect these areas and mitigate risks to public safety, critical infrastructure, historic structures and municipal investments?	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resource Chapter and Maps 1 and 11	
58	(B) A flood resilience plan may reference an existing local hazard mitigation plan approved under 44 C.F.R. § 201.6.	Does the municipality have an existing local hazard mitigation plan approved under 44 C.F.R. § 201.6, and if so is it referenced in the Plan?	Yes	Open Space - Natural Resource Chapter and Maps 1 and 11	
	Requirement	Guideline Questions	Yes/No	Location	Comments
	Compatible with the Current Regional Plan, Chap 117, Sec 4	4350(b)(1)(B)			
59	Planning areas		Yes	Map 10 and Land Use Chapter	
60	Goals and strategies		Yes	Implementation Schedule	
	Requirement	Guideline Questions	Yes/No	Location	Comments
	Compatible with Plans in other municipalities, Chap 117, Se	c 4350(b)(1)(C)			
	WILLISTON				
61	Land use		Yes	Map 10	Both municipalities have similar land use designations on both sides of the Winooski River -
61					mostly residential along Route 2A and Floodplain & Industrial to the East.
62	Goals and objectives		Yes		
	SOUTH BURLINGTON				
	Land use		Yes	Map 10	Both municipalities have similar land use
61					designations on both sides of the Winooski River - Floodplain & Conservation.
62	Goals and objectives		Yes		
	ESSEX TOWN				

	Land use		Yes		There are a variety of land use designations along the borders of the Junction and the Town. Both include mixed uses along Route 15; both
61					include a variety of residential and open space between Route 2A and 15; the Junction is largely residential from Route 15 to Route 117 while the Town includes mixed use PUD, residential and a small section of mixed use land uses; and finally both the Junction and the Town have industrial south of Route 117. While there are some differences, it appears to be compatible.
62	Goals and objectives		Yes		
		Guideline Questions	Yes/No	Location	Comments
	Confirm planning process, Chap 117, Sec 4350(a)				
63	1. Continuing planning process resulting in approved plan		Yes		PC public hearing will take place on June 26th.
64	2. Maintaining efforts to provide local funds for municipal &				
<u> </u>	regional planning				



COMPREHENSIVE PLAN 2014 Public Hearing Draft

Adopted ???

Village of Essex Junction Comprehensive Plan – 2014

Board of Trustees:

George A. Tyler, Village President Daniel S. Kerin, Vice President Elaine H. Sopchak Lori A. Houghton Andrew P. Brown

Planning Commission:

Diane Clemens, Chair Andrew Boutin Nick Meyer Aaron Martin Amber Thibeault John Alden David Nistico

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Adopted the ?? day of ??.

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Town of Essex

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Village of Essex Junction Comprehensive Plan – 2014

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Table of Contents

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	I: General Planning Background. What Is A Comprehensive Plan? Why Develop A Comprehensive Plan? The Planning Process Statutory Authority Consistency with Adjoining Town and Regional Plans	1 1 1 2 2
б.	Plan Format	2
1.	II: Community Vision and Strategies for Essex Junction: 2014 – 2019 Community Values, Vision and General Goals Accomplished Objectives. The Planning Challenge: Toward 2019 and Beyond	3
Chapter 1.	III: History with an Eye Toward the Future Historic Development Patterns	77
	1.1 Historical Resources	8
2.	Recent Trends	
	2.1 Population Growth & Demographics	9
	2.2 Population Projections	10
Chapter	IV: Comprehensive Plan Elements	11
	oduction	
1.	Energy	
	1.1 Energy Profile	12
	1.2 Greenhouse Gas Emissions	16
	1.3 Reduce Energy Consumption, Decrease GHG Emissions & Increase Renewable	
	Energy Generation	16
	1.4 Low Income Energy Assistance	18
	1.5 Underground Storage Tanks	8
2	1.6 Energy Goals Agriculture & Community Forestry	0
۷.	2.1 Agriculture & Community Forestry Goals	20
3	Business/Economic Development	22
υ.	3.1 Employment.	20
	3.2 Income Characteristics & Labor Force	5
	3.3 Village Center and Park Street Areas	26
	3.4 Pearl Street Business	6
	3.5 Champlain Valley Exposition Fairgrounds	26
	3.6 IBM	
	3.7 Implementation Strategies from the Town's Economic Development and Vision Plan 2	27
	3.8 Business/Economic Development Goals	28
4.	Open Space – Recreation & Natural Resources	30
	Open Space – Recreation & Natural Resources. 4.1 Local Parks, Schools and Recreational Facilities	30
	4.2 Other Urban Amenities	32
	4.3 Natural Environmental Resources	33
	4.4 Other Natural Resource Considerations	36
	4.5 Flood Resiliency	37
-	4.6 Open Space/Recreation/Environmental Goals	19
Э.	Education and Childcare.	11
	5.1 Childcare	13
8	5.2 Education Goals	13
υ.	6.1 Water Distribution System	CI IE
	6.2 Stormwater Drainage System	16
	6.3 Wastewater Collection System	16
		0

	6.2.1 Pu 6.2.2 SI	tewater Treatment Capacity
		Waste Disposal
	6 7 Brow	nell Library
		or Center
		Department
	6.10 Pol	ice Department
	6.11 Res	scue
	6.12 Util	ities/Facilities Goals
7.	Housing	
	7.1 Hous	sing Supply
	7.2 Char	acteristics of Residents
	7.3 Build	ing Activity
		sing Cost and Affordability
		r Housing Issues
		sing Goals
8.		tation
		ets
		walks/Bike Paths
		ng
		c Transportation
	8.6 Tran	sportation Goals
۵	Land Lle	e
Э.		ing Lane Use
		re Land Use
		Use Goals
		Use Categories
		_
Chapter '	VI: Imple	mentation
1.	Governn	nent Finance
2.	Funding	Sources
A 11		
Appendic		Historic Resources
	B:	Underground Storage Tanks in Essex Junction
	C:	Maps
Lists of M	lans	Map 1: Natural Resources
	laps.	Map 2: Historic Resources
		Map 3: Recreational Facilities/Open Space
		Map 4: Transportation
		Map 5: Community Facilities
		Map 6: Non-Motorized Transportation
		Map 7: Wastewater Distribution System
		Map 8: Water Distribution System
		Map 9: Existing Lane Use
		Map 10: Future Land Use
		Map 11: Flood Hazard Areas
List of Ei		Figure 1: Total Concumption by Energy Type
List of Fig	yuics.	Figure 1: Total Consumption by Energy Type
		Figure 3: Commercial Energy Use by Source, 2010
		Figure 4: Greenhouse Gas Emission by Source, 2010
		Figure 5: Total Housing Stock by Type of Dwelling Unit, 2012
		Figure 6: Housing Growth by Type (2000-2012)

Figure 7: Grant List 2007 - 2013	86
Figure 8: FY14 Budgeted Revenues	86
Figure 9: FY14 Budgeted Expenses	87

List of Tables;	Table 1: Population Growth 1900 – 2010	9
	Table 2: 2010 Percentage of Population by Age	
	Table 3: 2010 Percentage of Population by Race	10
	Table 4: Population Projections	
	Table 5: Businesses by Category in Essex Junction	24
	Table 6: Employment in Essex as Reported in the VT Business Magazine	25
	Table 7: Financial Characteristics, 2007-2011	25
	Table 8: School Property Inventory	41
	Table 9: Estimated Future Population in Essex Junction Schools	
	Table 10: Comparison of Total Housing Units: 1960-2010	55
	Table 11: Households in Essex Junction, 2010	56
	Table 12: Sidewalk Policy	
	Table 13: AMTRAK Vermonter Ridership, FY 2005 - 2012	
	Table 14: Implementation	

Chapter I General Planning Background

1. What is a Comprehensive Plan?

A comprehensive plan is an official public document adopted by the local government as a policy to guide decisions about the physical development or redevelopment of the community. The comprehensive plan outlines how the Village wishes to develop in the next five years. Policies in the plan will guide the community in decision making deliberations.

A plan should be comprehensive, general, and long range. "Comprehensive" means it includes all geographic areas of the community and all issues in the community which might affect growth-issues such as transportation, storm drainage, signs, landscaping, safety and conservation. "General" means the plan summarizes policies and proposals, and establishes goals for the community's future. Although a plan will contain some specific proposals, emphasis is placed upon general policies which should lead to development of specific projects, plans or ordinances. "Long Range" means the plan looks beyond current issues to the problems and opportunities 20 years in the future.

In recent years, comprehensive plans have shifted from more general guides on community policies to a more specific strategic document that focuses on implementation and action as well as specific policies. The benefit of this type of comprehensive plan is that it is more results oriented and provides much more detail on how the goals and objectives will be reached. For these reasons the 2014 comprehensive plan update will focus on implementation in addition to general policies.

2. Why Develop a Comprehensive Plan?

A Comprehensive Plan ("Plan") helps to manage or control growth, and should represent a community's goals and aspirations for the future. There are three general justifications for development of a Plan.

- 1. To accomplish things the community <u>wants</u> to happen, and
- 2. to avoid or prevent things the community does not want to happen, and
- 3. to accommodate things the community <u>expects</u> to happen.

Therefore, a Plan is a community's best opportunity to direct <u>positive</u> change, to minimize <u>negative</u> change, and to manage <u>expected</u> change. A good Comprehensive Plan, with wide-spread public support, is the best mechanism available to manage change. A Comprehensive Plan is not a regulation but is a "guide" and a source of information for local officials, citizens and developers. It documents the historic development of the Village as well as the future aspirations of the community.

3. <u>The Planning Process</u>

The Planning Process typically involves six distinct and identifiable steps:

- 1. Generalized Goals Broad statements regarding future development of the Village. Identification of those general topics which should be analyzed during the Planning Process. This 2014 Plan update benefitted from the previous Heart & Soul community conversation project which identified six community values which have laid the groundwork for the future.
- 2. Inventory Identification of existing physical, social and economic characteristics of the Village.
- 3. Analysis As a result of the inventory and the community's statements of goals, an analysis of the community's resources and opportunities was completed.

- 4. Implementation Mechanisms to implement the plan were developed and include such items as zoning and subdivision ordinances, capital planning and budgeting, special projects and studies, and partnerships with community and regional organizations, etc.
- 5. Monitoring Upon completion this Plan should be periodically monitored and updated to meet changing conditions or changing policies.

4. <u>Statutory Authority</u>

The Vermont Planning and Development Act, Title 24 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated, Chapter 117, authorizes the Village to prepare and adopt a Comprehensive Plan. The identified purpose of the Act is to "encourage the appropriate development of all lands…in a manner which will promote the public health, safety, morals, prosperity, comfort, convenience, efficiency, economy and general welfare; and to provide a means and methods for the municipalities and regions of this State to Plan...and to implement those plans…" In 1988, the Vermont Legislature adopted Act 200, which further refines the State's planning statute. In 1990, the Legislature further refined this legislation by revising the goals and policies of the Act.

5. Consistency with Adjoining Town and Regional Plans

The Village borders Essex Town to the north and South Burlington and Williston to the south and east. In general, the adjoining town plans have compatible land uses on joint borders. As this Plan is implemented, adjacent municipalities should be invited to comment on projects which may affect them. For example, this Plan includes goals aimed at improving the Village as a safe, walkable and vibrant Village area – including appropriately managing the traffic in the Village.

This Plan is generally consistent with the 2013 Chittenden County Regional Plan (entitled the ECOS Plan), which designates Essex Junction as an area planned for growth – including Center, Metro, Suburban and Enterprise planning areas. The Village Plan's emphasis on the Village Center District is consistent with the regional plan's growth center concept.

6. Plan Format

The Village of Essex Junction used the standard planning process, as identified in Chapter I. The Plan is divided into chapters. Chapter II defines the goals for the remainder of the Plan. Chapter III describes the history of the Village and current demographic trends with an eye toward the future.

The main body of the Plan is set forth in Chapter IV which is divided into major Plan elements such as Transportation, Land Use, Housing, etc. Therefore, someone interested only in Transportation should look to that element of the Plan. Each Plan element includes: 1) Background information and research materials as necessary; 2) Discussion of major issues; and 3) Specific Goals and Objectives.

Chapter V discusses general implementation strategies. More specific information may be included in the individual Plan Elements. Also included in this chapter is a discussion of Plan Monitoring and Review Policies.

Finally, the Appendices include data not included in previous chapters: Appendix A includes a list of historic resources, Appendix B includes Underground Storage Tanks, and Appendix C includes the maps.

Chapter II <u>Community Vision and Strategies for Essex Junction: 2014-2019</u>

1. <u>Community Values, Vision and General Goals</u>

An important stage of any Planning Process is the identification of community values. The values are used in establishing a vision for the future and general community goals. Together they are used to identify what the community is striving to become or maintain as well as the challenges and opportunities it faces. They define the Plan and provide focus to the Planning Process. More specific goals and actions are identified in the chapters that follow.

In 2012 and 2013 both the Town of Essex and Village of Essex Junction engaged in an in depth community conversation called Heart & Soul of Essex. Through Heart & Soul of Essex, the community was engaged in multiple ways to learn what the shared values are, and a better understanding of the community's collective hopes for the future was gained. Six values were established through 43 neighborhood conversations (involving almost 350 people who live or work in the community) and a survey completed by 540 people (including 352 people who had not previously participated in a Heart & Soul activity). The six **values** are listed below and each is followed by the General Goals and Vision for the Village:

Education - Essex invests time, energy, and resources to ensure that our highly respected schools meet the needs of everyone in the community. We are proud to support learning that extends beyond the traditional classroom and includes the arts, athletics, and vocational instruction. Community programs, and libraries offer diverse and affordable opportunities that prepare residents of all ages for lifelong learning and for work in an evolving economy.



Essex Junction's Vision and General Goal: To continue to provide Village residents with a DIVERSITY of vocational and educational opportunities, and cultural and recreational amenities to ensure lifelong learning for all.

Local Economy - Our residents contribute to a vibrant economy by working for and patronizing a diverse mix of businesses, from small, locally-owned enterprises to international corporations. We are committed to fostering an environment that produces a world class workforce and a strong economy for years to come.

Essex Junction's Vision and General Goal: To recognize and enhance the role of Essex Junction's existing business and industrial base for both the local ECONOMY and the Chittenden County REGION as a major employment and transportation center.

Thoughtful Growth - We value wide-open spaces and tight-knit neighborhoods, rural roads and vibrant downtown streets. Essex is a place where we can enjoy a beautiful view, walk in the woods and go out to eat without ever leaving town. We support a diverse housing mix, opportunities for business development and a transportation system with a variety of options including a connected network of walking and biking routes.

Essex Junction's Vision and General Goal: To ensure a well-balanced and desirable COMMUNITY with a DIVERSITY of options to live, work and play. With a healthy and vibrant Village Center (aka DOWNTOWN) as the focal point including a full range of services and activities, surrounded by the Junction's highly valuable NEIGHBORHOODS and connected with a network of walking and biking routes. This vision can only be reached by encouraging new development in commercial, industrial and multi-family districts within the Village while managing this new GROWTH with high standards to both protect and improve the IDENTITY of the Village's historic character, and to minimize LAND USE conflicts that may occur from infill and redevelopment of underutilized properties. Additional General Goals include: Cultivate public and private investment options for community improvements. Cooperate with adjoining communities to ensure quality development; and to protect the Village from negative impact of adjoining development. Minimize the total economic cost of providing housing, utilities, transportation and public facilities and services (aka COST EFFICIENCY).

Health & Recreation - We value public places for outdoor and indoor recreation for all ages and abilities. We treasure Indian Brook reservoir, neighborhood parks and the chance to connect by bicycle or on foot. Community institutions provide education and programs to support healthy lifestyles.

Essex Junction's Vision and General Goal. Maintain an aesthetically attractive urban ENVIRONMENT that is sensitive to the natural ENVIRONMENT.

Community Connections - Our deep connections with each other make Essex special. Neighbors help each other during good times and bad. We value diversity and welcome everyone. We build our sense of community at local events such as the Memorial Day Parade, Five Corners Farmers Market, Annual Block Party and Winter Carnival. Our local newspapers and online forums give us plenty of ways to stay in touch. Residents participate in local government and volunteer.

Essex Junction's Vision and General Goal: Encourage strong public PARTICIPATION in all public decisions affecting the development or redevelopment of the urban area.

Safety - Essex is a safe place where neighbors watch out for one another. We value an active, visible police force and strong fire and rescue services. Upgrades to our physical infrastructure will allow us to move about our community with comfort and security.

Essex Junction's Vision and General Goal: Establish a network of walking and biking routes.

2. <u>Accomplished Objectives</u>

The following is a list of planning accomplishments from 2008 - 2014:

- Worked to gain funding for the Crescent Connector Road, through the CIRC Alternatives process, which will ease congestion at the Five Corners.
- Construction of the Lincoln Street Sidewalk was completed in 2013.
- Visioning for Train Station studied potential aesthetic improvements.
- Five Corners Farmers' Market began in 2010.
- North Street to Railroad Station Multi-Use Path construction grant received in 2013.
- The Town and the Village engaged in an in-depth community conversation called Heart & Soul of Essex. Six shared community values were identified.
- The Village received a Bronze Walk Friendly Community Designation due to its sidewalk coverage, Safe Routes to School Program, excellent pedestrian plan, and regional coordination.
- Strengthened Design Review in Village Center through amendments to the Land Development Code in March 2011 including increased historic review and level of design review.

- Expanded the boundary of the State Designated Village Center in 2011 to increase the potential for development in the Village core.
- Secured funding (CIRC Alternatives project) for Pearl Street Road Improvements including road widening, bike lanes and lighting.
- Completed traffic calming improvements and bike lanes on Pearl Street from West Street Extension to Champlain Valley Expo.
- In 2012, a comprehensive wastewater treatment plant facility refurbishment was contracted. Work completion is expected in the Fall of 2014.
- The Old Colchester Road pump station (AKA High School pump station) was replaced in 2012 with a completely new pump station.
- The Village approved a 300,000 sq.ft. light industrial master plan for the IBM campus on Maple Street to allow for more diversity in uses.
- Construction on the new police station broke ground in November 2013.
- The Tree Farm was acquired for recreation. This was a joint land acquisition project between the Village and the Town.
- The West Street Dog Park was opened and the Community Gardens were expanded in 2012.
- The BMX & skateboard park were added to the Maple Street Park in 2012.
- The Vermont Land Trust, with funding assistance from the Village, purchased development rights on 271 acres of the Whitcomb Farm in March 2014. Additional development rights are planned for purchase on approximately 143 acres, pending funding in 2015.
- A Certificate of Public Good was issued for a 2,200 kW solar farm project on the Whitcomb Farm in December, 2013 and was supported by the Village Trustees. Construction is anticipated to begin in the summer of 2014.

The Planning Challenge: Toward 2019 and Beyond

Essex Junction is a dynamic and largely developed community with a good mix of residential, commercial and industrial development. It has desirable neighborhoods, accessible parks and open space areas, and established downtown and commercial centers. Portions of its commercial areas can be classified as mature urban with underutilized properties that present opportunities for redevelopment and renewed investment. Therefore, the planning challenge for Essex Junction is to manage growth, encourage reinvestment in the existing urban environment, protect existing neighborhoods and ensure that redevelopment or new development enhances the vitality and "Village" character of Essex Junction.

Land use goals that the Village has set for itself will be detailed in the chapters that follow. However, the most important issues that are being grappled with today will define the priorities for Essex Junction for the coming five years.

Goal 1: Assist and work with existing businesses to stay and grow in Essex Junction.

Encourage and assist new businesses and clean industries to invest in Essex Junction.

- Objective 1.1: Maintain a favorable business climate in Essex Junction.
- Objective 1.2: Engage in policies to make progress on the transit specific strategies in the Town's Economic Development and Vision Plan including #4 (regional multi-modal improvements), #10 (freight rail service expansion), and #12 (transit oriented development).
- Objective 1.3: Continue efforts to revitalize the Village center and attract business through public investment in infrastructure.

Goal 2: Promote thoughtful growth.

- Objective 2.1: Ensure that new development and rehabilitation efforts enhance and reinforce the existing architecture, design and layout along major arterials and historic neighborhoods.
- Objective 2.2: Encourage mixed-income infill housing within existing developed areas in the commercial and multi-family districts.
- Objective 2.3: Promote the redevelopment of underutilized properties in the Transit Oriented Development (TOD) and Village Center District.
- Objective 2.4: Continue improvements in the public realm for a high quality pedestrian experience.
- Objective 2.5: Continue efforts to preserve and rehabilitate existing historic structures through state and federal funding programs and incentives; and encourage private investment for the same.
- Objective 2.6: Hold an enhanced community discussion and design charrette to develop design standards for the Downtown.
- Goal 3: Continue improving access to and safety of bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and public transit. Support the work of the Bike-Walk Advisory Committee.
- Goal 4: Implement projects that will move traffic more efficiently while making the Village a more welcoming place for all modes of travel.
- Objective 4.1: Implement the Connector Road project.
- Objective 4.2: Consider pedestrianization of Main Street.
- Objective 4.3: Consider alternatives for vehicular traffic through Five Corners, such as redirecting Route 15.

Goal 5: Establish policies and manage the Village budget and assets to enhance and ensure the continuation of the high quality of life Village residents, businesses and visitors value.

- Objective 5.1: Increase the ratio of light industrial/commercial uses to residential uses.
- Objective 5.2: Investigate additional sources of revenue.
- Objective 5.3: Keep budget increases within the rate of inflation.
- Objective 5.4: Continue to investigate and implement, when appropriate, shared services between Village and Town governments.
- Objective 5.5: Think strategically about Village owned assets to maximize the benefit to the public.
- Objective 5.6: Consider reinstating funding to the land acquisition fund.

Chapter III History with an Eye Toward the Future

Prior to development of specific recommendations for the future, it is important to examine the trends of the past. This Chapter reviews the historic development patterns within the Village and identifies recent current statistical trends. Historic development patterns and current trends largely dictate future growth patterns. Many of the Goals and Objectives within this Plan are influenced by these trends.

1. <u>Historic Development Patterns</u>

Early growth in Essex Junction was focused in the vicinity of Hubbell's Falls of the Winooski River, with some agricultural settlement occurring north of the mills. A few structures remain which represent this early growth. A brick house built by Ezra Slater, Sr. at the corner of Park and South Streets is representative of this early settlement. Lincoln Hall, constructed about 1820 as a tavern, is another example of early Village growth.

Probably the single most important influence on growth patterns in Essex Junction was the arrival of the railroad in December, 1849. At that time, the crossroads in Essex Township was named Painesville, in honor of the Vermont Central Railway President, Charles Paine. Concurrently, the Vermont and Canada Railroad was being constructed and a railroad junction was formed. Burlington passengers were forced to switch trains at the Junction. Thus, the name Essex Junction began to appear, and in the early 1890's the name was officially changed. The nucleus of the Village Center began to form around the railroad junction. Early buildings included additions to the Stevens Tavern, the Central House Hotel at Central and Depot Streets. The first church was erected by the Methodists and Congregationalists in 1866.

Another major influence on development patterns within the Village was the early street pattern. The basic network of streets was formed by 1869. Thus, at this early date the "Five Corners" of Main, Maple, Park, Pearl and Lincoln Streets was already established.

By 1880, Essex Junction had displaced Essex Center as the principal Village in the Township. Numerous shops and stores were in existence. In 1892, The Village obtained a Charter from the Vermont Legislature as the Incorporated Village of Essex Junction. In 1890, Essex Junction had a population of 1,141, surpassing the 1,062 residents in the remainder of Essex Township.

During the late 1880's and first half of the 1900's, development continued to occur within the Village. Of note was the arrival of the automobile, and the beginning of traffic conflict at the "Five Corners".

The third major event to greatly influence the development of Essex Junction was the arrival of IBM in 1957. The Village population rose from 2,741 in 1950 to 5,304 by 1960. Corresponding with the population and employment growth was the demand for public and commercial services. Businesses began to expand along Pearl Street while residential development proceeded at a rapid pace.

These historic trends had a significant effect on current growth patterns. The railroads still limit the efficiency of the street network. The five major streets intersecting at "Five Corners" create heavy traffic congestion. Some relief from traffic congestion occurred after the first section of the Circumferential Highway opened in 1993; however, traffic levels have since reached precircumferential numbers. Traffic associated with Village Schools appears to have a significant impact on congestion in the morning as more parents seem to be driving their kids to school. Reasons for the increase in school related traffic could be the breakdown of the neighborhood school system, the

lack of busing or safety concerns. Thus, historic growth patterns limit and direct the planning effects within the Village today.

1.1 <u>Historical Resources</u>

In addition to the specific buildings identified above, there are other important historical resources within the Village. The following inventories of historic sites exist within Vermont:

- The state's Division for Historic Preservation has been inventorying historic buildings since the 1970's and the information is found in the Vermont Historic Sites and Structures Survey. The statewide survey identifies and documents historic properties and sites yielding or likely to yield archeological and anthropological information. The Essex Junction inventory is dated 1984. The inventory includes concentrated developments in groups, identified as districts – where additional information about a district's overall character and development is provided. There are 12 districts, and 2 complexes (Whitcomb Farm and the Champlain Valley Fair) in Essex Junction. There are 205 buildings identified in total within the 12 districts and the Whitcomb Farm complex. The inventory then lists 71 buildings – some of these buildings are the same as those within the districts and others are outside of those districts. Altogether there are a total of 244 historic sites on this survey. These resources are listed in Appendix A and mapped on Map 2.
- There is also a State Register of Historic Places, a designation given after review by the Vermont Advisory Council on Historic Preservation. This designation is largely honorary only – though, under Act 250 review, listed sites are presumed to meet the definition of "historic site" under Criterion 8 for review of development applications and are thus considered in the decision of whether to issue a permit. While the State works to digitize the resources on the registry there appears to be some discrepancy in data on what sites in Essex Junction are actually listed.
- The Division for Historic Preservation also administers the National Register of Historic Places in Vermont. The national register is the nation's list of historic and archeological properties worthy of preservation. The criteria for inclusion are the same for the National and State registers. National register designation makes properties eligible for federal and state tax credits and offers some protection from federally funded, licensed, or permitted projects that would harm them. However, it does not restrict what an owner may do to his property, including tearing it down. Sites listed on the National Register are automatically listed on the State Register. While the State & National Parks work to digitize the resources on the registry there appears to be some discrepancy in data on what sites in Essex Junction are actually listed.

Appendix A provides an overview of these three inventories, the criteria for inclusion, the protections provided, the benefits received and the sites within Essex Junction. As the Village prepares for the future, these historic resources will be analyzed and prioritized to determine which structures should be preserved.

2. <u>Recent Trends</u>

Sound, reliable background data is a prerequisite for any long-range planning. It provides necessary background information and provides insight for the future. However, the comprehensive plan should be more about shaping the future to meet community objectives than trying to respond to social, demographic and economic trends, which are difficult to predict. This section provides some general statistical data to establish any major trends. In many cases, additional information is provided in the individual Plan elements.

2.1 **Population Growth & Demographics**

Historical growth rates for Essex Junction, Chittenden County and Vermont are provided on Table 1. As indicated by the Table, substantial growth occurred during the 1950's and 1960's, concurrent with growth at IBM. Since 1970 the growth rate has slowed. Within Essex Junction, the slowing of the growth rate can be attributed to several causes.

- Employment at IBM has been reduced. 1)
- 2) There is limited vacant land available for new residential development.
- 3) Family sizes have been declining locally, following a national trend to smaller families. In addition, there are an increasing number of older households.

However, in the last ten years the rate of population growth in Essex Junction has increased. The most recent population count (2010) indicated 9,271 people living in Essex Junction. This is a 7.92% increase from 2000. Essex Junction grew more quickly from 2000 to 2010 than it did from 1990 to 2000, however this is still lower than previous decades. The estimated population for the Village in 2012 was 9,498 persons, which represents a 2.45% percent increase over this two year time period. It is not anticipated that this rate of growth will adversely impact the provision of services to the local community.

1	Village of Essex	% of	Chittenden	State of
	Junction	Change	County	Vermont
1900	1,141		39,600	343,641
1910	1,245	9.11	42,447	355,956
1920	1,410	13.25	43,708	352,428
1930	1,621	14.96	47,471	359,611
1940	1,901	17.27	52,098	359,231
1950	2,741	44.18	62,570	377,747
1960	5,350	94.81	74,425	389,981
1970	6,511	21.92	99,131	444,732
1980	7,033	8.01	115,534	537,361
1990	8,396	19.38	131,761	562,758
2000	8,591	2.32	146,571	608,827
2010	9,271	7.92	156,545	626,011

Table 1 Population Growth 1900 – 2010

Sources: U.S. Census; Vermont 2000, Vermont Dept. of Health, January 2002

Over the last 20 years, the average household size in Essex Junction has been declining. It has gone from 2.57 people in 1990 to 2.48 people in 2000 and most recently to 2.39 people in 2010. Additionally, the number of households with individuals under 18 has decreased and continues to do so. In 1990, 52.3% of the households had children under 18, while in 2000, 30.9% of the households had children under 18.

It is also helpful to have an understanding of the demographics of Village residents prior to development of specific recommendations for the future. The data below includes the age (Table 2) and race (Table 3) of Village residents in 2010. Additional information can be found throughout the chapters in this Plan, the U.S. Census website, and at housingdata.org.

Table 2		
2010 Percentage of Population	by	Age

2010 Fercentage of	ropulation	Dy Age
Total population	9,271	100
Under 5 years	565	6.1
5 to 9 years	591	6.4
10 to 14 years	610	6.6
15 to 19 years	585	6.3
20 to 29 years	1218	13.1
30 to 39 years	1239	13.4
40 to 49 years	1490	16.1
50 to 59 years	1507	16.3
60 to 69 years	742	8.0
70 to 79 years	466	5.0
80 to 84 years	157	1.7
85 years and over	101	1.1
Median age (years)	38.9	(X)

	Table 3	
201	0 Percentage of Popula	ation by Race
	White	91.50%
	Black or African American	1.70%
	A sussiana la dias	0.400/

-
0.40%
3.90%
1.20%
1%
0.20%
0.10%

Source (for both tables): U.S. Census

2.2 **Population Projections**

Looking further out - the VT Agency of Commerce and Community Development, developed population projections from 2010 to 2030 in August, 2013. These projections use US Census data as the basis for calculations; and mortality, birth rate and migration rate data from 1990 to 2010 as factors. It is important to note that projections are not predictions – "projections assume that conditions that occurred in the past will continue into the future". Therefore, projections can be a helpful planning tool, but with the understanding that they may not be accurate. The projections include two scenarios based on different migration assumptions – Scenario A is based on migration rates during the 1990s, and Scenario B is based on migration rates during the 2000s. The projection

"In Vermont, there is a relationship between the national economy and the direction and magnitude of migration. During the 1990s (Scenario A), the national economy was generally healthier than during the 2000s (Scenario B) and Vermont saw greater rates of net in-migration. As a result, Scenario A using 1990s migration rates generally, show higher populations than Scenario B using the migration rates of the 2000s."

While the projections were not calculated for Essex Junction, they were calculated for Essex and can be found in Table 4.

Population Projections 2010 - 2030										
			Scenario A			Scenario B				
	2010		% change		% change		% change		% change	
	Census	2020	from 2010	2030	from 2010	2020	from 2010	2030	from 2010	
Essex	19,587	20,556	4.90%	21,138	7.90%	20,074	2.50%	20,057	2.40%	
Chittenden										
County	156,545	165,690	5.80%	171,718	9.70%	161,812	3.40%	162,967	4.10%	

Table 4Population Projections 2010 - 2030

Source: Vermont Population Projections – 2010 – 2030, August, 2013. Ken Jones, Ph.D., Economic Research Analyst, Vermont Agency of Commerce and Community Development and Lilly Schwarz, Community Based Learning Intern, Montpelier High School. Developed with the assistance of a Population Project Review Committee.

Chapter IV Comprehensive Plan Elements

Introduction

If this Comprehensive Plan is to accurately address the goals and aspirations of the Village, formal and specific guidelines for growth must be developed. These guidelines must be general enough to encourage innovative solutions to problems but be specific enough to focus the actions of the Village in a consistent, workable planning approach.

Another key ingredient of a successful Comprehensive Plan is a clear, concise physical development plan. This Plan will direct and manage the future physical growth and redevelopment of the Village. It encourages orderly, planned growth and represents the community's vision for the future. While it is not possible to identify all issues or satisfy all concerns, the plan is intended to strive for a reasonable balance between competing interests.

The Plan Elements as presented in this Chapter are, therefore, the most important sections of this Plan. They are the engine that will drive the future of Essex Junction. Although each element is presented in a format to be used individually, it should be recognized that they are interdependent. The goals, objectives and maps in each functional element should be adhered to if the overall plan is to remain viable.

The remaining sections of this Chapter are divided into separate Plan elements. Each individual Plan Element contains the official, adopted policies of the Village of Essex Junction.

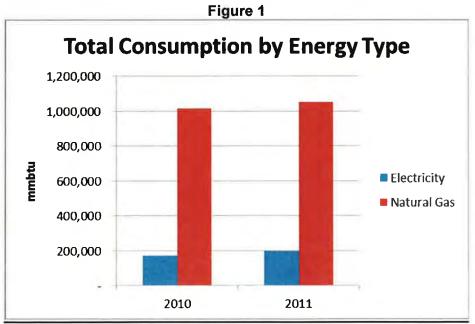
1. <u>Energy</u>

Energy is a core component of community success. The Village of Essex Junction is a jurisdiction where energy production and use are of vital concern which impact overall quality of life in the community. Exterior lighting control is also critical from an energy, safety and biological perspective. The State Comprehensive Energy Plan designates the current Vermont State standards, code and goals for energy use and production as the minimum standard within Essex Junction. Cooperation with State Officials, utilities and energy suppliers is required to ensure the availability of adequate supplies of energy, for a reasonable cost and with minimal impact on the environment.

1.1 Energy Profile

For residential and commercial/industrial buildings this section describes energy consumption in the Village in terms of what energy sources are used, what they are used for, and how much is used. The data can also serve as a baseline for tracking progress the Village makes on implementing energy conservation actions. In addition the profile describes the two largest municipal electricity consumers; and the role of land use and transportation in energy consumption. Understanding the Village's energy profile will also help target specific strategies available to the Village for reducing energy consumption and its greenhouse gas emissions.

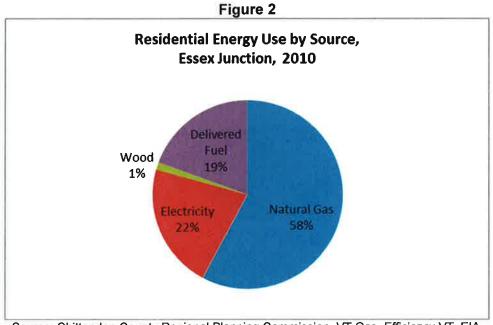
Figure 1 below identifies how much energy is consumed in total for the Village of Essex Junction. This includes homes, businesses, municipal operations, and other sectors. The purpose of this graph is to inventory the type of energy being used within the Village to begin understanding how energy consumption is changing from year to year and to be a starting point to inform policies and implementation programs that promote efficiency and the use of renewable energy resources. Although data over the last 10 years is not available, total consumption between 2010 and 2011 did increase for both electricity and natural gas indicating that efficiency measures at all levels of consumption should be prioritized.



Source: VT Gas, Efficiency VT

Residential:

Figure 2 below shows the proportion of energy used in homes in the Village by source. Natural gas accounts for 58% of the energy used in the Village's homes – and is primarily used for space heating, hot water, cooking, and drying clothes. Electricity accounts for the second largest source of energy in the Village at 22% and is used for appliances, lighting, home electronics, and in some cases electric vehicle charging. The least used type of energy in Village homes is wood and delivered fuels (oil and propane) – primarily used for space heating.



Source: Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission, VT Gas, Efficiency VT, EIA

Strategies for how to lower residential energy use include:

✓ Provide financial incentives for renewable energy applications, thermal efficiency improvements, and electricity efficiency

Home weatherization is the most cost effective way of modifying a building to reduce natural gas consumption and greenhouse gas (ghg) emissions (see section 1.2 below for more information on ghg). Weatherization includes air sealing, insulation, and upgrading heating system and can dramatically reduce a home's heating bills. However, the initial upfront capital to make weatherization improvements on a home can be difficult for some households and businesses. The Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) Program is a way for municipalities to make a commitment to helping residents finance weatherization projects for existing homes. PACE financing options can also be used to install renewable energy systems like solar hot water systems or solar panels, which would reduce electricity consumed from the grid and provide a clean source of power. The Essex Energy Committee looked into PACE as an option for Essex, but found at the time, that homeowner's could get a better rate on home equity loans. If home equity rates change in the future PACE may be a more viable option.

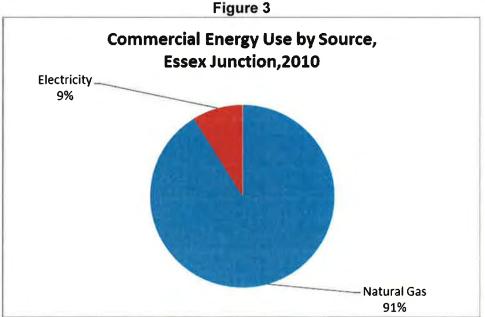
 Meet or exceed state energy efficiency building standards for new construction and major renovations

For new construction and building renovations, the State of Vermont has an energy building code, the VT Residential and Commercial Building Energy Standard. Compliance with the energy code is necessary to ensure that new development and alterations to existing buildings are using all types of energy efficiently. To meet the code, the zoning administrator is responsible for providing the energy code to land use permit applicants and must see a completed energy certificate that certifies that the applicant has complied with the code before issuing a certificate of occupancy. Even though a certificate of occupancy may not be needed for all types of buildings, all buildings must comply with the State energy code. Additionally, the Village should consider incorporating language into zoning ordinances requiring new homes and commercial buildings to be built to code (or higher levels of efficiency) to help educate the development community on the code. An example includes the new proposed Town and Village Police Facility: A photovoltaic solar array on the facility's roof will provide the building's energy needs and produce energy savings in an amount exceeding the projected bill for natural gas. Energy savings (the facility is capable of earning LEED Gold certification) equal savings in operational costs.

To improve the thermal efficiency of commercial and residential buildings, a municipality could implement a time of sale energy retrofit ordinance for rental housing. Time of sale retrofits target older buildings, particularly multi-family housing, that aren't being reached by voluntary incentive programs. Building energy retrofits offer multiple benefits that include saving money on utility bills, improved safety and maintenance, and comfort. Additionally, the money saved from doing energy improvements gets recirculated into the community instead of being exported out of the region. As an example, the City of Burlington has a time of sale energy retrofit ordinance.

Commercial/Industrial:

Figure 3 below shows the energy picture of commercial/industrial businesses within the Village. Most of the energy used in businesses is in the form of electricity for lighting, computers, appliances, and for operating industrial processes.



Source: Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission, VT Gas, Efficiency VT

Specific strategies to reduce a business's electric load include converting to renewable sources for electricity, automating controls, switching to LED bulbs, upgrading HVAC equipment; reducing plug loads for office equipment, and monitoring efficiency of other business processes. Weatherizing existing commercial space will also reduce natural gas usage for space heating. New commercial buildings are also subject to the same state energy code to improve the thermal envelope and ensure that lighting, HVAC, and other loads are efficient.

Municipal Lighting & Energy Use:

By far the largest component of municipal electricity usage is for street lighting. The second highest energy usage is the Waste Water Treatment Plant. The Waste Water Treatment Plant has initiated two major energy management efforts:

The typical home uses 9,000 kWh/per year of electricity. The Essex Junction Wastewater facility Co-Generation system produces enough power annually to supply 50 homes. By using this electricity generated directly on site, the installation maximizes the energy efficiency and the cost benefit to the community. The Co-Generation system produces 40% of the electricity used in the wastewater treatment process.

Streetlights in the Village are currently mercury vapor. High-pressure sodium lights are not allowed according to the Land Development Code. Existing street lights in the Village should be upgraded to the most efficient technology available as practicable. The use of architectural or period style lighting is encouraged.

Current Village policy requires compliance with the Regional Planning Outdoor Lighting Manual for Vermont Municipalities. There has been some concern that there is more light than necessary on Pearl Street. The Village should assess the situation and develop a more appropriate standard for streetscape lighting.

Land Use & Transportation:

The relationship between transportation, land use and energy consumption is extremely important and is an area in which the community can have a large impact through development regulations and infrastructure. According to the Vermont Total Energy Study, "more than one third of the state's energy consumption, and nearly half of its greenhouse gas emissions, are tied to the transportation sector." Therefore, a reduction in vehicle miles traveled by passenger vehicles can have a big impact on energy consumption.

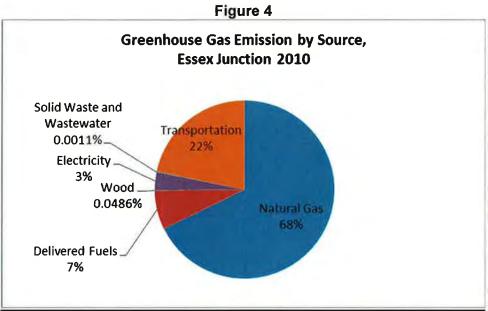
In recent years communities are realizing the important connection between transportation and land use, which impacts energy use. Certain land use patterns can reduce dependency on the automobile by providing greater transportation options through compact mixed use developments where people can choose to walk, bike, use public transportation or drive an automobile.

Essex Junction has a relatively unique opportunity within the county to support greater transportation choice and reduce automobile dependency since it is a relatively compact community with an extensive sidewalk network where local services are within walking distance to residences. Essex Junction is also served by public transportation and rail. Essex Junction residents have more transportation choices than many neighboring communities that have a more suburban/rural land use pattern. Further support of higher density infill and redevelopment in core areas of the Village may reduce demand on energy.

1.2 Greenhouse Gas Emissions

The use of different types of energy causes varying amounts of greenhouse gas (ghg) emissions to be released into the earth's atmosphere and is known to be a contributor to the changing of our climate. The State of Vermont established a goal of a 50% reduction in ghg emission by 2028. Given that Essex Junction is part of the State and contributes to the statewide emissions, it is helpful to understand the source of the Village's ghg emissions.

Figure 4 below provides an overview of the primary contributors of ghg emissions by sector/source within Essex Junction.



Source: Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission

Within Essex Junction, ghg emissions total 86,140 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent or about 1% of the emissions generated in the State and 7% of emissions in Chittenden County. Emissions from natural gas account for the largest share of ghg emissions in the Village, 68%. Transportation emissions from on-road gas consumption are second at 22%. Delivered fuel consumption is the third greatest source of emissions. Electricity consumption accounts for 3% of emissions. A small amount of emissions are generated from solid waste decomposition and wastewater treatment. The Essex Junction Wastewater treatment plant captures the methane gas (a potent ghg) to power the treatment plant equipment.

1.3 <u>Reduce Energy Consumption, Decrease Greenhouse Gas Emissions & Increase</u> <u>Renewable Energy Generation</u>

The Village has already employed many energy strategies including methane capture at the wastewater treatment plant; construction, operation and maintenance of facilities that support pedestrians and bicyclists; and encouraging higher density development that reduces ghg emissions and increases energy conservation through the Land Development Code. In addition, the Whitcombs are intending to install a solar array farm on their property. The following list includes a variety of additional measures that can be taken to reduce energy consumption, decrease greenhouse gas emissions and increase renewable energy generation.

Given the highest contributor of ghg emissions is from natural gas used for space heating, the Village should prioritize implementation of actions that improve the thermal efficiency of its buildings.

✓ Promote Energy Efficient Programs and Emissions Reductions Campaigns

Community campaigns educate and motivate people and organizations to take action. Approaches such as community contests among residents and challenges with other towns can be effective. Other effective programs are door-to-door campaigns, phone–a-thons, and energy parties. Efficiency Vermont, CarShare, Drive Electric Vermont, and Vermontivate all offer challenges to reduce energy use at home, at work and in transportation.

✓ Become an Electric Vehicle (EV) Ready Town

Projections for EV adoption state that by 2023 approximately 5,800 EVs will be registered in Vermont, requiring 70 charging stations in Chittenden County. Communities should begin to plan for the deployment of electric vehicles and the necessary supporting infrastructure of charging stations. A variety of tools are available for EV-ready planning. These include zoning, parking ordinances, permitting and inspection, and partnership and procurement.

 Promote and provide transportation alternatives to driving alone to work for municipal employees and other village employees

Encourage employees to share rides to work and provide reserved parking for car and van pools. Go Vermont and Go Chittenden County can help with ride matching services. Go Vermont can help van pools obtain a van, insurance, vehicle maintenance and fare collections. Encourage employees to use public transit to get to work by offering transit discounts or passes, providing a guaranteed ride home and working with CCTA to provide a convenient bus stop and shelter. Encourage employees to walk or bicycle to work. Providing shower facilities and covered bicycle parking can make this a more attractive option. Implement municipal fleet policies to reduce energy consumption, costs and greenhouse gas emissions.

✓ Bring car-share programs to Essex Junction

CarShare Vermont is implementing a neighborhood-based social marketing program and assessing the viability of expansion into new communities. Car-sharing programs require a critical mass of users, and are therefore more viable in urban rather than rural areas.

✓ Improve the safety and efficiency of existing roadway networks to optimize traffic flow

Optimizing traffic flow allows traffic to move more efficiently along roadways and through intersections, decreasing time spent idling or accelerating and thus reducing emissions from vehicles. Projects that improve safety and efficiency for bicycles and pedestrians remove barriers to bike/ped transportation. Projects that prioritize signals for transit or provide real-time information on bus location improve the efficiency and competitiveness of transit. Projects that improve efficiency can preclude (or postpone) capacity expansion projects.

✓ Locate and develop Park and Ride facilities to promote transit use and ridesharing

Park and ride facilities reduce highway traffic congestion and worksite parking demand. Park and ride facilities can help support transit service. Park and ride facilities should be appropriately sized or phased, based on location, potential for transit, and potential future usage.

✓ Promote renewable energy development that works in harmony with community goals for land use, including implementation of on-site renewable energy in municipal buildings and inclusion of solar standards in the Land Development Code for new development.

Although emissions from electricity are about 3%, electricity does account for about half of the energy used in the Village. Additionally, the State of Vermont is working toward a goal of 90% of its energy from renewable sources by 2050. Renewable energy is energy that comes from resources that are replenished and do not produce ghg emissions when converted to energy. Renewable energy typically comes from sunlight, wind, and geothermal heat. Encouraging the installation of solar panels on rooftops (especially on municipal buildings) within the Village will support the State in meeting this goal and make the Village more resilient, independent, and less vulnerable to power outages during storm events.

There are many ways to further development of renewable energy generation in the Village, including addressing solar in the Land Development Code. Addressing solar in the Land Development Code will eliminate uncertainty around where solar systems may or may not be allowed, ensure that installations are placed in appropriate locations, and mitigate any potential negative impacts.

1.4 Low Income Energy Assistance

Any Village-initiated communications program should alert low-income residents about these valuable government programs. Programs available in Vermont to assist low-income individuals and families with heating bills include: the Vermont Department of Children and Families (DCF), Fuel Assistance Program, and Champlain Valley Office of Economic Opportunities (CVOEO) WARMTH program and Weatherization Program. DCF's Fuel Assistance Program can help pay a part of your home heating bills if your gross household income is equal to or less than 185% of the federal poverty level, based on household size. The WARMTH program funds are available only in emergency situations; that is, when the household has exhausted their supply of fuel or faces disconnection of utility services. Each household is entitled to three assists during the heating season, and up to \$75 for each time they receive fuel assistance. The Weatherization Program provides services to income-qualified households at no charge. The services include: an energy audit; check-up of heating systems to ensure safety, efficiency and effectiveness; free lighting and appliance upgrades (where applicable) through a partnership with Efficiency Vermont; and renovation construction.

1.5 Underground Storage Tanks

Directly associated with the use of energy is the safe storage of fuels. Although regulated by the State of Vermont, it is important for emergency planning purposes to be aware of the location of the storage facilities. Within Essex Junction, the State of Vermont reports that 50 UST's located on 14 separate sites are registered and regulated. The average UST in the Village is 6,390 gallons and is 22.6 years old. Almost all of the tanks are made of steel, none have double liners, and only 10% report an electronic monitoring system. The Village owns two tanks for diesel fuel at the Public Works facility. A list of underground storage tanks is included in Appendix B.

1.6 Energy Goals

Goal 1: Work with the Essex Energy Committee to prioritize this list of energy goals. A cost benefit analysis could help focus efforts on the most effective and efficient strategies.

- Goal 2: Cooperate with State Officials and energy suppliers to ensure the availability of adequate supplies of energy for business and residents at reasonable prices and with minimal impact on the environment.
- Goal 3: Encourage the development of renewable energy resources to contribute to the State's goal of 90% renewable energy by 2050.
- Goal 4: Construction of new buildings and rehab of existing residential and commercial/industrial buildings shall comply with the current edition of Vermont Residential Building Energy Standards and Vermont Commercial Building Energy Standards.
- Goal 5: Ensure that municipal equipment meet all required stationary and nonstationary equipment requirements where applicable (i.e. Vermont State, OSHA, EPA, ANSI Standard B71.1 or B71.4).
- Goal 6: Participate in green pricing programs, when available, to promote the use of renewable energy.
- Goal 7: Ensure that new and replacement street lamps utilize the most current and efficient energy technology.
- Objective 7.1: Continue to require energy efficient street lamps in new developments.
- Objective 7.2: Use energy efficient street lamps when replacing existing lamps.
- Objective 7.3: Meet or exceed the current adopted version of the Regional Planning Outdoor Lighting Manual for Vermont Municipalities.
- Goal 8: Support a variety of transportation options including walking, biking, public transit that reduces reliance on the automobile.
- Goal 9: Continue reducing local energy demand by providing further expansion of sidewalks, bike paths, park & rides and public transportation.
- Goal 10: Display and distribute information to residents and businesses that will help them save energy.
- Goal 11: Encourage the Brownell Library to expand and update energy publications and publicize this source to the general public.
- Goal 12: Continue recycling programs at all Village buildings and facilities.
- Goal 13: Conduct energy audits for all Village Buildings.
- Goal 14: Continually examine the cost effectiveness to expand use of methane generated at the Waste Water Treatment Plant as a renewable energy resource.
- Goal 15: Consider fuel efficiency when purchasing new vehicles. Consider the use of alternative fuels for new vehicles.
- Goal 16: Provide residents with information on heating assistance programs on an annual basis to make those in need, aware of the programs.

2. Agriculture & Community Forestry

Agriculture is alive and strong in Essex Junction as evidenced by conservation of the Whitcomb Farm, the thriving Five Corners Farmers' Market, a waitlist for community garden plots, restaurant participation in the Vermont Fresh Network, and Farm to School. Refer to Map 1 for reference to prime agricultural soil.

The Whitcomb Farm provides many valuable resources to the Village, including productive agricultural land. The Whitcomb Farm also promotes agriculture education, open space, recreation and wildlife habitat. The Whitcombs and the Village also benefit from the farm's utilization of treated biosolids from the Waste Water Treatment Plant as fertilizer. In the future the Whitcomb Farm hopes to provide a location for the production of renewable energy.

The Village Trustees provided the Whitcomb Farm with a three year tax break in 2011, securing public recreation on the property and supporting the Whitcomb's efforts to conserve the land. In addition, the Village voted to use \$20,000 of the land acquisition fund toward the Vermont Land Trust's purchase of development rights from the Whitcomb Farm. The purchase of development rights is planned in two phases – Phase 1 for 271 acres closed in March 2014; and Phase 2 is for approx. 143 acres and funding is not yet secured but the plan is to close in 2015. This will effectively protect the Whitcomb Farm from development and keep it as a working farm in perpetuity.

In addition to the Whitcomb Farm, the importance of local agriculture to the residents of the Village is evidenced by:

- the thriving Five Corners Farmers' Market the Market is open on Friday afternoon/evenings from June through October, and occasionally in the winter. Thirty-five vendors participated in the 2013 market;
- restaurants have joined the movement by participation in the Vermont Fresh Network;
- the Village Recreation and Parks Department also run a Community Garden Program with approximately 150 garden plots at the West Street Garden and the Meadow Terrace Garden (and there are waitlists for use of these plots). The Department also hosts gardening classes;
- the Village adopted a chicken ordinance to allow homeowners to have chickens in their backyard. As of December, 2013 approximately 3 to 4 chicken permits have been issued; and;
- CCSU, which serves the Essex Junction, Westford, and U46 school districts established a Farm to School Team in May of 2012. They received a Farm to School planning grant from the Vermont Department of Agriculture that started in February of 2013. The Team is made up of 20 members from the schools, community, and a farmer from Waterville who is a regular vendor at the Five Corners Farmers Market. The overall goals of the program at CCSU are to expand the amount and variety of local products in school meals, increase the opportunity for students to learn about the nutritional, economic, and environmental benefits of local products and healthy eating habits, and increase student understanding and appreciation of farming and food services.

Just as agriculture is important to the residents of the Village, so is community forestry. The benefits of a healthy and robust community tree canopy are extensive. The International Society of Arboriculture, names the following (plus many more) benefits:

- Environmental benefits include climate control by moderating the effects of sun, wind and rain; improve air quality by removing carbon from the atmosphere and storing it in biomass and soils (a process called carbon sequestration); conserving water by intercepting water, storing some of it, and reducing stormwater runoff and the possibility of flooding; and providing wildlife habitat and food.
- Social benefits include providing privacy, emphasizing views, or screening out objectionable views.
- Economic benefits include energy cost savings as trees can provide shade thereby lowering summer air conditioning bills, and trees can protect structures from

Helpful Resource: The Vermont Urban & Community Forestry Program has developed a Vermont Tree Selection Guide to help select the appropriate tree based on the purpose of the planting, site conditions, type of maintenance needed and best tree species for long term success. The quide includes a tree selection worksheet and a tree list to help select the appropriate tree there is a printed version as well as a searchable online database that can be found here:

www.vtcommunitytrees.org.

wind thereby lowering winter heat bills; increase property values; and can help encourage patronage to downtown retailers.

Essex Junction received a 2013 Tree Steward Award from the Vermont Urban & Community Forestry Council for taking tremendous strides to improve the condition and quality of trees in the Village. This includes the completion of a tree inventory, passing a tree policy, and planting 22 trees in the Village Center in a two year period prior to the award. The award recognizes the collaborative effort among multiple Village departments and volunteers. In addition, the Village Trustees established a Tree Advisory Committee in 2013 that works with the Village Tree Warden to promote the improvement and preservation of a healthy environment as it relates to public trees. The committee provides a mechanism for the planting, maintenance, protection and removal of trees on public streets, parks and Village-owned properties.

This Comprehensive Plan is required to meet the State planning goals established under Title 24 §4302(c). These goals include "to encourage and strengthen agricultural and forest industries." It is clear that the Village is meeting this goal for their agriculture industry. While, there is not much of a traditional forestry industry within the Village to encourage and strengthen, the Village continues to encourage awareness and good forestry practices for its urban trees and community forest.

2.1 Agriculture & Community Forestry Goals

Goal 1: Continue to support the Whitcomb Farm in their conservation efforts.

Goal 2: Support the Farmers Market and other local value-added agricultural businesses.

- Objective 2.1: Ensure that any land use, transportation or capital plans for the Five Corners accommodate the Farmers Market, unless an alternative site is established.
- Objective 2.2: Work with Five Corners Farmers' Market to assist in finding a permanent winter location.

Objective 2.3: Hold farm-to-table community events to benefit local organizations.

Goal 3: Continue support of the Community Garden Program, home gardening and micro-farming.

- Objective 3.1: Offer incentives for developments that include community gardens and/or allow residents to have home gardens on common land.
- Objective 3.2: Strengthen language in zoning regulations to protect topsoil during construction so that yards are more suitable for gardening.
- Objective 3.3: Encourage backyard composting or participation in the compost program through the solid waste district.
- Objective 3.4: Develop a method to donate excess food from community gardens.
- Objective 3.5: Encourage the practice of edible landscaping.
- Objective 3.6: Inventory and designate additional public space for community gardens (including roof tops and wall gardens).

Goal 4: Establish a Tree Management Plan to improve and maintain the community tree canopy within public parks and rights-of-way.

- Objective 4.1: Increase the Village tree canopy with thoughtful planning, planting and maintaining of trees on public spaces or intruding into/onto public spaces.
- Objective 4.2: Educate residents on the value of the urban forest.
- Objective 4.3: Establish a process for the Village Tree Advisory Committee to work with the Planning Commission to review and provide advice on development projects that include tree planting in public spaces.

3. Business/Economic Development

Essex Junction continues to be a strong employment center for large and small, service oriented, retail, and manufacturing enterprises. As the host community for IBM Microelectronics, the Village has a proven track record of developing business partnerships that last. The following strengths combine to make Essex Junction a great place to locate and/or invest in a business:

- The Village is strategically located within the region and has the infrastructure to support new businesses and business expansion. The Village is a transportation hub, with close access to Interstate 89 and Vermont Routes 15, 2A, and 117, and Burlington International Airport. In addition, the Village is working towards the construction of the Crescent Connector a Circ alternatives project that will help to mitigate traffic at Five Corners and open up areas of underutilized land in the designated Village Center to development. The downtown transportation terminal is a major stop for Amtrak and for the Chittenden County Transportation Authority: which provides county-wide public transportation.
- The Village has a variety of old and new, large and small business properties. The historic Village Center and Pearl Street commercial corridor have had multimillion dollar, federally funded restorations and redevelopment.
- In addition to IBM Microelectronics, the Village is home to the Center for Technology, Essex, which is Vermont's largest secondary technical education facility and the Champlain Valley Exposition, Vermont's largest indoor and outdoor exposition center.
- There are more than 200 small businesses in Essex Junction.
- Agriculture is an important industry in Essex Junction as evidenced by conservation of the Whitcomb Farm, the thriving Five Corners Farmers' Market, a waitlist for community garden plots, restaurant participation in the Vermont Fresh Network, and the Farm to School program. More information can be found in the Agriculture & Community Forestry chapter.
- The Village maintains an inventory of existing businesses and available properties to help connect new or expanding businesses with local resources and building space. The inventory of businesses can be found on the Village of Essex Junction website (<u>http://www.essexjunction.org/business/list/</u>).
- The Village has adequate sewer capacity for new development.
- The Village has a Commercial Tax Stabilization Policy intended to encourage economic development, diversify the tax base, enhance the street scape and provide long-term growth in the Grand List and help maintain the vitality of the Village of Essex Junction's commercial business district. Any for-profit or non-profit corporation, partnership, cooperative, or proprietorship that is existing, locating or expanding in a commercial zone in the Village of Essex Junction may be eligible for tax stabilization.
- Essex Junction has a State designated Village Center District which provides tax credits for a variety of building repairs and improvements.
- A downtown revitalization group has been formed Railroad Avenue Recess. Village staff also works with the Essex Town Economic Development Commission to address Town wide economic development needs and services.
- The Village maintains a fair and balanced permitting process that supports local businesses and new investment.
- Numerous housing units have been added to the Village downtown making Essex Junction a great place to live in close proximity to employment.
- Village residents live in comfortable, friendly neighborhoods all within walking distance of the Village downtown. The Village continues to increase the number of sidewalks and other facilities to support bike and pedestrian travel, making it easier for residents to visit downtown businesses.

- The schools are consistently ranked among the best in the state.
- In addition to IBM, many Essex Junction residents are employed by Fletcher Allen Health Care, the University of Vermont, Saint Michael's College, General Dynamics, and the State of Vermont.
- Heart & Soul participants identified the Local Economy as a community value the residents' value working at and patronizing the diversity of businesses in the community, and are committed to fostering an environment that produces a world-class workforce and a strong economy for years to come.
- In addition, the Village Center and the Pearl Street commercial corridor have been designated as a Center Planning Area in the 2013 Chittenden County ECOS Plan, which is intended to be a regional center or traditional downtown that serves the County and beyond and contains a mix of jobs, housing, and community facilities.

Essex Junction does face business and economic development related challenges. One important challenge is ensuring the provision of adequate municipal services while minimizing tax increases. Also, Essex Junction's retail sector faces competition from growth in outlying surrounding communities, as well as online retailers. To this end, it is important to support existing business, encourage new light industrial and commercial development and investigate additional sources of revenue.

While the location of Essex Junction at the confluence of three major highways, Five Corners, is a strength of its economic profile, managing the traffic associated from both local and regional commuters is also a challenge. The ability to maintain and grow the economic base is balanced with the need to plan for commuter and local traffic, maintenance, safety and law enforcement. Other direct impacts are felt within residential neighborhoods as commuters use residential streets to avoid Five Corners. The Village has been proactive at providing multi-modal facilities in the downtown to provide alternatives to commuting via single occupancy vehicles. In addition, the Crescent Connector will help mitigate traffic at Five Corners.

3.1 <u>Employment</u>

As indicated on Table 5, there are a variety of businesses within Essex Junction. This variety is a significant factor in attracting people to the Junction and maintaining the economic vitality of the area.

The largest private employers in Essex Junction include IBM, Flex-A-Seal, ASK-int TAG; and niche businesses include Champlain Valley Expo, Harley Davidson and CVAA (the Area Agency on Aging for Addison, Chittenden, Franklin, and Grand Isle Counties). Information about large employers can be found in the Essex Town Plan along with specific information from the Essex Economic Development Vision and Plan, 2010.

While the number of employees is not included in the Essex Junction Business

Table 5Businesses by Category in Essex Junction asReported in the Essex Junction Business List					
Business Classification	Estimated Total Businesses				
Auto Repair	12				
Bank	6				
Construction Services	4				
Fitness	4				
Government	4				
Industrial	6				
Medical	26				
Misc. Services	15				
Non-Profit	10				
Personal Services	19				
Professional Services	31				
Restaurant	29				
Retail Store	52				
Total218Source: Essex Junction Business List, dated 2/7/2014information gathered from Zoning Permits and therefore not acomplete inventory of the existing businesses.					

List, the Essex Economic Development Commission has access to the VT Business Magazine's Business Directory. That is also not a complete dataset as the information is self-reported by businesses that choose to provide the information, however that database does include full time employees if provided by the business.

Table 6
Employment in Essex as Reported in the VT Business Magazine's Business Directory

	# of Businesses	# of Fulltime Employees
Essex (both Town and Village)	168	8,165
Village	67	5,440
Source: Essex Economic Development (Directory Notes:	Commission & the VT Bu	usiness Magazine's Business
1. This is not a complete census of the have chosen to provide the VT Business		
2. 16 out of the 67 Village businesses; a not report the number of fulltime emp		own businesses in the Directory did
3. The fulltime employment numbers a	ssume IBM has 5 000 ei	mployoes

3.2 **Income Characteristics & Labor Force**

An important factor in the economic health of any community is the local household income level. The income level within any community directly affects a community's health in the following areas:

- Tax base to support the provision of needed community services such as streets. 1) sewer and water facilities, libraries, etc.;
- Type and cost of housing, particularly the availability of affordable housing; 2)
- Types and number of businesses and services available; and 3)
- Ability to attract and maintain a solid commercial and industrial economic base. 4)

Table 7 compares financial characteristics of Essex Junction residents to those of the county. The Median Income in Essex Junction is higher than Chittenden County, indicating the relative prosperity of Essex Junction and the surrounding communities.

Financi	al Characteristics,	2007-2011	
	Essex Junction	Town of Essex (w/o Village)	Chittenden County
Median Household Income	\$64,013	\$73,855	\$62,260
Per Capita Income	\$33,061	\$34,307	\$32,533

	Table 7	
Financial	Characteristics,	2007-2011

Source: U.S. Census, American Community Survey 2007-2011

The 2012 total Labor Force – the population, aged 16 and over, which is employed or unemployed, including those in active military duty - for the Town of Essex is estimated at 11,990. The 2012 annual unemployment rate for the Town of Essex (Essex Junction data is not available) was 3.7% slightly lower than the County's rate of 4.0%, and the State's rate of 5.0% (Source: Annual Unemployment Rate, Not Seasonally Adjusted from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics program produced by the VT Department of Labor, Economic & Labor Market Information). While Vermont still holds one of the lowest unemployment rates in the country, we are vulnerable to a lack of market diversification – as seen by the challenges faced when IBM has layoffs. This further supports the goals of this plan to support, grow and diversify Essex Junction's local economy.

3.3 Village Center and Park Street Areas

The Village Center and Park Street area is the community's traditional business center and home to numerous local businesses and retail shops. The Village is striving to capitalize on this business center, and encourage development that will enhance the environment. Specifically, the Village is encouraging the development of market rate residential development, encouraging the diversification of the mix of non residential land use, attracting new business, marketing vacant retail properties, and working to redevelop underutilized properties. The creation of the Crescent Connector is an example of this vision, as it will revitalize underused property and enhance the Village environment. The continuing viability of the Village Center as a community focal point is an important consideration in this Plan.

Public improvement projects have been a central focus of the economic development efforts in the Village Center over the past five years. The planned development of the Crescent Connector is the largest of these projects; however there have also been numerous smaller projects, such as the construction of additional sidewalk on Lincoln Street and the proposed development of a multi-use path along the rail tracks. The Village has continued to use the gas lamp style lighting to maintain a consistent feel to the Village Center. Another 1.5 million dollar streetscape project was completed in 2008, which included new mast arms and traffic signals at the Five Corners, pedestrian lighting, on-street parking, sidewalks and landscaping. Plans to widen Pearl Street to accommodate cyclists and the potential to pedestrianize a short section of Main Street will stimulate economic activity while accommodating more efficient vehicle movements.

3.4 <u>Pearl Street Business</u>

The Pearl Street business corridor is an important part of Essex Junction's business and retail sector. There are significant differences in the types of businesses located at the Village Center and those along Pearl Street. The Pearl Street corridor contains a variety of local retail and service oriented businesses, including two shopping centers, the Champlain Valley Exposition (CVE), fast food restaurants, numerous other businesses and residential uses. New higher density housing has been introduced which will help sustain the adjacent local businesses.

Reports reveal that Essex Junction businesses serve primarily the local market and are facing competition from recent retail and office developments in surrounding communities. The Village plans for an economic strategy that capitalizes on the economic impact of CVE fair and non-fair related events, and works with property owners to develop underutilized sites for residential and mixed-use development.

In 2005 the Village worked with the CVE and Saratoga Associates on the Pearl Street Enhancement Plan. The major focus of the plan included upgrades to the Pearl Street frontage of the CVE and recommended zoning changes to improve and promote higher density mixed-use development and improved design standards. The CVE frontage was upgraded in 2011.

3.5 Champlain Valley Exposition Fairgrounds

CVE is a major year round events venue. CVE is strategically located close to the Village Center and on a main road, which creates opportunities for local business to capitalize on the influx of people to the Village for CVE events. Public Village representatives should participate in the planning of any changes to the present use, or to the present master plan, as this will affect both the surrounding residents and the entrance into Essex Junction. Any new Master Plan or changes to the existing Master Plan should emphasize mixed use with a base of light industry and commercial uses. In addition, the Village should carefully consider and encourage businesses that support the events at CVE such as hotels and restaurants.

3.6 <u>IBM</u>

Essex Junction has maintained a strong employment base since IBM located within the Village in 1957. IBM is Vermont's second largest private employer and has a major economic impact on the local, regional, and state economies. While IBM has decreased in size, they remain the employment "anchor" in Essex Junction, as well as within the surrounding communities. The demand for commercial and professional services is largely the result of IBM.

In recent years the IBM site has become a Technology Park which is attracting smaller businesses to the site. A joint Village and IBM initiative is developing 300,000 square feet of Light Industrial space on Maple Street which will attract more employers. Diversification on this site will help the Village, Region and State be prepared if there are any additional significant changes at IBM in the future. As one of the State's top employers it would be beneficial to have a plan in place for potential changes (either expansion or contraction) at IBM. Present uncertainties regarding the growth of IBM's local site require intensification of such efforts. The results of this planning should be included in the next update of the Village's Plan and the County's Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy, with involvement of Essex Junction. The Village should support development and infrastructure policies and investments that meet the needs of IBM or their successors, but also minimize impacts on the local residents.

3.7 Implementation Strategies from the Town's Economic Development and Vision Plan

The Village Planning Commission endorses the implementation strategies and should engage in policies to make progress on the strategies as opportunity arises. The Village is particularly interested in maximizing success in the transit specific strategies as identified in #4 (regional multi-modal improvements), #10 (freight rail service expansion), and #12 (transit oriented development). The following is excerpted from the Town's Town Plan: The Essex Selectboard asked the Economic Development Committee (EDC) to prioritize the 13 implementation strategies that were identified in the Economic Development and Vision Plan: Essex, Vermont prepared by BBP and Associates. Many of the strategy recommendations are resource expansive and intertwined, and as a result, were prioritized by the EDC with the goal of maximizing the potential effectiveness of strategies within the human and fiscal resources available. The following list shows the strategies ranked in priority order, from highest to lowest, as summarized and/or amended by the EDC:

1. **Major Roadway Improvements** – The Town is encouraged to engage actively in infrastructure improvement projects, such as completion of the Circ Highway, VT Route 15 corridor improvements, and VT Route 117 improvements, along with the Crescent Connector, (in the Village).

Strategic Industrial Park Evaluation – The evaluation, with regards to the Town's two industrial parks, should enable a better understanding of what is working, what is not, and what is next.
 Government Service Retention and Expansion – The focus would be on the retention of current government services and the attraction and expansion of Federal and State government services, along with the development and submittal of projects that may not be feasible without appropriations from other governmental sources.

4. **Regional Multi-Modal Improvements** – Multi-modal projects can improve both the economic climate and the quality of life in Essex, with a focus on local projects.

5. **Marketing Program** – A marketing program should define an Essex brand, modes to present that brand, and identify niches the Town seeks to occupy (such as outdoor recreation, "green businesses," food commerce, and technology).

6. **IBM Site Initiative** – Communications should be established and maintained with IBM that better enable local government and the community to understand site opportunities and future plans and challenges.

7. **Infill Development** – Infill should be facilitated where appropriate, with care taken to preserve the character of neighborhoods and surrounding areas.

8. **Business Visit/Assistance Team** – A pilot program should be established to test the value of reaching out to existing Town businesses on a regular basis.

9. **Business Development Data Center** – Collecting and updating data on business status and infrastructure is resource intensive, with the costs outweighing potential benefits.

10. **Freight Rail Service Expansion** – Further investments in freight rail infrastructure can have a positive effect the Town's ability to attract business, as well as providing opportunities for expanded passenger rail access and service.

11. **Local Education Resource Promotion** – Promoting the high caliber local school system should be incorporated into a marketing program.

12. **Transit-Oriented Development (TOD)** – The Town should remain vigilant in its search for TOD opportunities and flexible in its response.

13. **Green Entrepreneurial Center** – A low priority, given the estimated price (\$5.3 million) to build a green incubator space.

The EDC believes housing, particularly affordable housing, is a critical component of an economic development strategy, though it was not included in or attached to any of the 13 implementation strategies.

3.8 Business/Economic Development Goals

Goal 1: Assist and work with existing businesses to stay and expand within Essex Junction. Assist and work with new businesses to invest in Essex Junction.

- Objective 1.1: Maintain a favorable business climate in Essex Junction.
- Objective 1.2: Encourage the development of a diverse array of residential units in the Village Center and Pearl St. Districts.
- Objective 1.3: Consider performing market studies or other effort to identify and attract businesses to the Village to enhance Village life.
- Objective 1.4: Work with officials at IBM, as well as the other businesses located at the IBM campus, to meet their future development needs.
- Objective 1.5 Develop a plan for diversifying the IBM property.
- Objective 1.6: Encourage opportunities for bandwidth improvements.
- Objective 1.7: Support efforts to create a culture and environment that encourages entrepreneurs and their start-ups (i.e. co-working spaces, technology training, maker & hacker spaces).
- Objective 1.8: Work with Essex Economic Development Committee to help identify underutilized structures in the Village and assist in matching the landowners with business prospects.

Goal 2: To increase the Village's relationship with the local business community.

Objective 2.1: Look for strategic opportunities to work with business and property owners on economic development.

- Objective 2.2: Work closely with regional businesses through active membership in such organizations as the Greater Burlington Industrial Corporation.
- Objective 2.3: Encourage Village membership on key and regional committees involved with business expansion and economic development. Continue to work with the Essex Economic Development Commission, and the Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission.
- Objective 2.4: Promote the Village as a destination for shopping, services, and tourism.
- Objective 2.5: Provide mechanisms for increased communication between the business community and Village Officials.
- Objective 2.6: Continue work with the Town and Essex Economic Development Commission on the implementation strategies from the Economic Development and Vision Plan: Essex.

Goal 3: To provide mechanisms for efficient and timely review of development applications.

- Objective 3.1: While maintaining environmental standards, ensure that the local codes do not inhibit/prohibit local development.
- Objective 3.2: Provide application checklist of all requirements for each stage of review.

Goal 4: To preserve and enhance the appearance and historical character of the Village of Essex Junction.

- Objective 4.1: Maintain Design Review in the Village Center.
- Objective 4.2: Design publicly financed improvements to preserve the character of the Village Center.
- Objective 4.3: Establish local historic districts or other mechanisms to preserve existing residential structures of significant historic village character along major arterials and in historic neighborhoods.
- Objective 4.4: Create a list of noted historic sites and buildings to supplement Map 2.
- Objective 4.5: Continue streetscape and landscaping efforts to attract private sector investment.

4. Open Space – Recreation & Natural Resources

Open Space bolsters local economies, preserves significant natural resources, provides recreational opportunities and guides growth into appropriate areas. Through the Heart & Soul project residents put great value in their public places for outdoor and indoor recreation for all ages and abilities. Residents treasure Indian Brook reservoir, neighborhood parks and the chance to connect by bicycle or on foot. This chapter describes the protection and management of these valued open spaces as follows: local parks, schools and recreational facilities that provide extensive active recreational opportunities; urban amenities such as sidewalks and plazas; and natural environmental resources.

This chapter also includes a section on flood hazards and flood emergency preparedness and resiliency.

4.1 Local Parks, Schools and Recreational Facilities

The provision of parks and open space for active and passive recreation is an essential and treasured urban function. The 2007 Essex Junction Recreation and Park Master Plan identified all park lands within the Village and determined that there is sufficient parkland to serve Essex Junction's residents. The plan also noted significant natural areas in close proximity to the Village including the Indian Brook Reservoir in the Town of Essex.

Within Essex Junction, the management of the parks, recreation programs and facilities are the responsibility of the school system under the direction of the Prudential Committee. These include the management of all three of Essex Junction's formal parks along with all of the school properties that contain the majority of active recreation facilities within the village. A full-time Recreation Director administers the program. A Recreation and Park Master Plan for 2007-2016 sets the vision, goals and implementation of future recreation projects and park maintenance.

Essex Junctions existing parks and open space include the following (See Map 3):

- **A. Stevens' Park:** 8.2 acre neighborhood park designed for passive, nature oriented activities. Designed walking/jogging trail system (also used by bikers). Low-level activity area with established play equipment.
- **B.** Cascade Park: 10-acre neighborhood park designed for active recreation use. Youth baseball field; three (3) tennis courts; one (1) basketball court; one (1) mini-basketball court; one (1) established play equipment area; one (1) picnic pavilion; parking lot for 18 vehicles.
- C. Maple St. Park: 38 acre Community Park, designed for active recreation use. Facilities include one (1) lighted baseball field, two (2) lighted tennis courts; one (1) lighted basketball court; three (3) picnic pavilions; two (2) outdoor swimming pools with bath house;; two (2) multi-purpose fields; two (2) Little League baseball fields; a trail system; one (1) skatepark; one (1) bikepark; low level playground activity with established play equipment; parking lot for 128 vehicles.
- D. Essex Community Educational Center: 93 acre site housing high school complex. Outdoor facilities include: multi-use stadium; all weather running track; one (1) baseball diamond; one (1) football field; four (4) lighted tennis courts; 400 meter track; parking lot for 370 vehicles.

- **E.** Albert D. Lawton Intermediate School: 33.5 acre site housing middle school building. Outdoor facilities include: One (1) baseball field, one (1) soft ball field, four (4) multi-purpose field areas, parking lot for 110 vehicles.
- **F. Fleming School:** 5.44 acre site that houses elementary school complex. Outdoor facilities include: one (1) basketball court; high intensity playground area; one (1) youth baseball field, multi-purpose play area; parking lot for 301 vehicles.
- **G. Hiawatha School:** 15.65 acre site that houses elementary school complex. Outdoor facilities include: one (1) youth baseball field; two (2) multi-purpose fields; low level playground activity area.
- **H.** Summit Street School: 3.7 acre site that houses elementary school complex. Outdoors facilities include: high intensity playground area; large open space area.
- I. Park Street School: 1.29 acre site that houses alternative school building. Outdoors facilities include: low-level playground activity area.
- **J.** "Parizo Farm" Property: 7.73 acres owned by the Essex Junction School District adjacent to the Hiawatha School.
- K. Fairview Farms: 10 acres owned by the village; currently natural area open space
- L. Whitcomb Heights: 9 acres designated natural area open space.

M. State Property at 111 West Street: 30 acres of open green space, including 98 community garden plots and the Essex Dog Park, both managed by Essex Junction Recreation & Parks.

N. Tree Farm Recreational Facility: 99.1 acres of green space including 13+ soccer fields which are home to a variety of soccer tournaments and the space is available to community members for dog walking, kite flying, and bike riding.

O. Meadow Terrace Community Gardens: 24 organic community garden plots administered through Essex Junction Recreation & Parks.

- **P. Other Available sites:** There are several facilities owned by other agencies which provide recreation opportunities to Village Residents:
 - 1. Indian Brook Park: 577 acres, Town of Essex Natural Park. Outdoor activities
 - 2. Winooski Valley Overlook Park: 4 acres, Winooski Valley Park District Natural area
 - 3. Sixty-eight Acre Park: 58 acres, Town of Essex natural area.
 - 4. Pearl Street Park: 14 Acres, Town of Essex Active, athletic Park
 - 5. Champlain Valley Exposition Fairgrounds: North of Pearl Street

At Essex Junction Recreation & Parks (EJRP), significant improvements have taken place over the past several years to accomplish master plan goals and meet community needs. A Head of Grounds and Facilities Maintenance was hired to oversee the maintenance and operations of the parks and facilities, a maintenance plan is in place for the athletic fields and playgrounds, several fields at Maple Street park have been irrigated, a court resurfacing schedule has been established, there is new signage at each of the three Village parks, a Bike/Walk Advisory Committee was established by the Village Trustees, the skate park at Maple Street Park was constructed, the Essex Dog Park was

built at 111 West Street, the Bike Park at Maple Street Park was constructed, 32 new garden plots were added at the Community Gardens at 111 West Street.

The only pieces of the recreation master plan related to facilities that are not yet implemented include building two sand volleyball courts at Maple Street Park, and further investigating the need for more indoor recreation space, including an indoor swimming pool. Sand volleyball courts are currently in the FY17 capital plan, though Maple Street Park has some space constraints as much of the property is already used. The Recreation Advisory Council is beginning discussions this year about future space needs. In addition, the Summit Street Natural Playground Group is working to change the traditional playground into a "natural playground" as a community resource.

In 2009, the vote for a previously established one cent (\$.01) tax on the municipal grand list to support the Recreation and Parks Capital Replacement Reserve Fund failed. In a subsequent vote, \$75K was approved by tax payers to support the fund. Since 2009, the annual vote continues to be on the question of \$75K and has been approved. The difference between the one cent (\$.01) on the grand list vs. the \$75K results in \$25K less investment each year. With increasing demands on programs, parks, and facilities, more capital funding will be required to maintain and enhance parks and facilities, especially as the building and pools both age.

4.2 Other Urban Amenities

Essex Junction also puts great value in its downtown public streetscape, comprehensive sidewalk network, off-road bike-paths, and several quiet residential neighborhoods where biking and walking are a common form of recreation. Heart & Soul participants identified these resources as vital to Health, Safety, Thoughtful Growth and Community Connections.

Essex Junction has invested significant resources towards the revitalization of its historic downtown in the Five Corners over the last five years. A major piece of that effort has been public streetscape and open space improvements. A thriving Farmers Market has been accommodated on Lincoln Place. The annual Village Block Party has been a huge success, but requires the closing of Railroad Avenue. Noticeably absent in the downtown is a village green, a symbol of the New England Village. The development of a green in the Village Center would require demolition and redevelopment.

The Transit Oriented Development Zoning District along Pearl Street encourages the provision of passive outdoor spaces such as a plaza or green in redevelopment projects.

Sidewalks and urban street trees are critical components of open space in an urban area. They help to connect residents with the larger open spaces, and help to create a walkable, vibrant downtown. In the more urban areas of the Village, such as the Village Center and Transit Oriented Development District, wider sidewalks will be required on new streets along with benches and pedestrian amenities. The Village has widened sidewalks as part of the Main Street and Railroad Avenue Streetscape Projects, and Park Street as part of the Essex Junction Redevelopment Project.

Bike paths are also critical components of urban open space. The Bike/Walk Committee is working to map all routes and linkages in the village and identify gaps, and is working on developing this into a future bike and pedestrian official map. The Committee has also developed a list for use in review of development projects. In addition the particular type of connection should be flexible as the best solutions are site specific.

Paths that are currently being considered include:

• a dedicated multi-use path from Essex Junction to Richmond;

- pedestrian link connecting the state property on West Street to Pearl Street by Harley Davison Motorcycles;
- changes to Park Street due to the crescent connector road which will include a pedestrian sidewalk, bike lane, and allow travel from Park Street to Route 15 even when the chip train is traveling through the village (construction may be complete by summer 2015);
- path through CVE property connecting Route 2A to Route 15;
- path connection to the tree farm off Old Colchester Road from Autumn Pond apartments and the high school. There will be a complete loop around the tree farm and the developer of Autumn Pond will maintain the path connection; and
- encourage links with surrounding communities.

In addition, the Village tree planting program to replenish and maintain trees in the Village right-ofway is an essential component of the urban open space infrastructure. This work of the Village Tree Advisory Committee is discussed further in the Agriculture & Forestry chapter.

4.3 <u>Natural Environmental Resources</u>

The natural resources base within, and adjacent to a community, are important factors to consider for several reasons. First, they may limit, or direct the type of development which will occur. Second, they contribute to the quality of life within the community. Third, they provide opportunities to preserve important environmental areas. Finally, they provide important recreational opportunities for residents. The safe, attractive and efficient utilization of land is largely dependent upon these important natural resources. These resources all contribute to the identity of the Village as a desirable place to live and work. Residents value these resources as reflected in the Heart and Soul values, particularly Health & Recreation and Thoughtful Growth.

Map 1 identifies several important natural resources within the Village, briefly described below. Protection of these resources are listed here and in several other chapters throughout the Plan.

Watersheds and Rivers – It is useful to start a natural resources discussion with watersheds, as an integrated watershed approach to the protection of land and water resources is key to ensuring fresh, clean water, habitats and healthy natural resources. There are two basin level watersheds in Essex Junction – the Winooski River, and direct discharges to Lake Champlain (Indian Brook – discharges in Malletts Bay). The two waterways passing through the Village - Indian Brook and Sunderland Brook - feed these larger basins. These rivers serve as habitat for fish and wildlife, as natural flood control features, and as an attractive environment in which to live. Erosion control and stormwater management are important measures to restore and protect these resources. The Utility section of this plan describes the measures that the Village is taking on this front. In addition, the following Flood Plain and Fluvial Erosion Hazard Areas contain further detail.

Flood Plains – Floodplains are those areas that are under water during periods of high flow. For regulatory purposes the floodplain consists of the Special Flood Hazard Area and the Floodway – as identified by the Federal Emergency Management Administration (FEMA). The Special Flood Hazard Area is the area subject to a 1% or greater chance of flooding in any year. Thus, while on average such lands flood once every 100 years, floods can and do occur more frequently. The Floodway means the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one foot at any point. The floodway is the area where the fastest moving and most destructive floodwaters will flow during the 100 year flood. Thus, while all land within the floodplain will be wet during a 100 year flood, the most damage to property and loss of life will occur in the floodway.

Essex Junction protects its flood plain through flood hazard zoning regulations which limits the amount of damage by limiting the amount of development and fill in flood plains. These development regulations also present opportunities to maintain natural open spaces and develop needed recreation facilities. The largest designated Flood Plain lies adjacent to the Winooski River. The second area is located in the northern section, along Indian Brook, from the northeast corner of the Fairgrounds across Lincoln and Main Streets to the easterly boundary of the Countryside subdivision.

Fluvial Erosion Hazard Areas - While some flood losses are caused by inundation (i.e. waters rise, fill, and damage low-lying structures), most flood losses in Vermont are caused by "fluvial erosion". Fluvial erosion is caused by rivers and streams, and can range from gradual stream bank erosion to catastrophic channel enlargement, bank failure, and change in course, due to naturally occurring stream channel adjustments. The areas most subject to this type of erosion are called "Fluvial Erosion Hazard Areas (FEH)" and these areas have been identified and mapped in accordance with accepted state fluvial geomorphic assessment and mapping protocols. These are depicted on Map 1.

A FEH area includes the stream and the land adjacent to the stream. It identifies the area where stream processes can occur to enable the river to re-establish and maintain stable conditions over time. The area boundaries also attempt to capture the lands most vulnerable to fluvial erosion in the near term, as well as the area needed by a river to maintain equilibrium. The map also provides a valuable insight into the location and nature of fluvial erosion hazards, and can be used to support many effective mitigation options. As can be seen on Map 1. most of the fluvial erosion hazard areas are located within the floodplain which is protected from new development. However, there is an area south of Cascade Street that is not currently regulated by the flood plain regulations. This area should be monitored to determine if additional protections are needed. Also, because fluvial erosion is not only caused by

How Fluvial Erosion Occurs:

Every river has a probable form, reflecting its complex interaction of many factors, including inputs from its watershed (water, sediment, ice, woody debris) as well as the physiographic setting (geology, soils, vegetation, valley type). Figure 1 illustrates the balance between watershed inputs (water and sediment), channel characteristics (slope and boundary conditions) and the physical response of a channel either by aggradation (sediment deposition), or degradation (scouring of sediment).

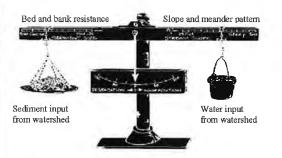


Figure 1. The channel balance (Lane, 1955)

Illustration credit: Lane, E.W. 1955. The Importance of Fluvial Morphology in Hydraulic Engineering. In Proceedings of the American Society of Civil Engineers 81(745): 1-17. Reproduced by permission of the American Society of Civil Engineers.

When all the elements are in balance, a river is said to be in "dynamic equilibrium." A river in equilibrium can carry its load of water, sediment, and debris, even during high flows, without dramatic changes in the width, depth, or length (slope). A dramatic change in any of these elements will tilt the balance and lead to changes (or adjustment) as a river attempts to move back toward an equilibrium condition. This adjustment is often expressed as fluvial erosion, or major changes in channel dimension and location, as a river attempts to regain equilibrium.

One common mode of channel adjustment seen throughout Vermont is the response of a river to straightening. When a river is straightened, the slope of the channel is increased. As a result, the river has more power, and a greater ability to carry sediment, and begins to incise, eroding the stream bed. The incision leads to a situation where the river becomes disconnected from its floodplain. Without floodplain access, which serves the essential purposes of slowing floodwaters and storing sediment, stream banks are subjected to the full power of flood flows, leading to extensive fluvial erosion. If left alone, the river will eventually erode its banks enough that it can lengthen its channel, regain a more stable slope, and develop a new floodplain at a lower elevation.

"A variety of diverse wetland

floodplain forest communities

along the Winooski River (e.g.,

the Winooski Oxbow Wetlands

and the 68 Acres Site) that are

cleared for agriculture. These natural communities are one of

because of their location along

the river - they filter excessive

communities are found in

uncommon in Vermont

because most have been

the most highly functioning

Essex. Of special note are

new development, all of the fluvial erosion areas should be monitored to see how best to accommodate fluvial equilibrium and natural erosion processes while minimizing undue damage to property.

Wetlands – The development on or near wetlands is strictly regulated. In addition, wetlands provide a natural habitat for animals and preserve natural areas (described in more detail in the following section). They also serve important ecological functions including storm water runoff purification and ground water recharge. The wetland areas identified by the Vermont Significant Wetlands Inventory are indicated on Map 1. It should be noted that there may be additional wetlands that are not currently mapped.

Significant Wildlife Habitat – Just as the southern portion of Essex is described in the Essex Open Space Plan 2008 and the 2011 Essex Town Plan, the Essex Junction landscape is mostly a developed urban core which, for wildlife, presents highly fragmented and isolated backyard, woodlot, wetland and streamside environments marked by a strong human presence. This type of habitat is home to wildlife species that can live where roads, houses, industry, people and their pets can be found. Habitats of particular significance, and mapped on Map 1. include:

• The Essex Open Space Plan 2008 identifies a portion of the Winooski River riparian area in both Essex and Essex Village as a Contiguous Habitat Unit - defined as a larger, relatively continuous wildlife habitat area that has been defined and mapped based on the presence of wetlands and riparian habitat. This area is also considered to be a Natural Community, defined below. The particular significance of this area is described in the sidebar - especially the intact floodplain forest in the Winooski Valley Park District's Woodside Natural Area.

nutrients during flood events and provide critical riparian habitat. They are also one of the most degraded - in many places all that remains of these floodplain forests is a thin strip of trees along the riverbank." Essex Open Space Plan 2008 Natural Communities are identified at a larger scale than species specific habitats, and they consist of an interacting assemblage of plants and animals, their physical environment, and the natural processes that affect them. These communities are assigned a state rank that describes the

- rarity of the community type in Vermont. The rank of the communities found in Essex Junction can be found on the State's BioFinder at biofinder.vt.gov/. These communities include wetlands, surface waters and riparian areas, and particular types of upland communities. Rare, Threatened & Endangered Species – A rare species only has a few populations left in
- Vermont and faces threats from development of their habitat, harassment, collection, and suppression of natural processes (such as fire). The VT Fish and Wildlife Department uses a ranking scheme to describe rarity in Vermont (S1 is very rare, and S5 is common and widespread) - this information can be found on the State's BioFinder. Endangered and Threatened species are generally described as "species whose continued existence as a viable component of the state's wild fauna or flora is in jeopardy" and are protected by State and Federal law (Conserving Vermont's Natural Heritage, Vermont Fish and Wildlife Department and Agency of Natural Resources).

As Map 1 shows there are a number of these habitat locations – most, but not all, are associated with the Winooski River, Indian Brook, Sunderland Brook and the tributaries that feed them. Efforts to protect these habitats and species are critical to protecting and preserving Vermont's heritage and

can include conservation, restoration, and management plans. In summary, Significant Wildlife Habitat includes those natural features that contribute to the survival and/or reproduction of the native wildlife of Essex Junction. These areas include, but are not limited to: contiguous habitat units; habitat for rare, threatened, and endangered species (state or federally listed); riparian areas and surface waters; and wetlands.

Scenic Views - Although there are many outstanding view sheds within the Village, three areas have been particularly identified. First, in the northeasterly section of the Village, between Upper Main Street and the Countryside development, is the highest point within the Village. Spectacular views of Mount Mansfield and the Adirondack Mountains are visible from this location. Second, the river crossing on Park Street provides views of the Winooski River and serves as a scenic entrance to the Village. Third, along the westerly end of Pearl Street there are spectacular views of the Winooski River Valley.

Forested Areas – Much of the land that was forested has been developed within the Village. The State of Vermont abandoned its tree nursery operation on Old Colchester Road and has sold the property to the Village and Town for recreational use. Other heavily forested areas are located on the Whitcomb Farm. Maintaining the forested areas on the Whitcomb Farm along the Winooski River is particularly critical for wildlife habitat and flood protection.

Agricultural Areas – The Village is fortunate to have one active farm still in existence. The Whitcomb Farm is in the southwest sector of the Village has been actively farmed by the Whitcombs since 1879. The Vermont Land Trust, with funding assistance from the Village, purchased development rights on 271 acres of the Whitcomb Farm in March 2014. Additional development rights are planned for purchase on approximately 143 acres, pending funding in 2015. See the Agriculture chapter for more details.

Prime-Ag Soils - Soil classifications are another important natural characteristic within the Village, particularly as they pertain to prime-ag soils, whose development potential may be limited, or mitigation required, by the State of Vermont under Act 250. The prime-ag soils in the Village are identified on Map 1.

Sand & Gravel – There are no sand and gravel operations or resources in the Village.

Thrust Faults - As noted in the 2011 Essex Town Plan there are two thrust faults running southeast to northwest through the southwest quadrant of the Town (and therefore in the Village). These are described in the 2011 Essex Town Plan as follows: "There is no recorded mention of movement along these faults so seismic danger is minimal. Below the fault, however, is a deep layer of very porous carbonate which allows ready movement of water and facilitates the aquifer recharge process. At present, this porous layer of carbonate is protected by the upper impervious plate and/or a substantial layer of surficial material." Analysis of these areas should be considered in order to determine how properties along the thrust faults should be managed.

4.4 Other Natural Resource Considerations

Air Quality – Outdoor air pollution in significant concentrations can raise aesthetic and nuisance issues such as impairment of scenic visibility; unpleasant smoke or odors; and can also pose human health problems, especially for more sensitive populations like children, asthma sufferers, and the elderly. While Chittenden County's air quality meets current National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), we are close to the limits for ground-level ozone and fine particulates. We are also subject to pollution from the mid-west that we cannot control. If the NAAQS are revised to be more stringent

- or air pollutant levels increase - so that we exceed the NAAQS, additional and costly environmental regulations will apply to our region (Source: 2013 Chittenden County ECOS Plan and http://www.anr.state.vt.us/air/).

Climate Change - Temperature and precipitation records for the latter half of the 20th century show that Chittenden County's climate has changed: winters became warmer and summers became hotter. Lake Champlain freezes over later and less frequently and the growing season lasts longer. While it is unknown exactly how future climate trends will specifically affect Chittenden County, precipitation throughout the northeast is projected to increase as much as 10 percent over the century. Climate model forecasts for the Northeast US predict that during this century temperatures will continue to increase, as will extreme heat days and heat waves. Scientists overwhelmingly agree that changes in climate worldwide are a result of human activities, mainly the burning of fossil fuels. Current and predicted changes in climate will have broad implications for environmental quality, natural communities, public health, built environment, and local economy. The regional greenhouse gas emissions inventory determined that 1,193,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalents were generated in Chittenden County in 2010. This amount is approximately 16% of the state's 2011 greenhouse gas emissions. Transportation accounts for 48% of county emissions; heating fuels account for 38%.

Climate change mitigation and adaptation measures are varied and include many strategies the Village is already undertaking for other reasons – for example, the Village's efforts to increase sidewalks and bikepaths will provide residents with an alternative mode of transportation that does not produce greenhouse gas emissions. The Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission's *Creating a Climate for Resilience: Chittenden County Regional Climate Action Guide* identifies priority regional strategies and actions, and provides guidance on actions for interested municipalities, employers, and individuals. The Guide includes actions for both reducing the ways we contribute to climate change (climate mitigation) and to adapt in ways that make us more resilient to a changing climate (climate adaptation).

Genetically Engineered Trees – Just as we've seen in agriculture, genetic engineering is being introduced in the forestry industry as well. There are many reasons why geneticists have been working on this, including pest resistant trees, and the reduction of lignin which complicates the paper making process. The effects of these new genes are unknown, though interference with the natural environment is certain considering pollen drifts.

4.5 Flood Resiliency

As of July 1, 2014 municipal plans are required to include a flood resiliency goal and element. The requirements include identification of flood hazard and fluvial erosion hazard areas; designates those areas to be protected, including floodplains, river corridors, land adjacent to streams, wetlands, and upland forests, to reduce the risk of flood damage to infrastructure and improved property; and recommends policies and strategies to protect these areas and mitigate risks. This Plan calls for avoiding new development in these areas and eliminates exacerbation of flooding and fluvial erosion, encourages protection and restoration of these areas, and plans for flood emergency preparedness and response.

Identification of the flood and fluvial erosion hazard areas, and the areas to be protected were described in this chapter above, and are mapped on Map 1, and Map 11. The Village and Town joint All Hazards Mitigation Plan (AHMP) developed in conjunction with the Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission (adopted in 2011, planned for update in 2016) also identifies the most significant hazards for Essex and Essex Junction:

Severe winter storm	Power loss	Telecommunications failure
Major transportation incident	Key employer loss	Hazardous materials incident
Multi-structure urban fire	Flooding	Water service loss

While the AHMP includes much more detail on these hazards, particular issues identified regarding flood risk include:

- "Parts of Essex Town and Essex Junction lie downstream of the Essex Dam #19, which is the only high-hazard dam located in Chittenden County. Green Mountain Power, which owns the dam, has mapped the area that would be inundated in the unlikely event of a dam failure. Innundation maps are routinely reviewed and updated to identify new developments that might be affected by inundation. The emergency action plan for the dam is updated annually and provided to appropriate first-responder organizations."
- The AHMP identifies two critical facilities (The Center for Disaster Management and Humanitarian Assistance defines critical facilities as: "Those structures critical to the operation of a community and the key installations of the economic sector.") associated with Green Mountain Power in the floodplain in Essex Junction. However, as Map 11 shows there are actually three critical facilities in the floodplain, including Essex Rescue.
- As of 2009, there are 5 residences and three commercial/industrial structures, including Essex Rescue, located within the 100-year floodplain in Essex Junction.
- Map 11 (and updated version of Map 3.1 in the AHMP) maps all structures, including bridges and culverts, in the floodplain.
- The AHMP finds that while existing structures in the floodplain are at risk, the Village zoning restricts new development in the designated flood hazard areas. The capabilities of the Departments of Public Works to mitigate flood impacts on municipal roads are considered adequate, with the exception of the Indian Brook Reservoir Dam.

The AHMP also identifies a number of actions the Village is taking to address these concerns. For example, the Village has an Emergency Operations Plan that provides directive for emergency preparedness and response planning; the Village maintains a culvert inventory and works to upgrade and maintain these culverts through the Capital Improvement program; and the Land Development Code protects these areas through the following mechanisms:

- Floodplain regulations in accordance with the National Flood Insurance Program;
- Low Impact Development (LID) is required of all developments. Applicants must demonstrate why LID is not possible before being granted access to the Village stormwater system.
- Review of all development within 200' of any waterway, floodplain or wetland. A 15 foot or more undisturbed buffer must be maintained adjacent to streams – this may be increased based on flood plain profile, slope of the land or other conditions. A 50 setback is considered above the high water mark of the floodplain for stream meandering, flooding or other natural processes. It is the objective of these standards to promote the establishment and protection of heavily vegetated areas of native vegetation and trees along waterways in order to reduce the impact of stormwater runoff, prevent soil erosion, protect wildlife and fish habitat and maintain water quality.

Goal 6 below calls for maintaining and expanding on these flood resiliency efforts.

4.6 Open Space/Recreation/Environmental Goals

Goal 1: Support the Essex Junction Recreation Department in providing a wide range of recreation and leisure opportunities for all residents of the Village.

- Objective 1.1: Continue regulations which require the dedication of usable park lands and open spaces as a requirement of major development approval.
- Objective 1.2: Support the implementation of the 2007 Essex Junction Recreation and Park Master Plan.
- Objective 1.3:Encourage increasing the annual funding of the Recreation Capital
Replacement Reserve Fund to one cent (.01) of the municipal grand list.Objective 1.4:Encourage implementation of a recreation impact fee to create a fund to
support future community park and facility needs.

Goal 2: Create urban open spaces.

- Objective 2.1: Encourage the provision of plazas and other urban outdoor areas in major redevelopment projects in the Village Center and Transit Oriented Development Districts.
- Objective 2.2: Require pedestrian and bicycle amenities in the creation of new public streets in the Village Center and Transit Oriented Development Districts.
- Objective 2.3: Consider the development of a village green within the Village Center District.
- Objective 2.4: Encourage or require the preservation of open space in new residential developments. Allow for innovative design in the preservation of open space through clustering and design techniques.

Goal 3: Preserve the natural beauty indigenous to Vermont within the Village of Essex Junction.

- Objective 3.1: Maintain regulations which encourage the preservation of trees in new development.
- Objective 3.2: Implement a program of selective planting of trees on private property adjacent to existing road right-of-ways.
- Objective 3.3: Promote and actively participate in an annual tree planting program.
- Objective 3.4: Consider protection of the outstanding view sheds identified in this Plan through amendments to the Land Development Code.

Goal 4: Continue protection of existing natural resources identified in this chapter.

- Objective 4.1: Continue to enforce stormwater treatment standards in the Land Development Code to improve water quality in impaired waters and to minimize non-point source water pollution from new development.
- Objective 4.2: Require retention of vegetation or effective re-vegetation of areas vulnerable to erosion.
- Objective 4.3: Work with the Center for Technology Essex to develop a nursery to raise street trees for the Village and Town.
- Objective 4.4: Continue incentivizing growth in the areas planned for growth, so that development pressures on natural resources and open spaces are lessened.
- Objective 4.5: Ensure protection of the Village's significant wildlife habitat resources by inventorying the resources, determining their current level of protection, and if

necessary define them and establish standards for protection of them in the Land Development Code.

- Objective 4.6: Coordinate with the Town, Region and State on efforts to establish air quality goals/objectives and encourage methods of air quality improvement.
- Objective 4.7: Analyze the thrust faults to determine how properties in these areas should be managed for protection of aquifer recharge and minimizing undue property damage.

Goal 5: Reduce greenhouse gas emissions contributing to climate change and adapt to become more resilient to a changing climate.

- Objective 5.1: Engage in climate mitigation strategies to reduce the region's contribution of greenhouse gases. For example, continue to implement policies that promote investment in transportation options that reduce emissions such as sidewalks and bike lanes; and implement programs to increase urban forest canopy.
- Objective 5.2: Engage in climate adaptation strategies to help individuals, businesses and communities be able to withstand and bounce back from or even take advantage of the impacts of climate change. For example, prepare and maintain plans for emergency operations, emergency response, business continuity and business recovery.
- Goal 6: Avoid new development in floodplains, fluvial erosion hazard areas, and land adjacent to streams, wetlands, and upland forests; eliminate the exacerbation of flooding and fluvial erosion; encourage protection and restoration of these areas; and plan for flood emergency preparedness and response.
- Objective 6.1: Continue to enforce the flood plain regulations to protect flood prone areas and minimize fluvial erosion.
- Objective 6.2: Monitor the fluvial erosion hazard area south of Cascade Street that is not currently regulated by the flood plain regulations to determine if additional protections are needed.
- Objective 6.3: Monitor all of the fluvial erosion areas to see how best to accommodate fluvial equilibrium and natural erosion processes while minimizing undue damage to property.
- Objective 6.4: Plan culvert replacements for any undersized culverts in conjunction with roadway improvements.
- Objective 6.5: Review the Hazard Mitigation Plan on a regular basis and follow-up on action steps.
- Objective 6.6: Continue annual certification of the Emergency Operations Plan.

5. Education and Child Care

The Village of Essex Junction is centrally located and has ready access to numerous colleges and universities including the University of Vermont, Champlain College, St. Michael's College and Burlington College. These facilities provide varied opportunities for residents of the Village.

The public school system in the Village of Essex Junction is administered by the Essex Junction School District, an incorporated district which was chartered by the State in 1892, and the Union School District #46, established by the voters in the Village of Essex Junction and Town of Essex in 1995. The Essex Junction School District encompasses three elementary schools and one intermediate school. The school district is also responsible for the operations of the Essex Junction Recreation and Parks department. The Union School District #46 encompasses one high school and one regional vocational-technical center serving the communities of Bolton, Charlotte, Essex Junction, Essex Town, Fairfax, Grand Isle, Hinesburg, Huntington, Jericho, North Hero, Richmond, St. George, Shelburne, South Hero, Underhill, Westford, Williston, Winooski, and the Champlain Valley and Mount Mansfield Union High Schools.

Table 8 identifies existing school sites and acreage. Anticipated future school populations are listed in Table 9.

Table 8School Property Inventory

Ed Center	93.0	acres
A.D. Lawton	33.5	acres
Hiawatha	15.65	acres
Summit	3.7	acres
Fleming	5.44	acres
Park Street	1.29	acres
51 Park Street (SU Office)	0.56	acres

Management, including planning, of the Essex Junction School District is by a five member "Prudential Committee" whose members are elected from the public at large. Management, including planning, of the Union School District #46 is by a six member School Board, three of whose members are elected by the Village, and three of whose members are elected by the Town of Essex (outside of the Village). The Prudential Committee's and Union School Board's functions include fiscal responsibility and the setting of school policies and standards. The Prudential Committee and Union School Board are responsible for planning for the local school systems. Specific education plans are available at the School District Offices.

			Estimate	d Futu	re Pop	ulation	in Ess	ex June	ction S	chools			
Year	Births	К	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 4	< - 5	6-8	K - 8
1990	239	93	132	116	114	95	107	110	108	94	657	312	969
1991	250	118	8 104	136	118	111	98	116	104	108	685	328	1013
1992	233	121	123	103	134	112	107	103	125	103	700	331	1031
1993	215	94	125	125	107	129	114	111	105	130	694	346	1040
1994	205	128	108	127	129	116	127	120	115	99	735	334	1069
1995	202	122	135	104	130	133	118	144	125	119	742	388	1130
1996	212	87	124	139	110	126	130	131	138	135	716	404	1120
1997	210	117	96	122	138	107	128	134	132	142	708	408	1116
1998	212	119	131	97	128	137	116	132	134	132	728	398	1126
1999	233	90	123	125	105	123	133	118	132	148	699	398	1097
2000	221	104	97	123	126	101	132	135	123	128	683	386	1069
2001	199	101	114	88	129	118	99	130	135	126	649	391	1040
2002	207	99	111	119	90	130	118	110	131	136	667	377	1044
2003	231	98	106	105	123	87	130	125	104	131	649	360	1009
2004	228	104	107	104	107	127	88	128	129	105	637	362	999
2005	227	114	96	102	103	111	123	92	128	136	649	356	1005
2006	204	96	115	99	107	107	106	131	99	122	630	352	982
2007	224	101	99	119	103	106	109	105	140	103	637	348	985
2008	261	119	100	103	113	106	106	113	105	141	647	359	1006
2009	205	111	109	98	107	112	113	110	116	110	650	336	986
2010	189	116	113	117	103	111	112	109	111	113	672	333	1005
2011	207	106	114	120	115	107	111	117	109	112	673	338	1011
2012	211	102	110	117	120	114	103	112	123	113	666	348	1014
2013	214	112	111	113	124	117	113	112	117	124	690	353	1043
2014	215	113	112	114	116	124	118	116	114	119	697	349	1046
2015	216	96		115	117	116	125	122	119	116	682	357	1039
2016	217	96	96	116	118	117	117	129	125	121	660	375	1035
2017	217	101	96	98	119	118	118	121	132	127	650	380	1030
2018	218	103	101	98	100	119	119	122	124	134	640	380	1020
2019	219	104	103	104	100	100	120	123	125	126	631	374	1005
2020	220	105	104	106	107	100	101	124	126	127	623	377	1000
2021	219	105		107	109	107	101	104	127	128	634	359	993
2022	218	105		108	110	109	108	104	106	129	645	339	984
2023	217	105		108	111	110	110	111	106	107	649	324	973
2024	216	106		108	111	111	111	113	113	107	652	333	985
2025	215	106		108	111	111	112	114	115	115	654	344	998
2026	213	106		109	111	111	112	115	117	117	655	349	1004
2027	211	106		109	112	111	112	115	118	119	656	352	1008
2028	209	105		109	112	112	112	115	118	120	656	353	1009
2029	207	105		109	112	112	113	115	118	120	656	353	1009
2030	205	105		108	112	112	113	116	118	120	655	354	1009

Table 9: Estimated Future Population in Essex Junction Schools

As can be seen from the above table, school populations are anticipated to remain fairly level for the next five years, then drop slightly to about 1,000 for the foreseeable future. The school district has no plans for new schools. However, the Union #46 District completed a \$12.5 million renovation of several spaces within the Educational Center (high school, tech center, and rink) in 2008 and several renovations have occurred in recent years to improve each Essex Junction school. Single Family housing development, which tends to have the biggest impact on school enrollment populations, is

occurring at a very low rate due to the scarcity of vacant land. The increase in multi-family development in the Village is not likely to have a major impact on school enrollments.

5.1 <u>Childcare</u>

The availability of adequate childcare facilities for working parents is widely considered a critical ingredient of a healthy community. Not only is childcare an essential part of a community's social infrastructure, support for such facilities is increasingly considered an important economic development strategy.

The Essex Junction School District is a dedicated partner with the community in providing young children with high quality preschool and early care learning experiences. The Essex Junction School District provides high quality in-house preschool instruction to approximately 30 students. Through their agreements with high quality private preschool providers, that number increases to approximately 90 students total. The Essex Junction Recreation and Parks department is one of the private preschool partners and services about 18 students (most of which are Village residents). The department also provides after school childcare for nearly 200 children through its Village Kids program which operates out of Fleming, Hiawatha, and Summit Street schools during the school year. In addition, the department provides childcare for nearly 100 children during the summer through its Camp Maple Street program which serves about 90 children for nine weeks.

Childcare facilities are regulated by the Vermont Department for Children and Families. Providers operating out of private homes who care for not more than six pre-school children from two or more families, in addition to not more than four school age children for four or fewer hours each day, must be registered with the state.

According to the 2010 U.S. Census, 565 Village residents are under the age of 5 (6.1%), 591 residents are 5 to 9 years old (6.4%), and 610 residents are 10 to 14 years old (6.6%). While there is no way to determine how many families need childcare for those children, we can report the capacity and vacancy for the current childcare providers. As of February 2014, the VT Dept. for Children and Families Bright Futures Child Care Information System reports there were 16 licensed programs (including school programs) and 10 registered homes providing care for children in Essex Junction. These facilities have a combined capacity to serve 70 infants, 49 toddlers, 205 pre-school children and 393 school age children for a total of 694. At the time of this count there were the following vacancies: 16 infant, 9 toddler, 28 pre-school, and 16 school age for a total of 69. It appears that the licensed programs are licensed to serve additional students than they report for capacity so they may apply for a greater number than they are currently prepared to serve. It is important to note that the Child Care Information System reports data as provided to them by the programs – they do not do a census count. While there appears to be some capacity available in the existing programs, the Village appears to be adequately served by the existing childcare facilities. In addition, there are ample opportunities for new facilities as childcare facilities and home daycare facilities are allowed in most areas of the village. Map 5 identifies the locations of publically funded childcare facilities in the village.

5.2 Education Goals

Goal 1: Provide opportunities for access to quality education for all segments of the population and promote full use of all facilities.

Objective 1.1: Coordinate with the School District to minimize any negative impact to school resources which results from major new residential development.

- Objective 1.2: Encourage the use of Village and school facilities during evening and weekend hours for adult education, educational workshops and career development programs.
- Goal 2: Cooperate and coordinate with the School District in providing enrollment projections within the Village.
- Goal 3: Encourage alternative access to all educational facilities through the use of sidewalks, bike paths and mass transportation as appropriate.
- Goal 4: Maximize use of all public facilities, Village and School, by utilizing the facilities for community and service organizations during off-peak hours.
- Goal 5: Promote an elementary school safety program to increase awareness of bicycle and pedestrian safety issues. Continue participation in Vermont's Safe Routes to School Program.
- Goal 6: Continue to allow childcare facilities and home daycares in all zoning districts that permit schools as well as all residential zoning districts.

6. Utilities/Facilities

Community facilities and utilities are provided by the Village, Town or other quasi-public entities for the health, benefit, safety, and enjoyment of the general public. They include wastewater disposal systems, public water supply, stormwater management, solid waste disposal, utilities, library services, fire protection, police and rescue services. Careful planning is essential for community facilities and services if they are to meet local goals for future growth and sustainability. While, these utilities and facilities are necessary for helping the Village maintain all of the Heart & Soul values, they are particularly important to the Safety value. Other infrastructure like roads and sidewalks are discussed in more detail in the Transportation chapter.

6.1 <u>Water Distribution System</u>

The Village of Essex Junction receives its water from the Champlain Water District (CWD). CWD is a water wholesale company that maintains a network of distribution pipes and meters throughout the communities that they service. Water enters into the Village through three main master meters controlled by CWD. Water leaves the Village through one meter. With IBM as a major water user, water into the Village is over 5.5 MGD (Million Gallons per Day). Village users consume 0.75 MGD the balance of the water passes through the system with bulk water billing managed by CWD and water to IBM managed by the Village.

The high volume of water that passes through the community makes the Essex Junction water system one of the largest in the state by hydraulic volume. This high volume of water is good for water quality. With large volumes of water and meters out of the Village of Essex Junction direct control, accurate wholesale billing and acute monitoring of the distribution system for leakage is very important for rate stability.

The Water Department purchased a leak detection system for constant monitoring of the water system for leaks. Twice annually, unaccounted for water or water loss is calculated as part of the residential billing cycle. The Village continues to maintain water loss at low level, well below industry norms.

The residential section water distribution system in the Village of Essex Junction consists of a high pressure system and a low pressure sections. The majority of the Village is serviced off the low pressure system. The high pressure system services a section located in the northeast corner of the Village, this area consists of all Countryside Development, Corduroy Road, Vale Drive, Mason Drive, Kiln Road, the west end of Brickyard Road, Acorn Circle, the west end of Briar Lane and the west end of Woods End Drive. The high pressure system also provides water to the Town of Essex at two locations in this area. As noted earlier, water is obtained through the Champlain Water District. Village residents are eligible to vote on measures to expand the District services.

Presently, most of the water main transmission lines are sufficient with some exceptions. There are areas within the Village where looping the mains would result in improved fire protection and circulation. Other sections of the Village contain water mains that are under sized by today's public water supply and fire protection standards. The Water System capital plan prioritizes the identified system deficiencies. All capital plans are working documents subject to modification due to changing priorities and opportunities to modify schedule to combine projects.

The Village has sufficient major transmission lines available to serve future development (Map 8). Extension of these mains to serve new development will be the responsibility of developers and must be done to the municipal standards. The Village Water Distribution Map is updated annually and is

available at the Village Office, Public Works, Wastewater Treatment Facility. The maps are now in GIS format.

6.2 Stormwater Drainage System

The Village of Essex Junction is a regulated Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) under the EPA and State of Vermont Phase 2 stormwater permit process. The Village is regulated as the population density exceeds 1,000 persons per square mile. The Village began participation in this program at its inception in 2002. As required by law, the community is required to comply with six program areas.

- 1. Public Education and Outreach on stormwater
- 2. Public participation/involvement in stormwater management and decision making
- 3. Illicit discharge detection and elimination
- 4. Control of construction site stormwater runoff
- 5. Control of post construction runoff
- 6. Municipal pollution prevention and good housekeeping

The Village has implemented all required permits related to stormwater. There remain several expired permits which will be addressed under the 2012 permit renewal when the stormwater management plan is approved by the State. All systems are inspected at minimum, once annually after snow melt, twice a year as specific permit conditions apply.

The Village of Essex Junction has two waterways passing through the community. Both of these streams are impaired due to stormwater flow contributions. The streams are Indian Brook and Sunderland Brook. TMDL's (Total Maximum Daily Load) establish the allowable flow capacity for all contributing sources at a level necessary to attain the applicable water quality standards. TMDLs have been established for both Indian and Sunderland Brooks. The Winooski River abuts the Village of Essex Junction to the south.

A Municipal Separate Storm Sewer (MS4) Phase 2 General Permit (3-9014) was issued to the Village of Essex Junction in 2013. This permit requires the Village to improve the water quality of its stormwater impaired watersheds (Indian and Sunderland Brooks) which we share with the Town of Essex. As a result, the two communities formed the Joint Stormwater Committee (JSWC) to coordinate efforts needed to meet permit requirements. The JSWC is also working to address stream flow restoration planning requirements aimed at reducing the flow and restoring it closer to attainment or predevelopment flows (the TMDLs will be incorporated into this work).

The Village of Essex Junction has historically maintained its stormwater infrastructure to a higher standard than most communities. This ongoing maintenance and management of these stormwater assets will further insure water quality at a value price for the community.

6.3 <u>Wastewater Collection System</u>

The Village of Essex Junction continues to maintain and improve its sewage collection system. These improvements included replacement of the High School Pump Station as well as ongoing sewer line and manhole sealing. The goal of our work is to preserve hydraulic capacity and to ensure the sanitary sewer system continues to provide this essential service for the protection of public health. The community continues to process improvements within capital plan updates. Presently, the sewer transmission mains within the Village are adequate for the present flows. The gravity sewer system in the Village consists of many different types of pipe used for transmission mains (concrete, vitrified clay, asbestos cement, PVC, cast iron and HDPE).

There are over 16,000 feet of concrete sewer main in the Village (Map 7). Some of this pipe has been in use for more than 60 years and is beginning to show signs of deterioration where the soil conditions are poor. Major improvement in the condition of pipe was accomplished using federal stimulus funds and eliminating the significant need to rehabilitate substantial sections of sewage collection infrastructure. This concrete pipe will eventually need rehabilitation over the next 20 years. High priorities for evaluation continue to be the major transmission lines as well as lines under main roadways. Assessment uses a standardized pipeline assessment protocol. Recent infiltration and inflow field work will aid in prioritizing where future improvements should be focused. The entire system is in good standing.

Sewer mains are readily accessible to all areas of the Village. Detailed Wastewater Collection System Maps are updated annually and are available at the Village Offices, Public Works and the Wastewater Treatment Facility. Extensions of lines are the responsibility of the developer. The use of septic systems for future development is not necessary. There is adequate capacity to accommodate the few remaining septic systems still within the Village today. A comprehensive listing of on-site septic systems is found in Section 7 of the Village of Essex Junction policies and procedures.

6.4 <u>Wastewater Treatment Capacity</u>

The wastewater facility was upgraded to advanced secondary treatment in 1985. Since then the Wastewater Treatment Facility has completed two upgrades for the Towns of Williston and Essex. The current facility capacity is rated at 3.3 Million Gallons per day. In 2012, a comprehensive facility refurbishment was contracted. Work completion is expected in the Fall of 2014.

Rated capacity for the three communities served by the Essex Junction Wastewater Facility are:

Essex Junction	1.17 MGD (Million Gallons per Day)
Essex Town	1.10 MGD
Williston	1.03 MGD

Based on actual flows observed from the Village, there is excess treatment capacity of 0.45 million gallons per day more or less. There is sufficient hydraulic capacity for the Village beyond the year 2015. Additional capacity will be gained by wastewater collection system work noted above. Capital maintenance work reduces the incidence of water infiltrating into the system from the groundwater table. Additional capacity will be recovered by rescission of unused capacity allocations assigned to development projects that have not been constructed.

Total flow from the three communities serviced is at an average daily volume of 1.9 million gallons per day. Wastewater flows will vary based on weather conditions. Long term flow profiles relate to development patters in the communities served. Capital planning with long term rate stability planning will maintain the viability of the infrastructure long beyond its design life.

6.4.1 Pump Stations

Within the Village, there are seven sewage pump stations. Sewage flows by gravity in lower lying areas to a central collection point. There it is collected in a wet well (storage tank) then pumped under pressure to the Wastewater Treatment Facility. The Old Colchester Road

pump station (AKA High School pump station) was replaced in 2012 with a completely new pump station.

6.4.2 Sludge

The generation of Biosolids (or sludge) is a natural by-product of Wastewater treatment. Biosolids quality and production have always been a priority in Wastewater Facility operations. Increased regulation and scrutiny by State and citizens point out the need for education and outreach. The management of Biosolids is accomplished by a cooperative effort with the Chittenden Solid Waste District. This consortium effort uses a subcontractor under contractual agreement with CSWD for management of this organic byproduct of the wastewater process.

Dry weight basis is a parameter used as a standard in the industry for measuring and tracking the efficiency of various processes. We currently produce 350 dry tons of solids per year. Where the solids generated are in a liquid slurry form, the facility uses gravity thickening and high solids dewatering by centrifuge to maximize process efficiency. A thickened feed Biosolids at 5% solids is dewatered to greater than 28% solids. Where sludge management costs are on a wet ton basis, the more water squeezed out of the Biosolids, the more efficient the disposal cost. Dryer Biosolids results in more solids removal per ton from the dewatering operation. Liquid and dewatered solid recycling of biosolids is also performed on permitted local farms when it can be accomplished in coordination with weather and crop management objectives of the participating farmers.

Staff and CSWD continue to evaluate the most environmental and cost effective method of recycling or beneficial re-uses of the treatment by-product; Biosolids. The management of Biosolids residuals accounts for over 25% of the annual operational budget. Planning involves a long term evaluation of flexibility, high solids production and long term viability of any process selected. Presently, the use of subcontractor services accomplished this objective for the facility without capital improvement.

6.5 Solid Waste Disposal

The Town of Essex formerly operated a municipal landfill off VT Route 2A. By law, the landfill was closed. The closed landfill remains on the list of active Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Information System (CERCIS) sites (EPA Superfund sites) with a low rank priority relative to its potential to be a risk to the general public. The site – which operates under an Administrative Closure Order issued in November, 1992, and in effect until 2013 – is tested twice yearly and will be monitored for the foreseeable future. The Village is a member of the Chittenden Solid Waste District (CSWD) which handles disposal of the County's. The former Town landfill is now serving as a transfer station for the district with drop-off and storage facilities. CSWD also has identified the need for and is in the process of developing a regional landfill site. The Essex Town Plan indicates that the Town firmly believes that the RPD-I District and the abutting I-1 District are inappropriate locations for a regional landfill. The Town is unalterably opposed to a landfill in these districts.

CSWD has established a range of programs and facilities to manage waste through reduction, diversion, and proper disposal. The tons of refuse disposed in Chittenden County have been declining over the last 5 years, while the amount of recycled materials has increased. While those trends are positive, there is room for improvement. It is estimated that 27% of the municipal solid

waste sent to the landfill is comprised of recyclable materials and 32% is comprised of organic materials that could be composted (Source: CSWD Estimate of the Components of Solid Waste Disposed for FY 2012). A State law passed in 2012 (Act 148) bans disposal of certain recyclables (effective July 1, 2015), yard debris and clean wood (effective July 1, 2016), and food scraps (phased in over time) from disposal. Residents and businesses in CSWD have been required to separate yard debris and recyclables from waste destined for disposal since 1993. The additional bans on food scraps and clean wood will have a significant impact on waste diversion in Chittenden County.

6.6 <u>Utilities</u>

Communications

Essex Junction is generally well served by modern communications services and facilities. Cellular phone service, internet and telephone service is available throughout the Village through several providers. Broadband technology is widely available throughout Chittenden County: as of December 2011, approximately 99% of Chittenden County residents and 99.5% of non-residential structures (analysis included commercial, industrial, municipal structures) have access to Broadband. The federal definition of broadband is 768 kbps download/200 kbps upload speeds. It will be important to ensure that the County and the Village remain on par with other urban areas in the realm of number of service providers, service tiers, and affordability as the technology is constantly improving and we must keep up. Specifically, the defined broadband speeds are quite slow and will need to improve.

Vermont Gas Systems

Natural gas service is provided upon request. Expansion follows development. The following areas currently are not yet served: Whitcomb Farm area on the Westerly portion of South Street

Green Mountain Power

Supplies electricity to the Village by means of the hydroelectric plant on the Winooski River. Adequate power is available to serve new growth within the Village.

The provision of all public utilities is regulated by the State and Federal governments. Service to Essex Junction is adequate at present, and for the foreseeable future. However, the Village should continue to monitor these services and participate in public hearings on all projects which may have an impact within the Village.

Public Buildings/Offices

Local, state and federal governments are acknowledging the benefits of having public buildings located in historic downtowns and village centers. Public buildings increase the daytime population in an area through its employees and those visiting the offices. The increase in daytime employment and activity from public offices helps keep the downtown vibrant and businesses healthy. In addition, public buildings in downtowns give opportunities for the reuse of important historic buildings and give employees and visitors access to increase transportation choice by being located in a pedestrian friendly area that is accessible by public transportation. For the reasons described above, the state and federal government both have policies requiring them to give priority consideration to locating public buildings in downtowns and village centers.

The Village Center has several public buildings including the Essex Junction Municipal Offices, the Brownell Library, the Fire Department and the Winston-Prouty Federal Building. The Essex Town Municipal offices are located within a half mile from the Village Center.

6.7 <u>Brownell Library</u>

The Brownell Library building was built in 1926. A historical assessment will be undertaken to determine needed repairs and a plan for implementing those repairs. Both the assessment and the plan for repairs will take into consideration the necessity of avoiding jeopardizing the historical nature of the building. The Brownell Library has developed a Strategic Plan for 2014-2019. The following is a very brief summary of the development of this Plan – for further information please refer to the *Brownell Library Strategic Plan: 2014-2019* which can be found here: http://www.brownelllibrary.org/. The Strategic Plan provides background information on the library and a needs assessment (including information from two surveys conducted in 2012 to assess patron opinion about library collections and services, and to gauge areas where the library should grow in the future). The Plan identifies the following 4 strategic areas, also known as Service Responses, in which to concentrate the work of the library for the next five years. It is important to note that these Service Responses match some of the Community Values that were identified by Heart and Soul of Essex - the Library Planning Committee felt strongly that providing consistency and articulating congruence between organizations would strengthen all of our efforts.

1. Education

Create opportunities for lifelong learning and exploration, and respond to societal changes with information to help people manage and improve their lives.

- a. Offer diverse programming opportunities incorporating a variety and range of literacy skills.
- b. Collaborate with local schools to support and extend educational offerings in the community.
- c. Train and sustain a friendly, creative and knowledgeable staff to engage with library users in all manner of activities throughout the library and beyond.
- d. Help patrons with evolving technologies in a welcoming environment.
- e. Develop and maintain a collection reflecting community interests and needs that includes ongoing points of view and responds to changing interests and demographics.

2. Community Connections

Nurture community spirit in a safe, collaborative and comfortable space.

- a. Improve existing space to meet patrons' needs.
- b. Engage community members in the development and implementation of programming.
- c. Increase publicity and awareness of library services and programming.
- d. Increase outreach efforts to reach underserved populations.
- e. Collaborate with other libraries in all areas of library services, with emphasis on the Essex Free Library.

3. Health and Recreation

Support healthy minds and bodies and stimulate imagination.

- a. Partner with local initiatives and organizations to enrich community involvement in health and recreation.
- b. Expand our presence and access outside the building.
- c. Provide services and materials to promote healthy minds and bodies.
- d. Help patrons access health and recreation resources.

4. Local Economy

Support the efforts of individuals and groups dedicated to improving the economic vitality of Essex Junction and its residents.

- a. Collaborate with organizations groups and individuals working to improve the community's economic climate.
- b. Develop spaces, resources and trainings to support small businesses and startups.
- c. Support financial literacy for all ages.
- d. Provide resources concerning job opportunities and career changes.
- e. Pursue funding opportunities for special projects and initiatives.

6.8 Senior Center

The Senior Center is located at Five Corners in the white annex of the Village Office Building. It is the mission of the Essex Junction Senior Center to be a friendly gathering place for people 50 years of age and older. Programs are provided to promote physical, intellectual and social well-being and enhance dignity, self-worth and independence. Programs include exercise, games, activities and volunteer opportunities. The center also handles reservations for the Senior Van.

6.9 <u>Fire Department</u>

The Essex Junction Volunteer Fire Department surveys and reviews all development proposals within the protection area and plans for fire protection equipment needs appropriately.

Currently, the Fire Department operates two pumpers and one pumper/ladder: one pumper is a heavy rescue unit, and one is a utility truck. The ladder truck is new as of 2014 and is 43.5' to accommodate taller buildings in the Village. If the Village were to develop all of the existing property within the Department's protection area, based on the 1998 survey and subsequent development proposal reviews, the current level of equipment would be sufficient.

In addition to equipment and building needs, a major issue to be reviewed is the role of the Fire Department in Fire Prevention. The lack of any full-time personnel limits the department's capability to aggressively promote Fire Protection programs. Also, the ability to inspect structures and access fire exposure is limited by lack of personnel. Consideration should be given to creating a limited full-time Department as a first response team and for initiating fire exposure and fire prevention programs. The adoption of a Building Code for single-family dwellings should also be analyzed as a part of an overall fire exposure and fire prevention program.

The Fire Department recommends consideration of a new fire station in the near future. Demographics in fire service point to a change in the length of service individuals provide and retention of volunteers has been challenging. To fill positions individuals may need to be recruited from outside Village limits. To do that, the Fire Department would want to model a program similar to Essex Rescue, where you have duty shifts available and individuals can be housed on-site. The current station lacks dorm facilities and showers, needed to accommodate shift work. The goal is to have a fire station in place in 5 - 7 years.

6.10 Police

The Town of Essex Police Department was formed in 1980 to serve both the Town of Essex and the Village of Essex Junction. The Department is overseen by the Police Chief who is appointed by the Town Manager. In 2013, the department had 26.2 full-time officers, five (5) part-time officers, four (4)

full-time dispatchers, two (2) other full-time civilian employees, a part-time secretary and one (1) parttime dispatcher. The officer to population ratio in Essex is 1.3 officers per 1,000 residents. The national average is 2.1 officers per 1,000 residents. Neighboring communities of Burlington (2.1), Colchester (1.6), South Burlington (2.1), Williston (1.9) and Winooski (2.2) presently average 2.0 officers per 1,000 residents.

A major thrust is being made to provide a proactive approach to deter crime by forming partnerships within the community. Programs such as Neighborhood Watch, robbery seminars, neighborhood meetings and Project Northland (youth drug & alcohol education program), have served to establish these partnerships.

In addition, the Essex Community Justice Center (CJC) has been growing in its capacity to address low-level crime and conflict since its inception in 2003. The CJC is a community organization where citizens can work together to prevent crime, resolve conflicts, and render justice in areas that are most important to them. It is a means for the community to take responsibility for its quality of life by collaboratively using the principles of restorative justice.

The demand for police services including patrol, motor vehicle enforcement, bicycle safety training, investigation, crime prevention and court preparation has stretched the department's resources to the limit. The police facility at 81 Main Street was found to be inadequate and in 2012, voters approved the purchase of a 5.8 acre parcel on Maple Street in the Village for the construction of a new 18,000 square foot facility. The facility is expected to be complete by September 2014.

The following issues regarding the Police Department need to be addressed within the next five years:

- 1. Decrease the amount of time vacancies remain open.
- 2. Increased staffing to address the crime rate and the increase in traffic.
- 3. Greater community participation in crime prevention efforts.

Source: Section 6.10 was taken directly from the 2011 Essex Town Plan and updated.

6.11 <u>Rescue</u>

"Essex Rescue, Inc. was organized in 1971 as a professionally trained, volunteer ambulance service. Service is provided by approximately 50 volunteers to individuals requiring emergency medical treatment and transportation from Essex, Westford, Jericho, and Underhill. With a goal of providing emergency services 24 hours a day for 365 days a year, Essex Rescue has hired one full time and one part-time employee to assist the otherwise all volunteer staff.

Approximately 10 percent of Essex Rescue's operating funds are donated by the towns it serves with the rest coming from fund drives and private donations. A Subscription Plan allows a family to pay an annual fee to avoid a bill for services.

Essex Rescue, Inc. operates out of a facility near the Essex Community Educational Center. The building is owned by Essex Rescue Inc., with no outstanding notes at this time, and is on leased land with a 99-year lease, which expires in 2070. Recently expanded, the members see no need for a new building for the foreseeable future."

Source: Section 6.11 was taken directly from the 2011 Essex Town Plan.

6.12 <u>Utilities/Facilities Goals</u>

- Goal 1: Provide a Village infrastructure system that adequately ensures the availability of potable water, disburses storm and ground water runoff and disposes of sanitary wastes in a manner which ensures community health and is environmentally sound.
 - Objective 1.1: Maintain Public Works Specifications utilizing prudent and reasonable technology to ensure adequate infrastructure systems. Include adequate designs to allow for peak usage and control peak flows.
 - Objective 1.2: Implement Asset management plans through capital projects that upgrade existing water, stormwater and sanitary sewer systems to insure long term rate stability.
 - Objective 1.3: Utilize the available sewer capacity in a manner which will provide the most benefit to the Village of Essex Junction.
 - Objective 1.4: Continue to provide improvements or extensions to existing infrastructure systems without undue financial burden to the Village.
 - Objective 1.5: Maintain the existing infrastructure systems for maximum life and use.
 - Objective 1.6: Ensure new developments have adequate services.
 - Objective 1.7: Continue to identify existing areas where deficiencies in the systems occur and could potentially have a detrimental effect on safety, health, or the environment.
 - Objective 1.8: Consider leasing on a more permanent basis basic sewer capacity in excess of potential development in the Village.
 - Objective 1.9: Implement stormwater discharge standards to be included in the Land Development Code revisions.

Goal 2: Participate in Public Service board hearings and to encourage the continued provision of a high quality of public utility services to the Village.

- Objective 2.1: Encourage utility companies to provide high quality services to all areas of the Village as new development occurs.
- Objective 2.2: Require public utilities to maintain their corridors, to remove all existing poles as part of pole replacement projects in a timely manner, and to fix damage to Village infrastructure resulting from utilities construction projects.

Goal 3: Provide the community with the best possible sidewalks for the purpose of pedestrian travel at the most reasonable cost.

- Objective 3.1: Establish a prioritized capital improvement plan for upgrading sidewalks.
- Objective 3.2: Continue to maintain assessments and inventory on all sidewalks including handicapped accessibility, length, width and deficiencies (heaving, drainage).

Goal 4: Continue to provide all Village segments with the best fire protection.

- Objective 4.1: Actively recruit volunteers for the Fire Department, and consider the need for a new fire station to assist in recruitment and retention efforts.
- Objective 4.2: Consider establishing a limited full-time Fire Department.
- Objective 4.3: Consider adopting building and life/safety codes.

- Goal 5: Provide a high level of Library Services to Village residents for their enjoyment and information, with particular emphasis on education, community connections, health and recreation, and the local economy.
- Objective 5.1: Create opportunities for lifelong learning and exploration, and respond to societal changes with information to help people manage and improve their lives.
- Objective 5.2: Nurture community spirit in a safe, collaborative and comfortable space.
- Objective 5.3: Support healthy minds and bodies and stimulate imagination.
- Objective 5.4: Support the efforts of individuals and groups dedicated to improving the economic vitality of Essex Junction and its residents.
- Objective 5.5 Historic assessment of the Brownell Library structure will be done in the next five years.
- Goal 6: Maintain existing public buildings and municipal functions in the Village Center unless their function warrants an alternative location. To encourage other public entities to give priority consideration to the Village Center for their public building(s) unless the function warrants an alternative location such as the wastewater treatment plant or public works garage.
- Goal 7: Continue to provide the Village with the best police protection.
- Objective 7.1. Decrease the amount of time vacancies remain open.
- Objective 7.2, Increased staffing to address the crime rate and the increase in traffic.
- Objective 7.3. Greater community participation in crime prevention efforts.
- Goal 8: Continue to explore funding options for burying power lines in core commercial districts and ensure that all new developments site utilities underground.

7. Housing

The availability and quality of housing are important determinants of a community's quality of life. One of the six community values determined in the 2013 Heart & Soul project was Thoughtful Growth. Participants of the project described Thoughtful Growth in a variety of ways; two are relevant to housing: A balance of housing, business, and the preservation and maintenance of a variety of open spaces, including forests, trails, parks and recreation fields; and A variety of housing options including affordable housing. A major component of this Plan is to ensure that these aspects of Thoughtful Growth are met through maintenance of existing housing and development of new housing.

7.1 Housing Supply

Table 10 provides a historical perspective on the housing supply in Essex Junction and comparisons to the County. While the housing unit data from the Census is not entirely accurate it is helpful to provide trend data.

	1						
	1960	1970	YE/ 1980	1990	2000	2010	Average Household Units Per Year 2000 - 2010
Essex Jct. Village			2,544	3,375	3,501	4,009	50.8
Essex Town		-	2,279	2,935	3,669	4,137	46.8
Both Village & Town	1,944	3,053	4,826	6,310	7,170	8,146	97.6
Colchester	652	3,088	4,566	5,922	6,727	7,104	37.7
So. Burlington	273	2,879	3,972	5,437	6,498	8,429	193.1
Williston	400	908	1,284	1,874	3,036	3,652	61.6
Chittenden Co.	22,464	30,664	41,339	52,095	58,864	65,722	685.8
Vermont	136,307	165,063	223,198	271,214	294,382	322,539	2815.7
PERCENT OF CHITTE	NDEN COU	NTY					
Essex Jct. Village			6.15	6.48	5.95	6.10	
Both Essex Village & Town	8.65	9.96	11.67	12.11	12.18	12.39	•
Colchester	2.90	10.07	11.05	11.37	11.43	10.81	· · · · ·
So. Burlington	1.22	9.39	9.61	10.44	11.04	12.83	-
Williston	1.78	2.96	3.11	3.60	5.16	5.56	

The existing housing stock in Essex Junction is mixed. As seen in Figure 5, single family detached dwellings are the single largest housing category. However other types of housing do exist and are increasing. Between 2010 and 2012, the Village saw more multi-family residential development than single family development. According to Figure 6, 66% of the housing units were built in the form of 3-unit or more projects. The data for Figures 5 & 6 is from the CCRPC Housing database which is

gathered from e-911, assessor and zoning permit information – therefore the number of dwelling units are not the same as reported by the Census.

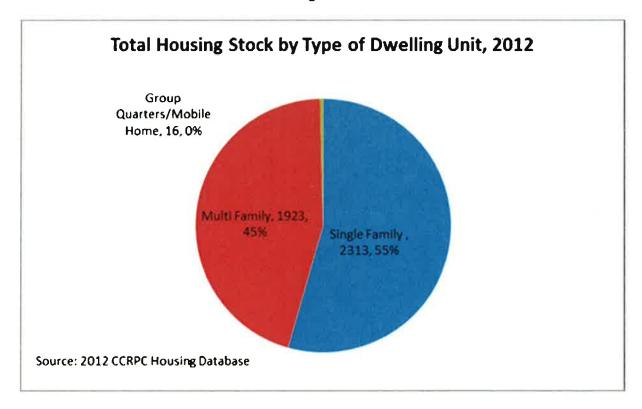


Figure 5

7.2 Characteristics of Residents

The average household size in 2010 was 2.39 persons per household. This number has gone down over the last 30 years, but now seems to be stabilizing or even on the rise. In 2010, there were 3,875 households, and 4,009 housing units; therefore, 134 units were vacant. The make-up of these 3,875 households was:

Table 11Households in Essex Junction, 2010

Households with 2+ people:	375
Number of families:	2,436
Number of people living alone:	1,064
Source: U.S. Census, 2010.	

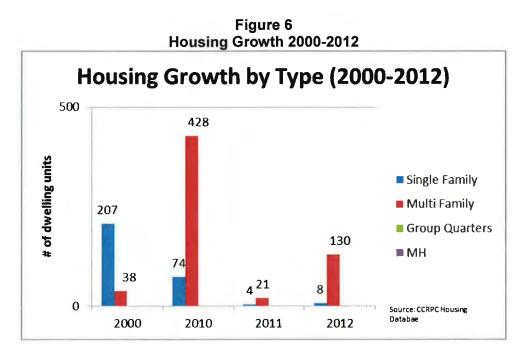
7.3 Building Activity

The Village has seen a decline in the development of single-family detached housing over the last twelve years which could be linked to a diminished land base, and since 2008, financing constraints brought on by the recession. The increase in higher density multi-family housing was made possible by zoning changes put in place in 2000.

The intent of those zoning changes was and still is relevant. The region had, and still has a housing shortage, which is especially acute for affordable rental housing. The 2001 Chittenden County Regional Plan indicated a county wide housing shortage of 1,970 units (unmet need, excluding future needs). The current Chittenden County Regional Plan (entitled the *2013 Chittenden County ECOS Plan*) also indicates an unmet need explaining a 2.6% rental housing vacancy rate in the suburban areas of the County (a healthy target may be closer to 3 to 5% for Chittenden County). Going forward, the market is demanding more rental housing and smaller units.

Adding housing units in areas planned for growth is the most efficient way of meeting the unmet need – rather than continuing to sprawl and spread our infrastructure costs across a greater geographic area. Therefore the current level of density allowed in the areas planned for growth is effective, however changes may be needed to ensure the scale, quality and design of the higher density and infill structures is what the community would consider "thoughtful growth". In addition, it is important to note that the State Land Use planning goal includes the following: "Intensive residential development should be encouraged primarily in areas related to community centers, and strip development along highways should be discouraged."

In light of these needs the Village is working to encourage a diverse range of housing including single family housing and to a greater degree in the last few years, multi-family housing as reflected in Figure 6. This is discussed in more detail in Section 7.4.



7.4 Housing Cost and Affordability

Housing growth is important not only as a mechanism to provide housing that is affordable to all segments of the population, but also important for economic stability and business retention and growth. Essex Junction businesses rely primarily on local residents to support their businesses. An increase in the number of housing units and density will increase the market potential for local businesses.

A survey of Chittenden County employers in 2012 found that the cost of housing was regarded as a serious problem by 74% of employers for rental housing and 62% of employers for owner housing. In fact, 83% of employers said that the cost and availability of housing was an obstacle to economic development.

Employee turnover (i.e., the cost of lost productivity, advertising, and the time and expense of interviewing and training candidates) costs on average, \$13,754 per employee. In the past three years, employers lost an average of 2.46 recruits due to housing costs, availability, or other limitations. Employers commented that they have lost recruits and have had to spend greater sums of money in sign-on bonuses and relocation expense reimbursement or temporary housing because there are such limited rental homes and affordable housing relative to the options candidates observed in other parts of the country.

The median value of an owner-occupied housing unit in Essex Junction in 2007 to 2011 was \$260,000¹. The median household income was \$64,013². Assuming that households should not spend more than 30% of their gross income on housing costs and 5% cash is given as a down payment, a household would need to earn \$76,429 annually to afford a median value house in Essex Junction. Therefore, the median home price in Essex Junction is slightly out of reach for households earning the median income. A home that would be more affordable for the median income would be approximately \$217,000 assuming approximately \$18,000 cash for closing.

The median rents in Chittenden County have risen an average of 5.3% annually in the past decade, well outstripping inflation.³ As can be seen in the table below, most occupations in the area do not pay a median wage that is high enough to afford even a studio apartment. Having more than one income will help affordability; we know that in Vermont most households have only one, or less than one full time worker.⁴

Chittenden County Rental Market									
	0 bedroom	1 bedroom	2 bedroom	3 bedroom	4 bedroom				
Median rent	\$969	\$1,053	\$1,375	\$1,721	\$2,021				
Annual income needed to afford median rent	\$38,760	\$42,120	\$55,000	\$68,840	\$80,840				
Hourly wage needed to afford median rent if working full time	\$18.63	\$20.25	\$26.44	\$33.10	\$38.87				
% of workers whose occupation's median wage is <i>less</i> than the hourly wage needed	56%	61%	75%	86%	89%				

The Village has proactively addressed the need for affordable housing through zoning amendments and State incentive programs. The following projects are a snapshot in time and reflect a number of these efforts. The following projects have been built using public funding which would require the housing to be affordable:

- 10 out of the 24 units at Village Haven at Roscoe Court (currently under construction);
- 30 units at Monarch Apartments at 203 Pearl Street (built in 2004);

¹ VHFA's Analysis of Property Transfer Tax Data

² American Community Survey 2007-2011

³ Vermont Housing Data, Fair Market Rents 2003-2013.

⁴ US Census Bureau.

- 19 units of elderly housing at 136 West Street (built in 2005); and
- 65 units of elderly housing at 128 West Street (built in 1979).

The Roscoe Court project was approved in 2009 as a Vermont Neighborhood – the first of its kind in the State. The Vermont Neighborhood program provides financial and permit incentives to stimulate new housing development in appropriate areas in and around designated downtowns, village centers, new town centers, and growth centers. The benefits of the program include an exemption from Act 250 regulations for "mixed income" projects, reduced State wastewater permit fees, exemption from the land gains tax, and the conditional use permit by the local government determining that a project meets the "character of the area" criteria may not be appealed to the Environmental Court. The Roscoe Court "mixed-income" project includes twentyfour 3 bedroom units - eighteen are detached single family homes, and 6 are duplexes for sale. The "mixed-income" requirements include: 1. Rental Housing: 20% of the units must be allocated to people earning no more than 60% of the area median income for 30 years after construction; and 2. Owner Occupied Housing: 20% of units must be sold at a price less than 90 percent of the VHFA purchase price limits or 15 percent of owner occupied units must be sold at a price less than 85% percent of the VHFA purchase price limits (\$275,000 in Chittenden County). The income limits are as follows: \$70,500 for 2 or fewer persons and \$81,000 for 3 or more persons. Participation in this program has successfully secured affordable housing in the Village.

Vermont Neighborhood Development Program:

While the Vermont Neighborhood program is no longer offered by the State – a new and improved program titled "Neighborhood Development Area program" is available and it "encourages municipalities and/or developers to plan for new and infill housing in the area within walking distance of its designated downtown, village center, new town center, or within its designated growth center and incentivizes needed housing, further supporting the commercial establishments in the designated centers." Areas surrounding the Village Center are likely to be eligible for this program, which includes Act 250 benefits among others. For more information visit:

http://accd.vermont.gov/strong_co mmunities/opportunities/revitalizat ion/vermont_neighborhoods

All of the other housing units constructed in the Village since 2000 have no requirements to remain affordable and are subject to fluctuations in the housing market. For example, the Riverside in the Village project was originally intended for a mix of market rate apartments, condominiums, student housing and senior housing units. However, the project is now all market value rental apartments. The condominiums and student housing units were converted to market rate rental, and the senior housing units will not be built.

It appears the Village's decision to increase densities in 2000 and additional zoning amendments in 2011, have certainly had a positive impact on housing growth; however continued efforts for affordable housing is needed.

Essex Junction is not prepared to adopt an inclusionary zoning ordinance at this time, but will instead focus on issues within our control that affect the affordability of housing including housing densities, permitting, and redevelopment. Through these efforts the Village will work to ensure that this growth is done in a thoughtful manner so that the existing neighborhood fabric will remain. For example, the Village will consider zoning incentives for pocket parks and other open space amenities in housing and mixed-use projects; and the Village will work to ensure that housing is located in areas with existing and planned support services.

7.5 <u>Other Housing Issues</u>

In addition to concerns regarding the balancing of the demand for housing versus regulating the impacts of new housing development, there are a variety of other housing issues within the community including:

- 1) Building/fire codes
- 2) Multi-family conversions
- 3) Special needs housing
- 4) Historic preservation
- 5) Energy conservation
- 6) Housing Affordability
- 7) Preservation of neighborhood character.

All of these issues are important considerations within this Plan. Many of these issues are included in other Plan elements. Some areas require added studies to determine feasibility. Specific strategies are included in the Goals section of this element.

7.6 <u>Housing Goals</u>

Goal 1: Provide a variety of housing opportunities for all present and future residents of the Village of Essex Junction while creating and preserving quality residential environments and existing neighborhood characteristics.

Objective 1.1: Permit innovative development strategies including commercial/residential developments, zero-lot lines, and transfer of development rights where appropriate and after special review. Study the feasibility of adopting and enforcing uniform building and fire codes Objective 1.2: for housing. Objective 1.3: Promote adherence to state energy standards and consider energy conservation standards and alternate energy resources in all future codes. Objective 1.4: Encourage development in established growth areas. Consider zoning changes to preserve existing structures of historic village Objective 1.5: character along sections of major arterials and in historic neighborhoods. Provide a mechanism within the Land Development Code to encourage the Objective 1.6: creation of new affordable housing. Objective 1.7: Maintain allowance for density bonuses in the Planned Residential District for the construction of affordable housing. Allow high density housing in major commercial areas and maintain the R-2 Objective 1.8: small lot single family zoning designation to allow for affordable housing. Compile rental registry and rental inspection program if funding is available. Objective 1.9: Consider zoning changes to encourage pocket parks and other public urban Objective 1.10: open space amenities. Goal 2: Cooperate with surrounding communities, private developers and nonprofit developers to jointly create affordable housing and senior housing. Goal 3: Continue to provide adequate sites in residential areas or areas of residential character for special needs housing. Goal 4: Encourage private and public property owners of historically significant structures to maintain the historical integrity of the structures.

8. Transportation

Transportation is an important issue to the Village of Essex Junction. The "Five Corners" intersection presents one of the difficult traffic management problems. The location of the railroad tracks adds to the complexity of the problem. In addition to factors within the Village, growth in adjacent communities results in traffic increases throughout the Village.

The Village street network is essentially a grid of interconnected streets, dead end streets make up only a small portion of local streets. The state highways of Route 15, Route 2A and Route 117 provide the only vehicular connections into and out of the Village. Therefore, they carry significant amounts of non-destination and local traffic. The interconnected street system allows for alternate routes to the same destination, thereby giving users of the network options for getting from point A to B. The interconnected local street system reduces congestion on major arterials, but increases the negative impact on local residential neighborhoods and should be discouraged. Continuing to maintain the interconnected street network and connect streets in new developments is a central transportation policy within the Village.

The complexities of the transportation network described above require a coordinated transportation planning effort within the Village. There are no single, simple solutions available. It is necessary to develop a multi-stage, multi-modal approach to transportation planning. Included is the street network, bicycle lanes, shared use paths, sidewalks, the potential to pedestrianize a short section of Main Street, the redirecting of Route 15 around the Village Center, public transit, and the possibility of rail transit. In addition, public safety is an important consideration in any potential improvements. Such a multi-modal approach can lead to an improved, cost-effective and energy-efficient transportation network.

8.1 <u>Streets</u>

With the exception of the Crescent Connector, the primary roadway network within the Village has already developed. As new development occurs, the extension of the existing local street network will be constructed by developers.

The primary issue, therefore, is increased traffic management, particularly for non-destination traffic.

The influence of the first phase of the Circumferential Highway, completed in 1993, was clearly seen in reduced traffic volumes and accidents for 1995. However, it is also clear that this reduction was temporary. Traffic volumes at the Five Corners are increasing to levels that are higher than pre-Circumferential Highway levels. Five Corners Traffic levels through the Five Corners are considerable as the table below reveals. The table shows the average annual daily traffic (AADT) for state highways that intersect there. Many of these trips do not start or end in the Village and are considered non-destination traffic. New developments in adjacent communities such as in Taft Corners in Williston contribute to the higher volumes.

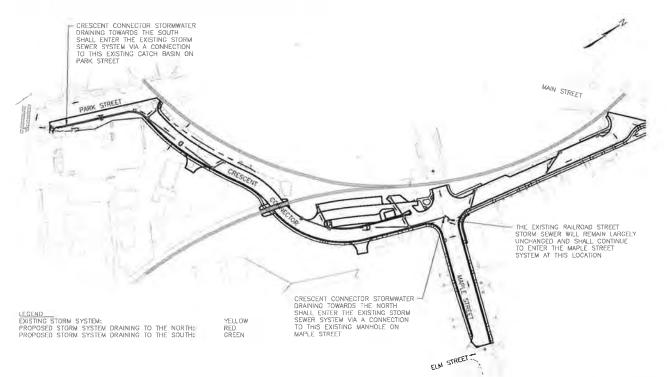
	addray none i
Route	AADT (2010)
VT117 (Maple St)	8,000
VT15 (Main St.)	11,600
VT2A (Park St.)	16,300

Five Corners Roadway AADT

Due to the growth in non-destination traffic, the Village supports alternative routes between adjacent communities along with an additional crossing over the Winooski River. Non-destination traffic is a threat to the vitality of the Village Center where the emphasis needs to be on local access, pedestrian mobility and safety, and aesthetics. Increased vehicular capacity is in direct conflict with these Village Goals and therefore is not supported to the extent it would involve additional vehicle lanes and road widening.

Safety is another major concern. The state highways of Route 15, Route 2A and Route 117 all carry significant amounts of non-destination traffic through Essex Junction. The high number of curb cuts along with the size and location of curb cuts contributes to safety issues, particularly on roads with more than two lanes such as portions of Park Street near the Five Corners. Access management is therefore an important consideration of this plan. While the Five Corners is not a High Crash Location (HCL) as identified by VTrans' analysis, four of the five approaches are considered high crash road segments. Only Maple Street comes in under the VTrans crash safety threshold. See Map 4 for these high crash locations.

An important new roadway development impacting the Five Corners is currently in design and is slated for construction in 2015. Called the Crescent Connector, it will link VT RT 2A south of the Five Corners northwest to Maple Street (VT RT 117) and continue across on a reconstructed Railroad Street connecting to VT RT 15. This new facility will improve traffic flow, provide additional parking and provide for safe walking and biking through the area. See the sketch below for the alignment of the Crescent Connector (DuBois & King, Inc. Stormwater Plan from the Revised Environmental Assessment for the Crescent Connector Project).



An additional CIRC Alternatives project in Essex Junction includes Pearl Street improvements from the Post Office Square intersection to the Five Corners intersection. Essex Junction has made numerous improvements to Pearl Street over the past several years including completing a "road diet" project that created three travel lanes and bike lanes. These bike lanes extend from West Street to the Champlain Valley Exposition. Improvements considered in this study would complement those other improvements and further advance Pearl Street as a multimodal corridor.

8.2 <u>Sidewalks/Bike Paths</u>

The provision of sidewalks and bicycle lanes and shared use paths within the Village are important transportation goals. Essex Junction currently has 35.3 miles of sidewalk and 1.5 miles of shared use paths to maintain. Cost and the efficient expenditure of tax dollars on sidewalks was a major consideration in the preparation of the Sidewalk Plan and Policy in 2005 to address the existing and future sidewalk network. The Bike-Walk Advisory Committee is also in the process of working on a bike-walk master plan which will help prepare for future facilities. The Bike-Walk Advisory Committee has adopted the following vision statement: "Essex Junction strives to be recognized as a friendly village of connected neighborhoods and destinations in which convenient and safe bicycle and pedestrian facilities are integrated into a seamless and accessible year-round transportation system. This system will promote the enjoyment and health of all citizens, a more vibrant local economy, and a cleaner environment."

The policy for the number of sidewalks varies depending on the road function and density. Sidewalks will be constructed and maintained in the future in accordance with the following standards:

Arterial Streets	Both Sides
Collectors	Both Sides
Residential Streets with a	
density greater than 4	
units per acre	Both Sides
Residential Streets with a density between 1 and 4	
units per acre	One Side
Residential Streets with a density of less than 1 unit	
per acre	None

Table 12: Sidewalk Policy

The Village will not actively remove sidewalks, but would do so in association with a street or sidewalk reconstruction project. Several areas of the Village in low density neighborhoods would see the eventual removal of sidewalks on one side of the street if the existing walk is no longer serviceable. On some major arterials, sidewalks would be added. The emphasis of the sidewalk plan and policy is to maximize resources while improving connections.

Bicycle facilities are another important consideration of the transportation plan. The Transportation Map identifies all sidewalks, shared use paths and bike lanes within the village. The types of bike facilities include:

- 1) Shared Use path Independent facility on separate right-of-way or easement, designated for the exclusive use of non-motorized vehicles and pedestrians.
- 2) Cycle Track Physically separated bicycle facility immediately adjacent to roadways. Can be one or two way and buffered from vehicle parking or travel way.
- 3) On Road Bicycles share space with motor vehicles, either through shared lane markings or a shoulder bike lane.

Due to the built-out nature of Essex Junction it is difficult to construct a completely new shared use path. Some combination of all three facilities, plus sidewalks, is necessary. On major arterial roads such as Pearl Street the high number of curb cuts makes a shared use path less desirable and does

not adequately address the need for local access if the path is not immediately adjacent to the street. On-street bicycle facilities should be considered in these areas and supported at the regional level. In addition, new recreational opportunities will be made available to Village residents as a result. On low density residential streets bicyclists use the road shoulder, or share the lane with vehicles, with minimal conflicts. The need for bicycle facilities is highest on major arterials where options are extremely limited for safe bicycle access.

8.3 Parking

The Village provides public parking in the Village Center District via on-street parking and off-street lots. On-street parking is available throughout the Main Street and Railroad Avenue area of the Village Center along with two off-street parking lots on Ivy Lane and behind the Brownell Library. Offstreet parking was added near the Park Street School and will be added adjacent to the Crescent Connector.

With the exception of the area around the train and bus station, parking within the Village Center appears adequate at this time. Existing public parking in the Village Center should be preserved to the greatest extent possible.

The provision of park and ride lots should be considered in the future based on regional needs.

8.4 Public Transportation

The Village of Essex Junction is served by the only Amtrak terminal in Chittenden County. This intercity rail service consists of Amtrak's Vermonter Train, with Vermont stops in Essex Junction, Brattleboro, White River Junction, Montpelier, Waterbury, and St Albans. This service was established in April 1995 as a reconfiguration of the discontinued Montrealer train from Montreal to Washington, D.C. The Vermonter provides one inbound and one outbound trip daily. Southbound service to New York and Washington, D.C. originates at St. Albans in the morning, returning later in the evening. The following table provides the most recent history of ridership on this service which is experiencing rising popularity.

				P1.				P*
YEAR	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
				(1
RIDERS	45,207	47,307	63,299	72,655	74,016	86,245	77,783	82,086

Source: Amtrak Monthlies

The State of Vermont has been pursuing a project known as the "Albany-Bennington-Rutland-Burlington-Essex," or "ABRBE" passenger rail project. Reinstituting passenger rail service connecting Rutland to Burlington was cited as the State's number two rail priority in the 2006 VTrans Rail Policy Plan (behind maintaining the existing two Amtrak services). However, no timetable for implementing actual Amtrak service to Burlington from the south has been set. More recently, restarting the passenger rail service to Montreal, suspended in 1995, has become a top VTrans priority.

Bus service is provided by the Chittenden County Transportation Authority (CCTA) on three routes. The Essex Junction route (#2) runs from approximately 6:00 am to 10:00 PM with 15 minute peak hour service to Burlington from Monday to Friday, and additional service on Saturday. This is CCTA's highest ridership route with 1,872 average riders/weekday. The Essex Center route (#4) runs Monday through Friday with 30-minute headways. This route has 94 average riders/weekday. The Williston-Essex route (#1E) runs Monday through Friday with 30-minute peak hour headways. This route has 105 average riders/weekday. CCTA's Transit Development Plan calls for a number of improvements including:

- More evening and Sunday service
- Elements of Bus Rapid Transit on VT 15 (and US 2) including 10-minute peak service, 15 minute midday service; enhanced shelters; transit signal priority; queue jumpers; and passenger information
- Focus on land use coordination and Transit Oriented Development/Pedestrian Oriented Design efforts
- Upgrade service to Essex Way
- Connect Susie Wilson area with Essex Junction

The implementation of new services or enhancements to existing services is dependent on several factors, including available funding, community support, and projected service productivity and cost-effectiveness. The CCTA Board of Commissioners considers all these factors when deciding which services to advance. Because there is a local match funding requirement for all services, local community support is a key component without which it would be very difficult to implement even the most productive of services. From a pure productivity and cost-effectiveness standpoint, investing resources in areas with highest density and greatest mobility needs are likely to produce the best returns in terms of ridership and revenue. For example, when service was increased to 15-minute peak headway on the Essex Junction route, there was a 30% increase in ridership. Expansion of service hours is likely to be the next most cost effective improvement, over extensions to new locations.

Support of the existing public transportation system and additional improvements to the public transportation system are important to accomplishing other community goals. Public transit access to places of employment and to major shopping centers may help to alleviate traffic congestion and can contribute economic development efforts. New construction and reconstruction should consider public transit access early in the design process. To maximize the public resources already devoted to the existing public transportation system, consideration should be given to locating new facilities along or in close proximity to current public transportation routes. CCTA's Transit Development Plan (TDP) calls for coordination with municipalities on focused development along transit corridors with pedestrian-oriented design. Other important issues include the consideration of bus stops and passenger shelters when developing new facilities or re-developing properties. CCTA's TDP helps support Essex Junction's land use plan, just as Essex Junction's land use plan helps support improvements to the CCTA service through higher density and mixed uses in the Village. The Village should continue to work with local representatives to encourage the CCTA Board to pursue these issues. The CCTA is managed by a Board of Commissioners with one representative from the Town of Essex.

8.5 <u>Air Pollution/Energy Conservation</u>

Air pollution, energy conservation and land use are important transportation issues. Increased use of public transit and bikeways will reduce pollution and save energy. Therefore, these benefits should be considered when any improvements to the transportation network and land use changes are considered. The elimination of cars is not possible, but the elimination of unnecessary trips and increasing transportation options are an important first step. Reducing wait time and thus vehicle idling at congested locations' such as the Five Corners through design improvements such as pedestrianizing a short section of Main Street while enabling vehicles to more more efficiently thorough the Village Center is an important component of any policy that aims to reduce air pollution and increase energy conservation.

8.6 <u>Transportation Goals</u>

Goal 1: Support the completion of the Circumferential Highway.

- Objective 1.1: Provide alternate routes for non-destination traffic.
- Objective 1.2: Do not support capacity increases on state highways in the Village that involve additional vehicle lanes.
- Objective 1.3: Emphasize local access, public transit, bicycle facilities, pedestrian safety and access, and aesthetics in future streetscape projects.
- Objective 1.4: Reduce idling at the Five Corners by considering pedestrianization of a short section of Main Street to create a crossroads intersection.
- Objective 1.5: Redirect Route 15 to Susie Wilson Road and Route 289 to reduce nondestination traffic in the Village.

Goal 2: Monitor, evaluate and implement traffic management practices on a continuing basis.

- Objective 2.1: Monitor annual traffic counts and accident data.
- Objective 2.2: Review all development proposals to minimize traffic and pedestrian safety concerns.
- Objective 2.3: Where feasible, reduce the number and size of non-conforming curb cuts during development review
- Objective 2.4: Encourage the use of joint access driveways and shared parking lots when physically possible.
- Objective 2.5: Monitor the timing and sequence of all traffic lights to optimize traffic and pedestrian safety.
- Objective 2.6: Cooperate with adjoining communities to develop strategies to minimize traffic increase within the Village resulting from development beyond the Village limits.
- Objective 2.7: When possible, avoid dead end streets. Connect new streets into the existing street network from at least two points.
- Objective 2.8: Request that neighboring communities require major development proposals to include traffic impact analysis at the Five Corners and that traffic analysis be submitted to the Village for review.
- Objective 2.9: Study and consider options for managing traffic at the high crash locations near the Five Corners indicated on the Transportation Map.
- Objective 2.10: Implement the Village Sidewalk Plan and Policy

Goal 3: Facilitate the use of sidewalks as a viable transportation alternative.

- Objective 3.1: Review all development proposals for the efficient use of sidewalks.
- Objective 3.2: Consider alternative standards for sidewalks based upon location and potential usage.
- Objective 3.3: Encourage school age children to walk or ride a bike to school to reduce traffic congestion. Encourage enrollment in the Vermont Safe Routes to School Program.
- Objective 3.4: Utilize all traffic calming techniques and strategies available.

Goal 4: Review and implement parking strategies consistent with other planning purposes.

- Objective 4.1: Encourage quality site design and landscaping for all new parking lots.
- Objective 4.2: Encourage bus and pedestrian access to all parking facilities.
- Objective 4.3: Develop long-term strategies for parking demand within the Village Center.
- Objective 4.4: Review all parking requirements and develop revised parking requirements which may include off-site parking, or other alternatives.
- Objective 4.5: Cooperate with adjacent communities to locate commuter facilities in or in close proximity to the Village.
- Objective 4.6: Consider policies to require or encourage the installation of bicycle parking racks at major activity centers such as shopping centers.

Goal 5: Promote and implement strategies to encourage the use of bicycles as alternate transportation modes.

- Objective 5.1: Consider bicycle access in the review of all development proposals.
- Objective 5.2: Consider the construction or signage of bicycle lanes on all future street construction projects.
- Objective 5.3: Pursue the use of Federal and State funding for construction of shared use paths and bicycle lanes.
- Objective 5.4: Include shared use paths as a component of the Capital Budgeting process.
- Objective 5.5: Utilize Bike-Walk Advisory Committee to recommend projects, pursue funding
- Objective 5.6: sources and conduct bike/ped education to encourage safety and visibility. Encourage the donation of land, labor and monies for the implementation of the shared use paths.

Goal 6: Encourage increased usage of the public transportation system.

- Objective 6.1: Cooperate with CCTA to increase access to bus routes including higher frequencies during peak hours.
- Objective 6.2: Encourage the use of bus turn-offs and shelters on major streets.
- Objective 6.3: Encourage the State of Vermont to develop tax measures which support
- Objective 6.4: alternative transportation and reduce pressure on the local property tax. Cooperate with the CCTA to encourage education programs on the benefits of using public transportation.
- Objective 6.5: Continue to support elders and disabled transportation programs.

Goal 7: Cooperate with the State of Vermont to locate air quality monitors at the Five Corners.

- Objective 7.1: Require applicants with potential emissions to obtain necessary state or federal permits prior to any local approvals.
- Objective 7.2: Work with state and regional officials to ensure the uniform enforcement of all air Pollution Standards.

Goal 8: Cooperate with state and regional entities pursuing efforts to establish potential commuter rail service and an international passenger rail connection to Montreal that will go through Essex Junction.

Objective 8.1: Appropriate upgrades to the existing station and the surrounding areas to meet future needs.

9. <u>Land Use</u>

The livability and viability of any urban area are largely dependent on the pattern of land uses within the community. Transportation efficiency (and safety), the accessibility of various activities (i.e. shopping, entertainment, etc.) and the quality of residential neighborhoods are determined in many cases by land use patterns. The land use element is thus a "vision" for future development or redevelopment within the community. The vision was refined in this Plan update to reflect the Heart & Soul values identified by the residents – with particular emphasis on Thoughtful Growth. This Plan supports the Thoughtful Growth value by calling for continued accommodation of tight-knit neighborhoods, a vibrant downtown, diverse housing options, and a transportation system that includes a path network for pedestrians and bicyclists.

This Plan supports other Heart & Soul values, as well. The Local Economy will be supported by a healthy infrastructure and locations for existing and future businesses. The emphasis on tight-knit neighborhoods will foster Community Connections. Well-marked bike and pedestrian lanes will encourage Safety by allowing residents to comfortably and securely navigate the community. Parks and trails will help provide a basis for Health and Recreation, in addition to the community's largest open spaces in the Town.

In addition, this Plan helps support the larger regional land use goals by concentrating new growth in areas already developed, and thereby helping to minimize sprawl and protect the more rural areas of the County for working lands and environmental resources. Specifically, the *Chittenden County ECOS Plan* includes the following strategy: Strategy 2: Strive for 80% of new development in areas planned for growth, which amounts to 15% of our land area. The *ECOS Plan* takes a high level view of the land area in the County and therefore considers Essex Junction in its entirety to be a growth area. However, the concept is similar at a smaller scale within Essex Junction where the Village Center, surrounding mixed use, commercial and industrial districts are areas planned for growth; the surrounding residential areas are intended to remain at similar densities; and the Whitcomb Farm and public parks are protected (or in the process of protection) from future development. This Plan also identifies several steps to ensure that new growth is done in a manner that will create safe and inviting streetscapes, vibrant commercial and residential opportunities, and respect of the Junction's historic fabric. For example, the Plan calls for an enhanced community discussion and design charrette to develop design standards for the Village Center and surrounding areas.

This chapter first describes the existing characteristics throughout the Junction, and then describes the future land use goals and the specific regulations in place to achieve those goals. The goals also describe changes to the existing regulations where needed.

9.1 Existing Land Use

The existing generalized land use pattern within the Village is indicated on Map 9. This existing land use pattern will, to a large degree, direct the future land use pattern. An analysis of the existing land use pattern leads to the identification of several areas with distinct characteristics. Chapter III also provides a detailed summary of historic development patterns within the village. These generalized areas are discussed individually below:

1) **Village Center** – While Lincoln Hall dates from the early nineteenth century (it was originally built as an inn), most of the buildings in the commercial center of the Village date from the late nineteenth and very early twentieth centuries. In the commercial core of the area, the buildings are typical turn-of-the-century commercial types. They are built to the front sidewalk lines and cover a very high percentage of their sites. Frequently, they share common walls

with their neighbors. On the front facades their first floors contain glazed storefronts which add to the pedestrian sense of the area.

The buildings are predominantly two story structures with a pronounced horizontal frieze below the cornices. The cornices tend to be heavily decorated with brackets, dentils, etc. In addition, the larger buildings (which tend to be brick) have a strong horizontal band at the second floor level. Visually, this gives the buildings a horizontal orientation which adds a sense of scale to the area.

The wood frame buildings (such as those on the east side of Main Street) do not, or no longer, have this decorative treatment, and have vertical orientation and a somewhat different scale. This is partially mitigated by the fact that the lower floors have glazed store fronts and the tops of the store windows form a horizontal visual element.

In summary, the principal architectural features which create this area's sense of scale and identity are as follows:

- 1. Zero front yard setback and high site coverage.
- 2. Glazed storefronts on the first floor.
- 3. Flat roofs with a strong horizontal frieze below cornices.
- 4. Strong horizontal band at second floor level.

Moving out slightly beyond the commercial core of the area, the architecture changes significantly. Most buildings in this area were constructed as residences during the same period as the commercial structures, but the prevailing residential styles at the time were variations on Victorian. Thus, the residential buildings tend to be two-and-one-half story structures with gabled roofs, frequently with ells and other protrusions forming complex roof forms. Where still present, roof shingling patterns are quite decorative. Many of the buildings are oriented with gable ends towards the street. The facades of these residential structures reflect considerable decoration, with porches, decorative arches and supports, cutaway bay windows with brackets, eave brackets and cornices. Finally, the buildings tend to be set back with lawns between them and the street, and have lawns separating them from their neighbors. Some of these structures have been converted to non-residential use while retaining their original architectural appearance.

In summary, the architectural features which make this area unique in the center of the Village are as follows:

- 1. Modest lawn separating the buildings from the street and from each other.
- 2. Complex facades with porches, projecting windows, ells and ornamentation.
- 3. Complex roof forms with steep pitches, gables and dormers.

Even though the commercial and residential buildings date from roughly the same era, the different architectural treatments created a distinct delineation between what was the original commercial portion of the Village and the residential area surrounding it. While many of the old residences are now used for commercial activities, their areas remain qualitatively different from the commercial core of the Village.

In most cases there is no parking between the buildings and the street, and this adds considerably to the intimacy and pedestrian orientation of the Village Center.

The Junction also benefits from a Village Center Designation – the boundary is included on Maps 9 and 10. With the Village Center Designation building owners, lessees and the municipality are eligible for the following benefits: historic tax credits; façade improvement tax credits; code improvement tax credits; priority consideration for HUD, CDBG, and Municipal Planning Grants; priority site consideration by State Building and General Services when leasing or constructing buildings; and the option to create a special assessment district to raise funds for both operating and capital expenses to support specific projects in the designation. This designation provides the Village and building owners with assistance in maintaining and restoring historic structures, thereby preserving the historic fabric of the Village – a goal identified in numerous chapters of this Comprehensive Plan.

The designated Village Center District credits are best suited if used as part of a holistic 'package' approach of both private and public investment. The Village Center has seen very little private investment in the last 20 or 30 years as there has been no 'package' to attract investment.

During times of economic constriction investment in public infrastructure attracts private investment. Up to now the Five Corners traffic has been a disincentive to private investment – people avoided the area rather than sought it out. The potential to make the Village Center more pedestrian friendly via a short pedestrian section, along with the Connector Road, will alleviate private investment concerns. With the energy that is evident in the Village Center, current and future property owners have expressed interest in the tax credits made available through this designation.

The designated Village Center is a critical component of the Village's new proactive urban design approach to land use and transportation management. Urban regeneration without the designated Village Center benefits will be extremely unlikely. The historic Village Center has many buildings that need Code updates if they are to be developed including new sprinkler systems, emergency access, façade improvements, etc.

The recent rebuilding and upgrade of 8 Railroad Avenue is an example of an improvement that would not have happened without the designation credits. Many of the other buildings in the Center are under long term ownership and only now are investors looking at properties with an eye to sustainable development, both environmentally and fiscally. The recent purchase of the Peoples United Bank at Five Corners is a sign of investment and residency coming back into the center. These 51 apartments and street level stores will be the beginning of a regeneration of the Center that will enable the Center to become vibrant once again. Given the foregoing the Designation can be used to energize the whole of the Village Center in a holistic approach that can be a model for Vermont.

In the future, there may be some benefit in extending the Village Center Designation down the Pearl Street District. In addition, the Junction could build upon the Village Center Designation with a Growth Center Designation which would provide the landowners and municipality with additional benefits to support growth within the Village, and possibly the IBM campus.

2) Summit Street to Five Corners – This area has maintained a residential character. Although some residential structures have been altered for business purposes, much of the original structural detail remains. Commercial conversions are limited to low traffic volume professional offices. The northerly side of Pearl Street along this section of Pearl Street contains single family homes of traditional and historic value. These structures are worth protecting against conversion to office or apartment uses. This section of Pearl Street should be rezoned to R-2 District.

- 3) Pearl Street from Summit to Willeys Court This area is typified by intense commercial development with multiple curb cuts. There is a mixture of building types, colors, materials, and signs. The more recent construction is dominated by increased landscaping and more efficient site design which stands in marked contrast to the older structures. The only area of significant historic value is the Champlain Valley Exposition Fairgrounds which is dominated by open space and significantly different types of structures.
- 4) Susie Wilson Road to Willeys Court This area is dominated by conversions to small businesses, professional offices and apartments. This area was recently re-zoned from HC to MF/MU-1 in recognition of its transition from single family uses to apartments and less intense business uses, and as an extension of the Pearl Street Corridor.
- Indian Acres Area This area is dominated by well maintained single family dwellings on small lots. Several properties have been converted to duplexes or dwellings with accessory apartments.
- 4) **Warner Avenue Area** This neighborhood has maintained a single family residential character. No multi-family conversions have been located.
- 5) **Prospect Street Area** This neighborhood has a mix of structures, some of historical significance. Some multi-family units and duplexes have been established. Several large residences help establish a unique character to the neighborhood.
- 6) Village Center Neighborhood The areas adjacent to the Village Center have been in transition. There is a mix of single family, duplex and apartment dwellings. Many lots are large enough to be subdivided. The type of development which has occurred in this area may lead to pressure for further single family conversions. Consider zoning changes to distinguish these residential and low intensity commercial areas from the core commercial areas in the Village Center District.
- 7) **Brickyard Area** This area is dominated by multi-family and condominium development. There is no vacant land available for future development.
- 8) **Countryside and Rivendell** Both of these areas are dominated by newer residential structures on large lots. Virtually no multi-family conversions have occurred.
- 9) Park Street Corridor This area has been in a state of transition. Properties nearest the Five Corners have been converted to multi-family and commercial development. Property south and west of South Street has maintained a single family residential character with the presence of several large older homes. The east side of the corridor has seen substantial conversion to multi-family and two-family dwellings.
- 10) Maple Street Corridor Properties from the Five Corners to Mansfield Avenue have been in transition with several conversions to duplexes. From Mansfield Avenue to the Village limits, and single-family residential character has been maintained. To preserve the single family character of this corridor, it should be rezoned from RO to R-2 from Mansfield Avenue to Elm Street. Accordingly, further conversions of single family to multi-family in this area should not be allowed.

- 11) **Main Street Corridor** Lower Main Street to the Village Center has largely converted to multi-family and two-family dwellings. Some dwellings are commercial or are used for home occupations. The upper portion of Main Street, particularly the westerly section, is primarily residential, and should remain as such because a primary goal of the plan is direct growth to the Village Center and commercial and multi-family areas.
- 12) Lincoln Street Corridor This area has several large lots, a mix of uses including residential, commercial, offices and public/quasi structures.
- 13) Fairview Farms A relatively new residential area, with 99 lots and 10 acres open space.
- 14) Whitcomb Heights –276 residential units have been built on the original Whitcomb Farm. The Vermont Land Trust, with funding assistance from the Village, purchased development rights on 271 acres of the Whitcomb Farm in March 2014. Additional development rights are planned for purchase on approximately 143 acres, pending funding in 2015. Construction is anticipated to begin in the summer of 2014 on a solar energy project.

9.2 Future Land Use

Essex Junction faces the challenging task of planning in a mostly developed community. The issues that face the community today are complex, and have been detailed throughout this Plan. The Future Land Use Map (Map 10) is the fundamental element of the overall Comprehensive Plan. It represents the proposed distribution of land uses within the Village. While there are several changes, the Future Land Use Map generally follows existing patterns of development, but may allow for greater densities and building heights in certain core mixed-use zoning districts. The Plan calls for proper design so that the increase in density and height does not feel out of character with the existing fabric of the Village.

Equally important as the Land Use Map are the individual Plan elements. These establish guidance and details necessary to achieve desired changes. The interdependence of these elements cannot be over-emphasized in that all must be consistently adhered to if the overall Plan is to remain viable. Thus, the Land Use Map is not just a physical depiction of desired land use, but is the culmination of detailed analysis of all factors related to the future growth and development of Essex Junction.

This Plan Element encompasses three major sections:

- 1) Land Use Goals The Land Use Goals provide general guidance to the development of future land use categories. They establish the context in which future land use categories and the Future Land Use Map are developed.
- 2) Land Use Categories The Land Use Categories provide specific guidance to interpreting the Future Land Use Map. They establish the intent of the various mapped area, and describe the general range of uses and provide guidance for development of implementation measures.
- 3) Future Land Use Map The Future Land Use Map represents future land use patterns for the Village. It is the key document necessary for the creation of Zoning District Boundaries.

9.3 Land Use Goals

- Goal 1: Provide sufficient locations within the Village to accommodate a variety of land uses including public, quasi-public, residential, retail, commercial and industrial uses.
 - Objective 1.1: Consider redefining zoning district boundaries of the Village Center to address differences in land development patterns between the core commercial areas and the residential neighborhoods.
 - Objective 1.2: Encourage the development of a variety of residential units in the Village Center and Pearl Street Districts.
 - Objective 1.3: Study the purchase of key properties in and around the Village Center for public use.

Goal 2: Promote responsible residential growth and encourage the growth and maintenance of quality residential areas.

- Objective 2.1: Conserve open space/agricultural land for future generations.
- Goal 3: Mitigate negative impacts of contiguous but different land uses.
- Goal 4: Ensure that quality land planning and structural design occur in all commercial and industrial areas in a manner compatible with surrounding architecture.
- Goal 5: Coordinate land use decisions with associated public infrastructure needs including streets, sidewalks, bicycle paths, drainage, water, sewer, schools, recreation and other public needs.
- Goal 6: Provide mechanisms which encourage innovative development while maintaining the existing urban character of the Village.
 - Objective 6.1: Consider overlay districts and development agreements, and enact design review as a means to achieve innovative development.
 - Objective 6.2: Consider the inclusion of visuals within the Land Development Code to make the design standards clear for developers and residents. Engage the public in development of these visuals to gain consensus on design standards for the Village.
 - Objective 6.3: Promote use of the Village Center Designation benefits.

Goal 7: Coordinate development with adjoining communities.

- Objective 7.1: Initiate communication with surrounding communities to discuss development impacts on land use and planned compatibility.
- Goal 8: Coordinate needed public improvements with the development review process.
- Goal 9: Prevent development of land which is environmentally unsuitable for construction.

- Goal 10: Design new street layouts to minimize both overall street length and the quantity of site grading required. When possible connect new streets through to existing streets to increase connectivity.
- Goal 11: Place a high priority in development review on pedestrian and vehicle access and safety.
- Goal 12: Protect and enhance sensitive and important areas.
 - Objective 12.1: Consider design review criteria for main corridors upon approach to the Village Center (such as Pearl St. from CVE to 5 Corners).
 - Objective 12.2: Analyze and prioritize historic resources to determine which sites and structures should be preserved.
 - Objective 12.3: Consider zoning changes or historic district overlay to preserve existing residential structures of significant historic character along major arterials and in historic neighborhoods.

9.4 Land Use Categories

9.4.1 RESIDENTIAL 1

Intent: To provide areas for large lot single family residential dwellings and accessory residential uses.

Density: 15,000 sq. ft. lots exclusive of right-of-way.

Range of Potential Uses:

Single family dwellings, accessory apartments, parks, non-commercial recreation facilities, public and quasi-public uses, planned residential development. Existing public school facilities may be converted to elderly housing upon Site Plan Review. Emphasis shall be placed upon maintaining existing open space and recreation facilities. No more than ten percent of existing school buildings may be converted to school offices or administrative facilities. Other public uses may be approved upon Special Review.

Other Information:

Density bonuses may be given for Planned Residential Developments with unique design proposals. Zero lot-line houses, clustering, and townhouses may be permitted upon special review with a planned residential application. No more than 30% of residential uses may be other than single-family, detached dwellings. Planned Developments shall include developed recreation facilities, bike and pedestrian paths. Projects which provide affordable housing shall be entitled to a density bonus, if long term affordability is guaranteed.

9.4.2 RESIDENTIAL 2

Intent: To provide areas for high-density single family dwellings and accessory residential uses.

Density: 7,500 sq. ft., exclusive of right-of-way.

Range of Potential Uses:

Single family dwellings, accessory apartments, parks, non-commercial recreation facilities, public and quasi-public uses, planned residential development. Existing public school facilities may be converted to elderly housing upon Site Plan Review. Emphasis shall be placed upon maintaining existing open space and recreation facilities. No more than ten percent of existing school buildings may be converted to school offices or administrative facilities. Other public uses may be approved upon Special Review.

Other Information:

Density bonuses may be given for Planned Residential Developments with unique design proposals. Zero lot-line houses, clustering, and townhouses may be permitted upon special review with a planned residential application. No more than 30% of residential uses may be other than single-family, detached dwellings. Planned Developments shall include developed recreation facilities, bike and pedestrian paths. Projects which provide affordable housing shall be entitled to a density bonus, if long term affordability is guaranteed.

9.4.3 PLANNED COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT

- Intent: To provide a mechanism to review major commercial developments and encourage 'innovative approaches to commercial development.
- Density: Applications may be made in any commercial zone which has development limitations including, but not limited to, narrow lots, limited access, and drainage problems. Any proposed development, or re-development, which exceeds 2,500 sq. ft. of commercial space shall require application for a Planned Commercial Development. Waivers to this requirement may be granted by the Planning Commission.

Range of Potential Uses:

All uses permitted within the applicable zoning district. A mix of residential, retail and office uses is encouraged.

Other Information:

Planned Commercial Developments shall emphasize innovative design. Zoning District provisions, including setbacks, parking and lot coverage may be waived by the Planning Commission. Waivers may be granted only upon review of building design, lot layout, landscaping, setbacks, and amenities. Joint access, landscaping and compatible design are of particular importance. A determination must be made that these improvements mitigate waiver of any District standards.

Application requires a Conceptual Site Plan Hearing. The Planning Commission will determine the merits of the application during Conceptual Review. Upon approval, a Final Site Plan is required which must be in substantial compliance with conceptual approval.

9.4.4 MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL 1

- Intent: To provide areas for multi-family residential (townhouses, condominium and apartments with 4 or more units) and accessory residential uses.
- Density: 7,500 square feet for the first unit and 5,000 square feet for each additional unit in the same structure

Range of Potential Uses:

Single family dwellings, accessory apartments, parks, non-commercial recreation facilities, public and quasi-public uses, planned residential development. Existing public school facilities may be converted to elderly housing upon Site Plan Review. Emphasis shall be placed upon maintaining existing open space and recreation facilities. No more than ten percent of existing school buildings may be converted to school offices or administrative facilities. Other public uses may be approved upon Special Review.

Other Information:

No new multi-family 1 areas will be established. Current facilities may be repaired, remodeled or replaced, but there can be no increase in number of units.

9.4.5 MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL 2

- Intent: To provide areas for construction if new multi-family residential dwellings and accessory residential uses.
- Density: One unit for the first 7,500 sq. ft. and one unit for each additional 1,500 sq. ft.

Range of Potential Uses:

Single family dwellings, accessory apartments, parks, non-commercial recreation facilities, public and quasi-public uses, planned residential development. Existing public school facilities may be converted to elderly housing upon Site Plan Review. Emphasis shall be placed upon maintaining existing open space and recreation facilities. No more than ten percent of existing school buildings may be converted to school offices or administrative facilities. Other public uses may be approved upon Special Review.

Other Information:

Five or more units may require Special Review. Screening, landscaping and parking shall be designed to minimize impact on adjacent properties. Projects which provide affordable housing shall be entitled to a density bonus if long-term affordability is guaranteed.

9.4.6 MULTI FAMILY RESIDENTIAL 3

Intent: To provide areas for low-density multi-family dwellings.

Density: One unit for the first 7,500 sq. ft. and one unit for each additional 1,000 sq. ft. to a maximum of 4 units.

Range of Potential Uses:

Single family dwellings, accessory apartments, parks, non-commercial recreation facilities, public and quasi-public uses, planned residential development. Existing public school facilities may be converted to elderly housing upon Site Plan Review. Emphasis shall be placed upon maintaining existing open space and recreation facilities. No more than ten percent of existing school buildings may be converted to school offices or administrative facilities. Other public uses may be approved upon Special Review.

Other Information:

Single family dwellings and accessory apartments are permitted uses. Duplexes, triplexes and quadraplexes may require Special Review. Screening, landscaping and parking shall be designed to minimize impact on adjacent properties. Projects which provide affordable housing shall be entitled to a density bonus, if long-term affordability is guaranteed.

9.4.7 TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT

Intent: The purpose of the Transit Oriented Development District (TOD) is to encourage development that supports a variety of transportation options including public transit (bus, rail), walking, biking and the automobile.

In order to achieve the desired goal of providing greater transportation options, development within the district shall embody the characteristics of compact urban development and pedestrian oriented design. Mixed use buildings with first floor retail, wide sidewalks, interconnected streets, on-street parking, high density residential development, pedestrian amenities, transit stations and stops, open spaces, and public or shared parking are strongly encouraged and in many cases required as a part of the standards within the TOD District.

The area within the TOD District is currently served by public bus transportation. In addition, the TOD District is adjacent to an active rail corridor, which may be used for light rail service in the future. A bike path is also planned for the rail corridor. Therefore, the TOD District is in an ideal location to provide greater transportation options.

The specific objectives of the TOD District are:

- Create an environment that is conducive to using public transit, walking and riding a bike
- Accommodate a mix of uses in a form that attracts pedestrians
- Integrate commercial, institutional and residential development into a compact development pattern arranged around a street grid
- Provide pedestrian amenities and open spaces to create a comfortable and attractive environment
- Provide public, shared parking, and/or park and rides to accommodate automobiles, but will not detract from the pedestrian environment
- High Density Residential Development
- First Floor Retail
- Encourage the use of Tax Increment Financing to support public improvements in the district.
- Density: No density limit. Density will be based on ability to provide parking and meet other district requirements including lot coverage and building height.

Range of Potential Uses:

Multi-Family, Office, Retail, Banks, Restaurants, Cultural Facilities, Personal Services,

Other Information:

Development and redevelopment in the TOD District is intended to be more urban than most of the existing development patterns within the district. The TOD District is intended to support development patterns that are similar to those found in the Village Center District.

9.4.8 MULTI-FAMILY/MIXED-USE-1

Intent: The Multi-Family/Mixed-Use-1 District is intended to allow high density multi-family development along low intensity commercial uses along major transportation and public transit corridors. High Density, Mixed Use developments and affordable housing with parking below grade or on the first floor of the building are encouraged. Development in the MF/MU District should support alternative modes of transportation, while accommodating the automobile. Developments within this district

should be designed in such a way as to build upon the village character found in the core areas of the Village.

Density: No density limit. Density will be based on the ability to provide parking and meet other district requirements including lot coverage and building height

Range of Potential Uses:

Multi-Family, Office, Retail, Banks, Restaurants, Personal Services

Other Information:

Mixed use redevelopment including multi-family housing is encouraged. Commercial uses should be on a neighborhood scale and support the local residents.

9.4.9 MULTI-FAMILY/MIXED-USE-2

- Intent: The Multi-Family/Mixed-Use-2 District is intended to allow high density multi-family development along low intensity commercial uses along major transportation and public transit corridors. High Density, Mixed Use developments and affordable housing with parking below grade or on the first floor of the building are encouraged. Development in the MF/MU-2 District should support alternative modes of transportation, while accommodating the automobile. Developments within this district should be designed in such a way as to build upon the village character found in the core areas of the Village.
- Density: 15 units per acre
- Range of Potential Uses:

Multi-Family, Office, Retail, Banks, Restaurants, Personal Services

Other Information:

Mixed use redevelopment including multi-family housing is encouraged. Commercial uses should be on a neighborhood scale and support the local residents.

9.4.10 PLANNED RESIDENTIAL (where applicable)

- Intent: The objective of planned residential developments is not simply to allow exceptions to otherwise applicable regulations. It is instead to encourage a higher level of design and amenity than it is possible to achieve under the usual land development requirements. In addition, density bonuses may be granted if the development proposal preserves natural resources, preserves solar access, renewable energy generation, preservation or donation of open space, provides recreation facilities, constructs bike path connections, innovative design, and affordable housing in perpetuity.
- Density: Density is established by the underlying zoning district but may be increased based upon specific criteria to be developed.

Range of Potential Uses:

Single family dwellings, accessory apartments, parks, non-commercial recreation facilities, public and quasi-public uses, planned residential development. Existing public school facilities may be converted to elderly housing upon Site Plan Review.

Emphasis shall be placed upon maintaining existing open space and recreation facilities. No more than ten percent of existing school buildings may be converted to school offices or administrative facilities. Other public uses may be approved upon Special Review.

Other Information:

Any proposed commercial or business uses must meet neighborhood commercial criteria. Multi-family uses shall not exceed 30% of the total residential uses and must be specifically approved on a case by case basis. Zero-lot lines, cluster development and other innovative housing techniques are encouraged and must be approved on a case by case basis. Density bonuses not to exceed thirty percent may be granted for affordable housing or elderly housing projects. Certain street, highway and lot size requirements may be waived if alternatives are equal or superior to standard requirements. All proposals shall consider pedestrian and bike path usage. Recreational facilities, dedication of usable open space and park development may be required. All development proposals must be reviewed and approved as a Conceptual Plan.

9.4.11 VILLAGE CENTER

- Intent: To provide a compact commercial center with a mix of commercial and residential uses which is compatible with existing architectural and design standards. It is not anticipated any building greater than four stories in height would be appropriate in the Village Center.
- Density: Minimum lot size is 5,000 sq. ft. Some intensive commercial uses may require larger lot sizes.

Range of Potential Uses:

Hotel, offices, retail uses, restaurants, personal services, single family, multi-family dwellings, public and quasi-public services and amenities. Mixed use of structure is encouraged.

Other Information:

Creation or preservation of affordable housing within this area is encouraged. Emphasis is placed upon pedestrian and bicycle access to the commercial center. Design criteria may be developed to encourage construction similar to existing structures. Setbacks, parking and other requirements will be drafted to encourage development similar to existing development. Special Review may be required within the designated Village Center area. Site plan and design considerations are an important aspect of our historic Village Center District. Safety and the ability to walk and cycle in the area are increasingly important. The ability to efficiently move traffic while creating safe pedestrian routes, vibrant commercial and residential opportunities, and appropriate parks and green space will create an environment that is welcoming to residents and visitors alike in an area currently dominated by traffic. Additional density/waivers may be available for proposals that incorporate public space as part of a Village Center District development application. The public space may take the form of a discrete area, or preferably form part of a chain of public spaces that will be created over time.

9.4.12 RESIDENTIAL-OFFICE

Intent: Provide areas for small office conversions of existing residential structures while maintaining residential type architecture.

Range of Potential Uses:

Professional offices with associated retail uses, photography shop, copy shop, frame shop, single family, art studio, residential, multi-family residential, etc.

Density: Minimum lot size is 7,500 sq. ft. for the first residential or office unit and 500 sq. ft. for each additional residential unit. However, lot must meet lot coverage, parking, setback and building location criteria.

Other Information:

Single family and multi-family not to exceed 4 units are encouraged and are permitted uses. Multi-family must meet parking, landscaping, screening requirements and must preserve residential integrity. Projects which preserve affordable housing, or provide joint access and joint parking with adjoining lots may qualify for development bonuses. Existing residential structures may be removed upon Special Review if proposed new structures are designed and constructed to maintain residential character and scale. Conditions may be placed upon any Special Review approval.

9.4.13 LIGHT INDUSTRIAL

- Intent: To provide areas for manufacturing, warehousing, research and development. Implementation of approved Master Plan subject to site plan review.
- Density: Minimum lot size is 10,000 sq. ft.

Range of Potential Uses:

Research and testing laboratories, warehouses, light manufacturing, offices.

Other Information:

Businesses within this category shall be located and designed so as to minimize impact on adjacent properties. Performance standards may be adopted for review purposes. Special Review may be required for some uses within this category.

9.4.14 HIGHWAY-ARTERIAL

- Intent: To provide areas for retail, wholesale, commercial, service and professional businesses while minimizing negative impacts due to increased traffic.
- Density: Minimum lot size is 10,000 sq. ft. Lot must meet lot coverage, parking, setback and building location criteria. Commercial space which exceeds 2,500 sq. ft. shall require application for a Planned Commercial Development.

Range of Potential Uses:

Multi-family, retail stores, wholesale distribution, restaurants, commercial, recreation facilities, offices, vehicle repair facilities, gas stations. Mixed use of structures is encouraged.

Other Information:

The intensity of this category requires special standards to mitigate the impact of Heavy Commercial development. Landscaping, building appearance, building location, and access are of prime importance. Traffic safety, parking facilities and vehicular access is of concern. Consideration of pedestrian and bicycle access is required.

9.4.15 COMMERCIAL MIXED USE

- Intent: To provide areas for mixed use development in locations that have adequate public infrastructure and compatible surrounding land uses. A mix of residential, retail and office use is encouraged. Light industrial uses area allowed as a conditional use. Commercial and light industrial space greater than 2,500 sq. ft. shall require application for a Planned Commercial Development.
- Density: Minimum lot size of 15,000 sq. ft. Lot must meet lot coverage, parking, setback and building criteria.

Range of Potential Uses:

Retail stores, restaurants, office complexes, multi-family, light industrial, schools, warehouses, and manufacturing.

9.4.16 PLANNED EXPOSITION

- Intent: To provide an area for special events and exposition facilities while minimizing adverse traffic, noise and visual impact. Implementation of approved Master Plan subject to site plan review.
- Density: Minimum 120 acres.

Range of Potential Uses:

Agricultural shows and sales, educational workshops, concerts, antique shows and sales, temporary accessory sales, group sales, special events and festivals, picnics, reunions, carnivals, circuses, recreation facilities, pedestrian and bike paths.

Other Information:

If a new plan differs from the approved Master Plan, the Planned Exposition land use category will require review and approval of a Conceptual Plan at a Public Hearing. The Conceptual Plan identifies locations and types of uses. Emphasis is to be placed on landscaping, parking, traffic circulation and noise mitigation efforts. A Final Development Plan will identify location or relocation of any structures or physical improvements. Change in location of uses or substantial changes in types of uses, will require a new Conceptual Plan. A new Final Development Plan or Master Plan may be required if changes in physical improvements are proposed.

Uses within the Planned Exposition Land Use Category are divided into four types of reviews:

1) Permitted Use – No Special Review required unless projected attendance, noise or other factors exceed performance standards as developed. Examples of

permitted uses may include agriculture exhibitions, educational workshops and reunions. Prior notification of all events may be required.

- 2) Temporary Uses Special administrative review is required to determine if Special Review is necessary. Temporary use permits are to be issued by staff within a specified time period. Staff review is limited to type of event, location of event, and performance standards as developed. Examples of uses may include temporary sales (accessory to a permitted event), antique sales and shows, dog shows, car shows, boat shows and temporary group sales (i.e. retail associations, car dealerships, clearance sales, etc.). Temporary use permits may be granted on an annual basis based upon a submitted schedule. Events not included shall be reviewed on an individual application basis.
- 3) Major Uses Special Review is required for major uses and may include public meeting. Major uses are those uses which may generate substantial levels of traffic, noise or other adverse impacts. Examples may include major concerts, events which last 5 or more days and other uses denied by staff as Permitted Uses or Temporary Uses. Staff shall make the initial determination on a major use application within a specified period of time. If staff determines there may be substantial traffic, noise, odor, or other impacts, further Special Review shall be required and the applicant shall be immediately notified.
- 4) Champlain Valley Exposition Annual Fair The Planning Commission may choose to review the Fair on an annual basis. The Planning Commission shall notify the Champlain Valley Exposition in writing by November 30th of the year before the Fair that they wish to review. The Champlain Valley Exposition shall then submit a permit application for review by January 31st of the following year. Review shall be conducted at a public hearing.

A) Permitted Uses – Daily shows (other than grandstand concerts), education workshops, product demonstrations, food services, booths, carnivals, and any activities within enclosed structures are not reviewed on an individual basis and are uses by right.

B) Cumulative Uses – The cumulative effect of all fair activities may be reviewed in cooperation with the Fair Board to develop traffic control, parking and noise plans.

C) Special Events – Special events including, but not limited to, concerts, demolition derbies, tractor pulls and other similar events may be reviewed for compliance with noise standards, dust control, parking and traffic flow. Consideration should be given to timing of all special events to minimize traffic conflicts, noise or other impacts. Special Review of these events or waivers may be required. Staff may not grant waivers to adopted standards, but will determine if additional Special Review or waivers are necessary.

9.4.17 PLANNED AGRICULTURAL

Intent: To provide areas for active agricultural uses and provide mechanisms to ensure the long term viability of agricultural uses. Prime agricultural land shall be preserved whenever possible through transfer of development rights to agriculturally

unproductive areas. Property used for agricultural purposes shall be deemed the predominant use and shall be protected from adverse urban development.

The entire area shall be subject to a Master Plan. No changes that involve any new development or change of use shall be permitted until a Master Plan for the entire Planned Agricultural district has been approved by the Planning Commission. Such a Master Plan shall ensure adequate infrastructure, roads and public amenities before additional development is approved.

Density: Standards for density may be developed or may be part of a Master Plan approval provided, however, that no development may be approved on lots of less than 15,000 sq. ft. without Planned Development approval utilizing the techniques specified in this land use category.

Range of Potential Uses:

Farms, and all related activities including involvement in the local food movement (i.e. farm to school initiative), farm structures, farm housing, single family dwellings, multi-family dwelling, public and quasi-public uses, recreation, and solar renewable energy systems.

Other Information:

The Planned Agricultural land use shall be designated only on active farm land and land held in farm ownership. Uses other than agricultural may be approved only as a part of a Master Plan for the entire parcel or specific application for one or more phases or parcels within sections of this District which clearly meet the intent of this land use category and utilizes techniques to save agricultural land. Transfer of development rights, land trust, purchase/lease-back and other innovative approaches to save prime agricultural lands and open lands are strongly encouraged.

9.4.18 FLOOD PLAIN

Intent: To promote the public health, safety and general welfare, to prevent increases in flooding and to minimize losses due to floods.

Minimum Lot Size:

Not applicable. All areas designated by the Federal Emergency Management Administration shall be designated Flood Plain.

Range of Potential Uses:

Agriculture, conservation areas, recreation facilities.

Other Information:

All uses within this category require Special Review. Certain uses, or waiver requests may require Public Hearings and submittal of detailed hydrologic and engineering data.

Chapter VI Implementation

In order to connect the vision, goals and objectives of this plan with reality, it must be implemented. Action is required and funding is necessary. Therefore, a detailed implementation plan is a key component of the comprehensive planning process.

Implementation will occur through a mix of policy adoption, planning studies, regulatory changes, public/private partnerships, education and capital projects. In many cases funding sources will be identified.

This chapter first describes an overview of finances for the Village; and then Table 14 lists the goals and objectives of the plan, the department that is primarily responsible for implementation, a timeline for implementation and potential funding sources. The timeline will be identified as follows:

Short Term – 1-2 Years Mid Term – 2-3 Years Long Term – 4-5+ Years Ongoing – No definitive timeframe; may be ongoing policy

1. <u>Government Finance</u>

Local government is primarily financed through property tax revenue. Thus, consideration of the local tax effort is an important issue. It gives some indication of economic growth within the community as well as an indication of the community's ability to pay for improvements which may be required in the future. In addition, it is an important indicator of a community's ability to manage basic services while minimizing tax increases. Figure 7 tracks the Village Grand List increase from 2007-2013. Figure 8 provides more detail on the taxes generated, the distribution of taxes within the Village, and other sources of revenue. Figure 9 illustrates the distribution of the revenue collected to the services provided by the Village to its residents and businesses through the General Fund.

The Village has invested much time and effort to address issues of responsible financial management. A reappraisal was completed in 2007. Essex Junction's elected officials and voters are conscious of the need for responsible financial management and have successfully kept Village budgets to an average increase of 3.7% since 2007. However, while conservative budgeting keeps tax increases at a minimum, it does not allow capacity for new programs or significant investment in Village infrastructure and business development. Therefore, any goals and objectives established in this plan should be weighed against the resources needed to accomplish the goal. For every goal and objective, the village should ask itself, "at what cost?" and whether or not the initiative will be supported by adequate resources.

It is important to note that the data included herein are for the Village of Essex Junction taxes only. Residents are also required to pay school taxes and Town of Essex taxes. Both the school system and Town are totally independent taxing agencies over which the Village has no control. Residents should contact the Town of Essex and the School District for information regarding their tax rates.

FY2014 is the final year of an agreement with IBM to gradually eliminate a subsidy that replaced the taxes on IBM's machinery and equipment. The agreement started in 2001 and the last year the Village received the subsidy was FY2013. The Village is pursuing ways to reduce its budget by sharing services with the Town. The 1st step in the process was contracting with the Town to share the Town Manager position. Studies and efforts to share other services are under way.

Figure 7 Grand List 2007 - 2013

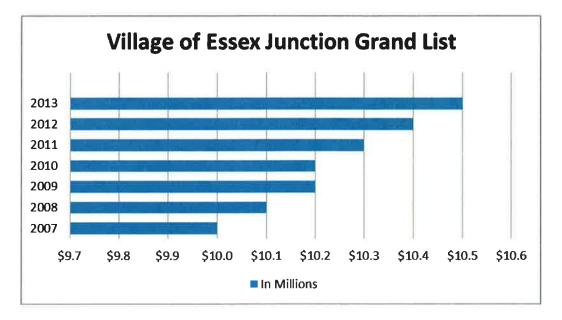
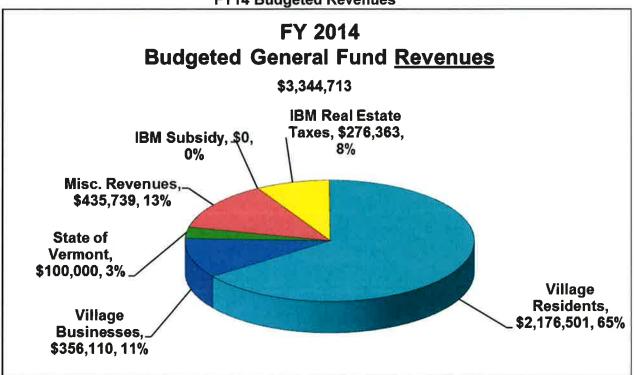


Figure 8 FY14 Budgeted Revenues



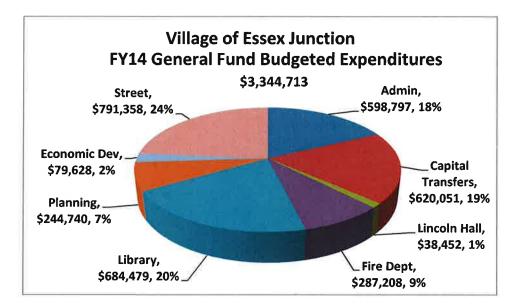


Figure 9 FY 14 Budgeted Expenditures

2. Funding Sources

Local Funding:

For current fund balances for the following programs please refer to the Annual Reports.

Planning Department Budget - Other Professional Services: These funds are used for general planning activities including matching grant funds, planning studies, and design assistance.

Capital Fund: The Village Capital Fund is used for public works projects including road and sidewalk reconstruction, village buildings, and streetscape projects.

Economic Development: The Village has an annual economic development budget which is used for the annual block party, and general economic development activities including market studies, marketing, business retention and other activities to support a thriving business community. The economic development component has been expanding to encourage private investment in the Village through outreach and education.

Public Works Streetscape Budget: The Public Works Department has an annual budget for streetscape improvements and maintenance. The money can be used for streetscape plantings as well as landscaping installation and maintenance, and includes funds allocated to the Tree Advisory Committee.

Land Acquisition Fund: The Village has a land acquisition fund. The fund was set up to purchase village properties for public use or economic development.

Water and Wastewater Revenue Funds: Funding may be available from the Water, Wastewater and Sanitation capital funds for capital projects involving sewer and water infrastructure.

Village Owned Assets: Think strategically about Village owned assets to maximize the benefit to the public.

Regional/State/Federal Funding:

All grant funds are listed as of 2014.

Municipal Planning Grants: The Vermont Department of Housing and Community Development provides an annual planning grant program for municipalities to promote community planning, revitalization and development activities that maintain Vermont's land use goal of compact settlements separated by rural lands. In FY14 the maximum grant amount was \$20k with a cash match required. Projects requesting \$8,000 or less do not require a match.

Vermont Agency of Transportation – Transportation Alternatives: This program replaced the former Enhancement Grants Program. This annual grant program provides funding for scoping studies or construction of local transportation improvements. Applicants may apply for up to \$300k with a required match of 20% for construction projects, and 50% for scoping studies.

Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission (CCRPC): The CCRPC annual work program (aka Unified Planning Work Program - UPWP) is the mechanism to achieve the vision, mission and goals for the region as outlined in the ECOS Plan (www.ecosproject.com) and also helps municipalities fulfill their local plans. The UPWP provides funding assistance for a range of project types including transportation and land use, transportation services, GIS and Data Development, and other non-transportation planning (emergency management, brownfields planning, technology planning). In addition, CCRPC manages the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) which is a prioritized, fiscally-constrained, and multi-year list of federally-funded, multimodal projects in the region. This includes dedicated funds for the sidewalk grant program for preliminary engineering and sidewalk construction (\$300,000 available in the FY15 program).

Historic Preservation: There are three State historic preservation grant programs: Historic Preservation Grants for repair and maintenance of a historic building owned by a municipality or non-profit; Historic Preservation Barn Grants for repair and maintenance of historic agriculture buildings; and Certified Local Government grants to help municipalities integrate historic preservation concerns with local planning decisions. For more information visit: http://accd.vermont.gov/strong_communities/preservation/grants

There are also Federal and State tax credit programs. For more information visit: <u>http://accd.vermont.gov/strong_communities/opportunities/funding/downtown_village_tax_credit</u>. The specific credits available are listed here:

Buildings listed on the National Register of Historic Places are eligible for a 30% tax credit for qualifying rehabilitation projects (20% federal, 10% state). The funds may be used to improve accessibility, life safety or interior or exterior renovations.

A 25% building façade tax credit, which is not available for buildings eligible for the 30% tax credit above. The credit is available for buildings in the designated village center district. Maximum award of \$25k per building.

A 50% code improvement tax credit to assist in bringing buildings up to state code, to abate hazardous materials or contamination. It includes a maximum award of \$12,000 for a platform lift, \$50,000 for sprinkler systems, \$50,000 for elevators, and \$25,000 for the combined costs of all other

qualified code improvements, as well as costs for hazardous material abatement and contaminated sites redevelopment.

Community Development Block Grants: Grants are available for planning or implementation, but they must meet a national/state objective to serve persons of low or moderate income, address slums and blight or meet and urgent need. See <u>www.dhca.state.vt.us/VCDP</u> for more information.

Safe Routes to School Program: The Safe Routes to School Program provides funding and education to make it safer for children to walk to school. See: http://saferoutes.vermont.gov/ for more information.

Community Foundations: There are a number of community foundations and other private grant funds that are available to municipalities. The Orton Foundation, who funded the Heart & Soul project, is an example.

Table 14: Implementation Schedule - see the next page

Table 14: Implementation Schedule

Goal/Objective	Dept.	Timeline	Funding	He	art 8	s So	ul V	alue	es			EC	OS Stra	itegies			
Priority Goals for Next 5 Years				 ⊖ 1. Local Economy 	○ 2. Health & Recreation	© 3. Community Connections		(G) 5. Thoughtful Growth	(D) 6. Safety	D1. Improve Economy	2. Concentrate Development & Infrastructure	စ္တဲ 3. Improve Water Quality and Safety	4 Protect Working Landscapes and Habitats	တြ 5. Increase Health and Personal Safety	6. Educate our Residents	7. Improve Efficiency of Financing and Governance	8. Ensure Equity
Goal 1: Assist and work with existing businesses to stay and grow in Essex Junction. Encourage and assist new businesses and clean industries to invest in Essex Junction.				1		3		5		0	2						
Objective 1.1: Maintain a favorable business climate in Essex Junction.	ALL	Ongoing	N/A	1		3		5		0	2						
Objective 1.2: Engage in policies to make progress on the transit specific strategies in the Town's Economic Development and Vision Plan including #4 (regional multi-modal improvements), #10 (freight rail service expansion), and #12 (transit oriented development).	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	State Funding, Capital Budget	1				5		1	2						
Objective 1.3: Continue efforts to revitalize the Village Center and attract business through public investment in infrastructure. Goal 2: Promote thoughtful growth.	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	State Funding, Capital Budget	1				(S)	-	1	2						

Objective 2.1: Ensure that new development and rehabilitation efforts enhance and reinforce the existing architecture, design and layout along major arterials and historic neighborhoods.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1			5		2				
Objective 2.2: Encourage mixed-income infill housing within existing developed areas in the commercial and multi-family districts.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1	A REAL		5		2				
Objective 2.3: Promote the redevelopment of underutilized properties in the Transit Oriented Development (TOD) and Village Center District.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1			5		2				
Objective 2.4: Continue improvements in the public realm for a high quality pedestrian experience.	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	State Funding, Capital Budget				5	6	2				
Objective 2.5: Continue efforts to preserve and rehabilitate existing historic structures through state and federal funding programs and incentives; and encourage private investment for the same.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A				5		2				
Objective 2.6: Hold an enhanced community discussion and design charrette to develop design standards for the Downtown.	AD, P&Z	Short Term	General Fund			3	5	6	2				
Goal 3: Continue improving access to and safety of bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and public transit. Support the work of the Bike- Walk Advisory Committee.					2			6	0		6		
Goal 4: Implement projects that will move traffic more efficiently while making the Village a more welcoming place for all modes of travel.		Ongoing	State Funding, Capital Budget		2		5	6	2		6		
Objective 4.1: Implement the Connector Road project.	AD, PW, P&Z	Short Term	State Funding, Capital Budget		2		5	6	2		6		
Objective 4.2: Consider pedestrianization of Main Street.	AD, PW, P&Z	Long Term	State Funding, Capital Budget	0.1	2		5	1100			6		
Objective 4.3: Consider alternatives for vehicular traffic through Five Corners, such as redirecting Route 15.	AD, PW, P&Z	Long Term	State Funding, Capital Budget		2		5	6	2		6		

					and the second se					
Goal 5: Establish policies and manage the Village budget and assets to enhance and ensure the continuation of the high quality of life Village residents, businesses and visitors value.	ALL	Ongoing	N/A			5		2		0
Objective 5.1: Increase the ratio of light industrial/commercial uses to residential uses.	PZ	Ongoing	N/A	1		5	0	2		0
Objective 5.2: Investigate additional sources of revenue.	ALL	Ongoing	N/A			5		0		0
Objective 5.3: Keep budget increases within the rate of inflation.	FN	Ongoing	N/A			5		0		0
Objective 5.4: Continue to investigate and implement, when appropriate, shared services between Village and Town governments.	ALL	Ongoing	N/A			5		2		0
public.	ALL	Ongoing	N/A			5		2		0
Objective 5.6: Consider reinstating funding to the land acquisition fund.	FN	Midterm	N/A			5		2		0
Energy							11-57			
cost benefit analysis	PW	Ongoing	N/A			5		2		
Goal 2: Cooperate with State Officials and energy suppliers to ensure the availability of adequate supplies of energy	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A					2		
Goal 3: Encourage the development of renewable energy resources to contribute to the State's goal of 90% renewable energy by 2050.	PW	Ongoing	N/A					2		
Goal 4: Ensure new construction and rehab complies with Vermont Residential & Commercial Building Energy Standards.	P&Z, LB, PW	Ongoing	N/A		(5		2		
Goal 5: Ensure that municipal equipment meet all required equipment requirements	ALL, PW	Ongoing	N/A					2		
Goal 6: Participate in green pricing programs, when available, to promote the use of renewable energy.	PW	Midterm	Grant funding/public works budget					2		0

Goal 7: Ensure that new and replacement street lamps utilize the most current and efficient energy technology.	WQ	Ongoing	Wastewater Revenue Fund/Revenue Bond					2						
Objective 7.1: Continue to require energy efficient street lamps in new developments.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A					2						
Objective 7.2: Use energy efficient street lamps when replacing existing lamps.	PW	Ongoing	Public Works Budget					2						
Objective 7.3: Meet or exceed the current adopted version of the Regional Planning Outdoor Lighting Manual for Vermont Municipalities.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A					2						
Goal 8: Support a variety of non-automobile transportation options	PW, WQ, FD	Ongoing	Public Works Budget			5		2						
Goal 9: Continue reducing local energy demand by providing further expansion of sidewalks, bike paths, park & rides and public transportation.	PW, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A			5		2						
Goal 10: Display and distribute information to residents and businesses that will help them save energy.	AD	Ongoing	N/A	3	4			0				E7		
Goal 11: Encourage the Brownell Library to expand, and update regularly, energy publications and publicize this source to the general public.	LB	Ongoing	Library Budget	3	4			2						
Goal 12: Continue recycling programs at all village buildings and facilities.	AD, PW	Ongoing	Public Works Budget			5		2						
Goal 13: Conduct energy audits for all Village Buildings.	AD, PW	Ongoing	Public Works Budget					2						
Goal 14: Continually examine cost effectiveness to expand use of methane generated at the Waste Water Treatment Plant.	AD, PW	Ongoing	Public Works Budget					2					0	
Goal 15: Consider fuel efficiency when purchasing new vehicles, including alternative fuels	AD, PW	Ongoing	Public Works Budget					2						
Goal 16: Provide residents with information on heating assistance programs	AD	Ongoing	N/A	3			6					6		8
Agriculture									1	-	- 1			

Goal 1: Continue to support the Whitcomb Farm in their conservation efforts.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1	2				0		8	4			
Goal 2: Support the Farmers Market and other local value-added agricultural businesses.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1					1						
Objective 2.1: Ensure accommodation at Five Corners for the Farmers Market, unless an alternative site is established.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1					0						
Objective 2.2: Work with Five Corners Farmers' Market to assist in finding a permanent winter location.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1					1						
Objective 2.3: Hold farm-to-table community events	RC	Ongoing	N/A			3					1	4	l.		
Goal 3: Continue support of the Community Garden Program, home gardening and micro- farming.	RC	Ongoing	N/A			3						4			
Objective 3.1: Offer incentives for developments that include community gardens and/or allow home gardens on common land.	P&Z	Midterm	N/A					5				0		11	
Objective 3.2: Strengthen language in zoning regulations to protect topsoil during construction so that yards are more suitable for gardening.	P&Z	Midterm	N/A					5				4			
Objective 3.3: Encourage composting	RC	Ongoing	N/A		2 mil		1.00	fact of		1	8	4			
Objective 3.4: Develop a method to donate excess food from community gardens.	RC	Midterm	N/A			3									8
Objective 3.5: Encourage the practice of edible landscaping.	RC, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A		2								G		
Objective 3.6: Inventory and designate additional public space for community gardens	P&Z	Long Term	N/A			3				2		4			
Goal 4: Establish a Tree Management Plan	P&Z	Short Term	N/A					5		2		0			
Objective 4.1: Increase the Village tree canopy	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A					5		2		4	6		
Objective 4.2: Educate residents on value of the urban forest.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	_		3				2	_	4			

Objective 4.3: Establish a process for the Village Tree Advisory Committee to work with the Planning Commission to review and provide advice on development projects that include tree planting in public spaces.	P&Z	Midterm	N/A			5		2	4			
Business/Economic Development												
Goal 1: Assist and work with existing and new business development in Essex Junction.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1			0					
Objective 1.1: Maintain a favorable business climate in Essex Junction.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	Economic Development	1	3		0					
Objective 1.2: Encourage the development of a diverse array of residential units in the Village Center and Pearl St. Districts.	AD, P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A	1		5	0	2				
Objective1.3: Consider performing market studies to attract businesses	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	Economic Development	1			0			1		
Objective 1.4: Work with officials at IBM, and other IBM campus businesses to meet their future development needs.	AD	Ongoing	N/A	1			1					
Objective 1.5: Develop a plan for diversifying the IBM property	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1			0					
Objective 1.6: Encourage opportunities for bandwidth improvements.	AD, P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A	1			0	2				
Objective 1.7: Encourage entrepreneurs and start-ups	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	Economic Development	1			0			1		
Objective 1.8: Help identify underutilized structures in the Village and assist in matching the landowners with business prospects.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	Economic Development	1		5	1	2		i mi		
Goal 2: Increase the Village's relationship with the local business community.	AD	Ongoing	N/A	1	3		0					
Objective 2.1: Look for strategic opportunities to work with business and property owners on economic development.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1			0					
Objective 2.2: Work closely with regional business organizations	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1			0					
Objective 2.3: Encourage Village membership on key local and regional committees involved with business expansion and economic development.	AD	Ongoing	N/A	1			1					

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Objective 2.4: Promote the Village as a destination for shopping, services, and tourism.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	Economic Development	1					0						
Objective 2.5: Provide mechanisms for increased communication between the business community and Village Officials.	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1	3				0						
Objective 2.6: Continue work with the Town and Essex Economic Development Commission on the implementation strategies from the Economic Development and Vision Plan: Essex.	P&Z	Midterm	Municipal Planning Grant/Planning Budget	1	3				0						
Goal 3: Provide mechanisms for efficient and timely review of development applications.	AD, P&Z, PW	Ongoing	Public Works Streetscape	1			5		0	2					
Objective 3.1: While maintaining environmental standards, ensure that the local codes do not inhibit/prohibit local development.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1					0		8				
Objective 3.2: Provide application checklist of all requirements for each stage of review.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1			5		0	2					
Goal 4: Preserve and enhance the appearance and historical character of the Village of Essex Junction.	P&Z	Ongoing	Grants, Capital Fund	1			5		0	2					
Objective 4.1: Maintain Design Review in the Village Center.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1			5		0	2					
Objective 4.2: Design publicly financed improvements to preserve the character of the Village Center.	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	Public Works Streetscape	1			5		0	2				0	
Objective 4.3: Establish local historic districts or other mechanisms along major arterials and in historic neighborhoods.	P&Z	Midterm	Municipal Planning Grant/Planning Budget	1			5		0	2					
Objective 4.4: Create a list of noted historic sites and buildings to supplement Map 2.	P&Z	Midterm	Municipal Planning Grant/Planning Budget	1			5		0	2					
Objective 4.5: Continue streetscape and landscaping efforts to attract private sector investment.	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	Public Works Streetscape	1			5		0	2					
Open Space – Recreation & Natural Resourc	es														
					_	-					-	-	 -	-	

Goal 1: Support the Essex Junction Recreation Department in providing a wide range of						1								
recreation and leisure opportunities for all residents of the Village.					2	3		3	6	2		6		
Objective 1.1: Continue regulations which require the dedication of usable park lands and open spaces as a requirement of major development approval.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A		2	3	(5	6	2		5		
Objective 1.2: Support the implementation of the 2007 Essex Junction Recreation and Park Master Plan.	RC, ALL	Ongoing	N/A		2	3		5	6	2		5		
Objective 1.3: Encourage increasing the annual funding of the Recreation Capital Replacement Reserve Fund to one cent (.01) of the municipal grand list.	AD, RC	Ongoing	Capital Budget		2	3		5	6	2		5	O	
Objective 1.4: Encourage implementation of a recreation impact fee to create a fund to support future community park and facility needs.	AD, RC	Ongoing	Capital Budget		2	3		5	6	2		6	0	
Goal 2: Create urban open spaces.				1	2	3	(5		2				
Objective 2.1: Encourage the provision of plazas and other urban outdoor areas in major redevelopment projects in the Village Center and Transit Oriented Development Districts.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1	2	3		5		2				
Objective 2.2: Require pedestrian and bicycle amenities in the creation of new public streets in the Village Center and Transit Oriented Development Districts.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1	2	3	(5		0		6		
Objective 2.3: Consider the development of a village green within the Village Center District.	ALL	Ongoing	Grants, Capital Budget	1	2	3	(5		2				
Objective 2.4: Encourage or require the preservation of open space in new residential developments. Allow for innovative design in the preservation of open space through clustering and design techniques.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A		2	(C)		5		2	4			

Goal 3: Preserve the natural beauty indigenous								
to Vermont within the Village of Essex Junction.				2	5	2		
Objective 3.1: Maintain regulations which encourage the preservation of trees in new development.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	2	5	2	4	
Objective 3.2: Implement a program of selective planting of trees on private property adjacent to existing road right-of-ways.	AD, PW	Midterm	N/A	2	5	2	4	
Objective 3.3: Promote and actively participate in an annual tree planting program.	AD, PW	Ongoing	N/A	2	5	2	4	
Objective 3.4: Consider protection of the outstanding view sheds identified in this Plan through amendments to the Land Development Code.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	2	5	0	4	
Goal 4: Continue protection of existing natural resources identified in this chapter.				2	5	28	4	
Objective 4.1: Continue to enforce stormwater treatment standards in the Land Development Code to improve water quality in impaired waters and to minimize non-point source water pollution from new development.	P&Z, WQ	Ongoing	N/A	Q	56	2 3		
Objective 4.2: Require retention of vegetation or effective re-vegetation of areas vulnerable to erosion.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	2	56	9 8		
Objective 4.3: Work with the Center for Technology Essex to develop a nursery to raise street trees for the Village and Town.	AD, PW	Ongoing	N/A	2	56	0		
Objective 4.4: Continue incentivizing growth in the areas planned for growth, so that development pressures on natural resources and open spaces are lessened.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	2	56	23		

Objective 4.5: Ensure protection of the Village's significant wildlife habitat resources by inventorying the resources, determining their current level of protection, and if necessary define them and establish standards for protection of them in the Land Development Code.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	2	5	6	2		4	9	
Objective 4.6: Coordinate with the Town, Region and State on efforts to establish air quality goals/objectives and encourage methods of air quality improvement.	AD, P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A	2	5	6	2		4	6	
Objective 4.7: Analyze the thrust faults to determine how properties in these areas should be managed for protection of aquifer recharge and minimizing undue property damage.	P&Z	Long Term	Grants	2	5	6	0	8	4	6	
Goal 5: Reduce greenhouse gas emissions contributing to climate change and adapt to become more resilient to a changing climate.				2	5	6	2			6	
Objective 5.1: Engage in climate mitigation strategies to reduce the region's contribution of greenhouse gases. For example, continue to implement policies that promote investment in transportation options that reduce emissions – such as sidewalks and bike lanes; and implement programs to increase urban forest canopy.	ALL	Ongoing	PW, Capital Budget	2	5	6	9	3	4	9	
Objective 5.2: Engage in climate adaptation strategies to help individuals, businesses and communities be able to withstand and bounce back from – or even take advantage of – the impacts of climate change. For example, prepare and maintain plans for emergency operations, emergency response, business continuity and business recovery.	ALL	Ongoing	PW, Capital Budget	2	5	6	9			9	

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Goal 6: Avoid new development in floodplains, fluvial erosion hazard areas, and land adjacent to streams, wetlands, and upland forests; eliminate the exacerbation of flooding and fluvial erosion; encourage protection and restoration of these areas; and plan for flood emergency preparedness and response.					2		5	6	2	3	4	5		
Objective 6.1: Continue to enforce the flood plain regulations to protect flood prone areas and minimize fluvial erosion.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A		2			6	2	8	4	6		5
Objective 6.2: Monitor the fluvial erosion hazard area south of Cascade Street that is not currently regulated by the flood plain regulations to determine if additional protections are needed.	PW, WQ	Ongoing	N/A		2		5	6	2	8	4	5		
Objective 6.3: Monitor all of the fluvial erosion areas to see how best to accommodate fluvial equilibrium and natural erosion processes while minimizing undue damage to property.	PW, WQ	Ongoing	N/A		2		(5)	6	2	3	4	5		
Objective 6.4: Plan culvert replacements for any undersized culverts in conjunction with roadway improvements.	PW, WQ	Ongoing	N/A		2			6		B		6		
Objective 6.5: Review the Hazard Mitigation	ALL	Ongoing	N/A		2			6		B		6		
Objective 6.6: Continue annual certification of the Emergency Operations Plan.	AD	Ongoing	N/A		2			6		8		6		
Education and Childcare							ĺ.		1					
Goal 1: Provide opportunities for access to quality education for all segments of the population and promote full use of all facilities.						4							6	
Objective 1.1: Coordinate new development with schools to minimize impacts	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A			4	5						6	
Objective 1.2: Encourage the use of village facilities for adult education, workshops and career development	RD, AD, PW, LB, SC	Ongoing	N/A	1		4							6	

Goal 2: Coordinate school population projections	P&Z, SC	Ongoing	N/A			4	(5)					6		1-1
Goal 3: Encourage alternative access to education facilities	P&Z, PW, SC	Long Term	Capital Budget, School Budget, Safe Routes to School, TIP, Enhancement Grants			4						6		
Goal 4: Maximize use of all public facilities						4				1.1	1.1	6		
Goal 5: Improve bicycle and pedestrian safety for school children including continued participation in Safe Routes to School.	P&Z, PW, SC	Ongoing	Capital Budget, School Budget, Safe Routes to School, TIP, Enhancement Grants		2	4		6	0			6		
Goal 6: Continue to allow childcare services in most areas of the village	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1		4						6		8
Utilities/Facilities										1				
Goal 1: Provide a Village infrastructure system that adequately ensures the availability of potable water, disburses storm and ground water runoff and disposes of sanitary wastes in a manner which ensures community health and is environmentally sound.							5		2	8				
Objective 1.1: Maintain public works standards that utilize reasonable technology to ensure adequate infrastructure	PW, WQ	Ongoing	N/A				5		2	8				
Objective 1.2: Implement Asset Management to insure long term rate stability	PW, WQ	Midterm	Public works budget, CCRPC/CCMPO Assistance				5		2				0	
Objective 1.3: Manage sewer capacity for village benefit	AD, PW, WQ, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1			5		2		_			
Objective 1.4: Improve infrastructure with minimal financial burden on taxpayers	PW, WQ	Ongoing	Capital Funds/Water- Wastewater Funds				5		2				0	

Objective 1.5: Maintain infrastructure for maximum life/use	PW, WQ	Ongoing	Wastewater and Water revenue funds, Capital Budget			5		2				
Objective 1.6: Ensure new development has adequate services	P&Z, PW, WQ	Ongoing	N/A	1		5		2				
Objective 1.7: Continue to identify infrastructure deficiencies and upgrade as appropriate	PW, WQ	Ongoing	Wastewater and Water revenue funds, Capital Budget			5		2				
Objective 1.8: Consider leasing WW capacity on permanent basis	AD	Ongoing	N/A			(5)		2			0	
Objective 1.9: Implement stormwater management regulations	P&Z, WQ, PW	Short Term	N/A			5		0	8	_		
Goal 2: To participate in Public Service board hearings and to encourage the continued provision of a high quality of public utility services to the Village.						5		2				
Objective 2.1: Encourage utility companies to provide high quality services to new developments	PW, WQ, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A			5		2				
Objective 2.2: Require public utilities companies to maintain corridors	PW, WQ	Ongoing	N/A			5		2				
Goal 3: To provide the community with the best possible sidewalks for the purpose of pedestrian travel at the most reasonable cost.					2	5		2				
Objective 3.1: Prioritize sidewalk upgrades	PW	Ongoing	Capital Budget, Public Works Operating Budget		2	5		2				
Objective 3.2: Continue to maintain assessments and inventory on all sidewalks	PW	Midterm	Public Works Operating Budget, Municipal Planning Grant		2	5		2				
Goal 4: To continue to provide all Village segments with the best fire protection.							6			6		
Objective 4.1: Actively recruit firefighters, and consider the need for a new fire station to assist in recruitment and retention efforts.	FD	Ongoing	Fire Department Budget				6			6		

Objective 4.2: Consider a limited full time fire department	AD, PD	Ongoing	General Fund						6				6			
Objective 4.3: Consider life safety/building codes	AD, FD, PW, P&Z	Midterm	Building Code permit fees		2				6		2		6			8
Goal 5: To provide a high level of Library Services to Village residents for their enjoyment and information, with particular emphasis on education, community connections, health and recreation, and the local economy.				1	2	3	4			1			6	6		8
Objective 5.1: Create opportunities for lifelong learning and exploration	LB	Ongoing	Library Budget				4							6		
Objective 5.2: Nurture community spirit in a safe, collaborative and comfortable space.	LB	Ongoing	N/A			3										8
Objective 5.3: Support healthy minds and bodies and stimulate imagination.	LB	Ongoing	N/A		2								6			
Objective 5.4: Support efforts to improve economic vitality	LB	Ongoing	Library Budget	1						1						
Objective 5.5: Historic assessment of Brownell Library structure will be done in the next five years	LB	Ongoing	Library Budget			3			6		0					
Goal 6: Maintain public buildings and municipal functions in/near village center, encourage new public buildings in village center	AD, P&Z, LB, SD	Ongoing	N/A	1				5			2				0	
Goal 7: To continue to provide the Village with the best police protection.									6		121	1	6			
Objective 7.1. Decrease the amount of time vacancies remain open.	AD	Ongoing	N/A			3			6				6			
Objective 7.2. Increased staffing to address the crime rate and the increase in traffic.	AD	Ongoing	General Fund						6				6			
Objective 7.3. Greater community participation in crime prevention efforts.	AD	Ongoing	N/A						6				6			8
Goal 8: Continue to explore options to bury power lines in core commercial districts and require new developments to site utilities underground.	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	Capital Budget					5			0					
Housing					$\left \right \leq 1$	3	2								1	

Goal 1: Provide a variety of housing	1	1	[T			1	1	1	1	1	
opportunities while creating and preserving																		
quality residential environments and existing											-							- 1
neighborhood characteristics.		11 million (11)				_		5			2		-					-
Objective 1.1: Permit innovative development strategies	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A				(5			2							
Objective 1.2: Study and consider building codes and fire codes	P&Z, FD, PW, AD	Midterm	Planning Budget, Municipal Planning Grant				(5	6		2							
Objective 1.3: Promote adherence to state energy standards and consider energy conservation and alternative energy requirements for new development	P&Z, AD	Ongoing	Planning Budget, Municipal Planning Grant					5			2							
Objective 1.4: Encourage development in established growth areas	P&Z, AD	Ongoing	N/A	1			(5			2							
Objective 1.5: Consider zoning changes to preserve historic buildings and neighborhoods	P&Z, AD	Midterm	Planning Budget, Municipal Planning Grant					5			2							
Objective 1.6: Provide a mechanism in the code to encourage affordable housing	P&Z, AD	Midterm	Planning Budget, Municipal Planning Grant					5			2							
Objective 1.7: Maintain allowance of affordable housing density in the Planned Residential District	P&Z, AD	Midterm	N/A				(5			2							
Objective 1.8: Allow high density in major commercial areas and maintain the R-2 small lot single family zoning for affordable housing	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A					5			2							
Objective 1.9: Compile rental registry and inspection program	P&Z	Long Term	N/A		2				6		2	6.6		6				
Objective 1.10: Consider zoning changes to encourage pocket parks and other public urban open space amenities.	P&Z	Short Term	N/A					5			2							
Goal 2: Work with housing organizations to jointly create affordable housing and senior housing.	P&Z, AD	Ongoing	Planning Budget				(5			2							
Goal 3: Continue to provide areas for special needs housing	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A				(5			2			6				8
Goal 4: Encourage property owners to retain the historic integrity of buildings	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A		-			5			2							

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P&Z, PVV	Ungoing	IN/A			5		2				-	
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Objective 2.7: Avoid dead-end streets; connect new streets into the existing street network from at least two points	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A					5				T		
Objective 2.8: Request that neighboring communities require major development proposals to include traffic impact analysis at the Five Corners and that traffic analysis be submitted to the Village for review.	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A					5)						
Objective 2.9: Study and improve safety at high crash locations	P&Z, PW	Midterm	Planning Budget, Municipal Planning Grant, CCMPO		2	3		50	6					
Objective 2.10: Implement Village Sidewalk Plan and Policy	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	Capital Budget, TIP, Enhancement grants		2			5						
Goal 3: To facilitate the use of sidewalks as a viable transportation alternative.					2		(5						
Objective 3.1: Review development proposals for sidewalk efficiency	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A		2			5						
Objective 3.2: Consider alternative sidewalk standards based on location/usage	PW, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A		2			5						
Objective 3.3: Encourage children to walk to school/enrollment in SR2S program	SC, PW	Ongoing	N/A		2			5)						
Objective 3.4: Utilize all traffic calming techniques and strategies available.	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A					5)(6			1.11		
Goal 4: Review and implement parking strategies consistent with other planning purposes.								5						
Objective 4.1: Encourage quality site design and landscaping for parking lots	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A					5)						
Objective 4.2: Encourage bus and pedestrian access to all parking lots	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A					5						
Objective 4.3: Develop long term parking strategies for the Village Center	PW, P&Z	Long Term	Planning Budget, Municipal Planning Grant, CCMPO, Capital Budget	1				5						
Objective 4.4: Review parking requirements to allow for alternatives to on-site parking	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A					5						

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Objective 4.5: Cooperate with surrounding communities to create commuter facilities	AD, PW	Ongoing	N/A	2	(5		2				
Objective 4.6: Encourage or require bicycle facilities at major activity centers	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	2	(5		2				
Goal 5: Promote and implement strategies to encourage the use of bicycles as alternate										1	
transportation modes.		-		2	G		2				
Objective 5.1: Consider bicycle access in new developments	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A	2	(5		2				
Objective 5.2: Consider the construction or signage of bicycle lanes in street projects	AD, P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A	2	5)6	2				
Objective 5.3: Pursue state and local funding for shared use paths and bicycle lanes	AD, PW, P&Z	Ongoing	Enhancment grants, TIP, federal earmarks	2	(5		2				
Objective 5.4: Include shared use paths in capital budget	AD, PW	Ongoing	Capital Budget	2	(5		2				
Objective 5.5: Utilize Bike-Walk Advisory Committee to recommend projects, pursue funding sources and conduct bike/ped education to encourage safety and visibility.	AD	Long Term	N/A	2	(5		2				
Objective 5.6: Encourage donations for implementation of shared use paths	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A		(5		0				
Goal 6: To encourage increased usage of the public transportation system.					05		2				
Objective 6.1: Cooperate with CCTA to increase access to bus routes including higher frequencies during peak hours	AD	Ongoing	N/A		(5		2				
Objective 6.2: Encourage the use of bus turn offs and shelters on major streets	P&Z, AD, PW	Ongoing	N/A		(5		0				
Objective 6.3: Encourage alternatives to the property tax for funding public transportation	AD	Ongoing	N/A		(5		2			2	
Objective 6.4: Cooperate with CCTA to provide education on the benefits of public transportation	P&Z	Ongoing	Planning Budget, CCTA				2				
Objective 6.5: Continue to support elders and disabled transportation programs	AD	Ongoing	N/A	2	(5		2				8
Goal 7: Cooperate with the State of Vermont to locate air quality monitors at the Five Corners.					5		2				

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Objective 7.1: Require state/federal air quality permits as prerequisite to local permits	AD, P&Z	Ongoing	N/A				5	2				
Objective 7.2: Ensure uniform enforcement air quality standards	AD, P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A				5	2				
Goal 8: Cooperate with state and and regional to develop commuter and international passenger rail				1			5	2		_		
Objective 8.1: Appropriate upgrades to the existing station and the surrounding areas to meet future needs.	AD, P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A									
Land Use												
Goal 1: Provide sufficient locations within the Village to accommodate a variety of land uses							5	2	-ii			
Objective 1.1: Redefine zoning district boundaries in Village Center to address differences in land use patterns	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A				5	2				
Objective 1.2: Encourage the development of a variety of residential units in the Village Center and Pearl Street Districts.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	1			5	2				
Objective 1.3: Study the purchase of key properties in the Village Center for public use	AD, P&Z	Long Term	Planning Budget, Land Acquisition Fund, Economic Development Fund				5	2				
Goal 2: Promote responsible residential growth and encourage the growth and maintenance of quality residential areas.				1	2		5	2				
Objective 2.1: Preserve open space/agricultural land	AD, P&Z	Long Term	Land Acquisition Fund							4		
Goal 3: Mitigate negative impacts of contiguous but different land uses	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A				5	2				
Goal 4: Ensure quality land planning and site design in new commercial/industrial development in a manner compatible with surrounding architecture.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A				5	2				
Goal 5: Coordinate land use decisions with public infrastructure needs	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A				5	2				

Goal 6: Encourage innovative development while maintaining the existing urban character of the Village.						5		2					
Objective 6.1: Consider overlay districts, design review and development agreements as a means to achieve innovative development	P&Z	Ongoing	Planning Budget, Municipal Planning Grant, TIF District			5		2				0	
Objective 6.2: Include visuals within the LDC to make standards clear for developers and residents. Engage the public in development of these visuals to gain consensus on design standards.	P&Z, AD	Midterm	Municipal Planning Grant/Planning Budget		4			0					
Objective 6.3: Promote use of the Village Center Designation benefits	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A			5		2					
Goal 7: Coordinate development review with adjoining communities	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A	3		5		0					
Objective 7.1: Initiate communication with surrounding communities to discuss development impacts on land use and planned compatibility.	P&Z	Ongoing	N/A			5		2					
Goal 8: Coordinate needed public improvements with development review	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A			5		2					
Goal 9: Prevent development on lands that are environmentally unsuitable	P&Z, WQ	Ongoing	N/A			5		2	8	4	Final S		
Goal 10: Design new streets to limit the length and site grading; when possible connect new streets through to existing streets to develop a grid pattern.	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A			5		2					
Goal 11: Place a high priority in development review on pedestrian and vehicular access and safety	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A			5	6	2					
Goal 12: Protect and enhance sensitive and important areas.	P&Z, PW	Ongoing	N/A			5		2	8	4			\square
Objective 12.1: Consider design review on main corridors upon approach to the Village Center	P&Z	Midterm	Planning Budget, Municipal Planning Grant			5		2					
Objective 12.2: Analyze and prioritize historic resources to determine which sites and structures should be preserved	P&Z	Midterm	Planning Budget, Municipal Planning Grant			5		2					

Objective 12.3: Consider zoning changes to preserve historic structures	P&Z	Midterm	Planning Budget, Municipal Planning Grant			2			
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Heart & Soul Values:

1. Local Economy: Our residents contribute to a vibrant economy by working for and 2. Health & Recreation: We value public places for outdoor and indoor recreation for all ages *community connections*: Our deep connections with each other make Essex special. Neighbors help each other during good times and back Essex invests three, energy, and resources to ensure that our highly respected schools meet the needs of everyone in the community. We are provid to support learning spaces and tight-knit neighborhoods, rural roads and vibrant downtown streets. Essex is a

5. Safety: Essex is a safe place where neighbors watch out for one another. We value an active, visible police force and strong fire and rescue services. Upgrades to our physical infrastructure will allow us to move about our community with comfort and security.

ECOS Strategies:

Strategy 1: Improve and strengthen the economic systems of our region to increase opportunities for Vermont employers and employees.

Strategy 2: Strive for 80% of new development in areas planned for growth, which amounts to 15% of our land area.

Strategy 3: Improve the safety, water quality, and habitat of our rivers, streams, wetlands and lakes in each watershed.

Strategy 4: Increase investment in and decrease subdivision of working lands and significant habitats, and support local food systems.

Strategy 5: Increase opportunity for every person in our community to achieve optimal health and personal safety.

Strategy 6: Equip our residents with the education and skills that they need to thrive.

Strategy 7: Develop financing and governance systems to make the most efficient use of taxpayer dollars and reduce costs.

Strategy 8: Ensure that the projects and actions in all ECOS strategies assess equity impacts, and that the design and development of programs are inclusive of all and engage underrepresented populations.

Appendix A - Historic Resources

Historic Inventories	Criteria for Inclusion	Protections	Benefits	
Vermont Historic Sites and Structures Survey	Identifies and documents historic properties and sites yielding or likely to yield archeological and anthropological information	None	Center designation owners renovating historic buildings are eligible for tax	The cor Val inv gro site
State Register of Historic Places	The quality of significance in American history, architecture, archeology, engineering, and culture is present in districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects that possess integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and: a. That are associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history; or b. That are associated with the lives of persons significant in our pact, or a	Being listed does not, in itself, impose any obligation on the property owner, or restrict the owner's basic right to use and dispose of the property as he or she sees fit. Though, under Act 250 review, listed sites are presumed to meet the definition of "historic site" under Criterion 8 for review of development applications and are thus considered in the decision of whether to issue a permit.	Center designation owners renovating historic buildings are eligible for tax	Do Dis the
National Register of Historic Places	associated with the lives of persons significant in our past; or c. That embody the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction, or that represent the work of a master, or that possess high artistic values, or that represent a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or d. That have yielded, or may be likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	Being listed does not, in itself, impose any obligation on the property owner, or restrict the owner's basic right to use and dispose of the property as he or she sees fit. Though the designation offers some protection from federally funded, licensed, or permitted projects that would harm them. However, it does not restrict what an owner may do to his property, including tearing it down.	for federal and state	Do Dis the
Vermont Archeological Inventory	Preliminary information about the potential locations of prehistoric Native American archeological sites.	Development projects that are subject to Act 250 or recipients of federal funding are required to address the developmen project's impact on archeological resources.		Mo site

* While the State and National Registries are being digitized and brought on line there is some discrepancy in the data regarding what sites/structures are listed.

Local Historic Preservation Programs that provide for benefits and authorize local protection of historic buildings:

1. Local Historic Preservation Commissions: Can encourage preservation activities through education, advice and/or regulation. One type is a Local Certified Government which is set up as a partnership with the state's Division for Historic

- 2. Design Control District: A zoning overlay district that creates planning and design criteria to protect historic or other valued resources in a designated area.
- 3. Local Historic District (or Design Review District): an ordinance that specifies certain design review criteria and a commission to review projects.

Source of Information: Vermont Land Use Planning and Implementation Manual, April 2007. Topic Paper 11: Historic Preservation. Vermont Land Use Education & Traning Collaborative Other information:

http://accd.vermont.gov/strong_communities/preservation/resources/state_register

http://accd.vermont.gov/strong_communities/preservation/resources/national_register

http://accd.vermont.gov/strong_communities/preservation/resources/state_register/criteria

Map 2 Vermont Historic Sites a	nd Structures Survey - Cross Reference Information:				
Districts Vermont Historic Sites and Structures Survey Site #		Building Numbers within Each District (Map #)			
School Street-Park Terrace					
Historic District	0405-39	68, 81, 86, 94, 97, 95, 88, 84, 72, 78, 83, 74			
Pearl Street Historic District	0405-40	171, 163, 155, 151, 142, 132, 128, 122, 98, 101, 102, 109, 116, 120, 129			
School Street Historic District	0405-41	140, 152, 164, 167, 176			
Lincoln Street Historic District	0405-42	106, 144, 150, 154, 161, 169, 177, 200, 206, 212, 216, 222, 228, 219, 201, 187, 18			
Commercial Center Historic					
District	0405-43	162, 159, 156, 148, 139, 126, 114, 108, 119			
Central Street Historic District	0405-44	191, 185, 188, 192, 195, 199, 203, 184, 194, 186, 196, 202			
Main Street Neighborhood Histori					
District	0405-45	178, 190, 193, 197, 205, 208, 204, 198, 189, 183, 179, 172, 165, 158, 146, 138			

Sites in Essex Junction*

The 1984 inventory includes 12 districts, and 2 complexes (Whitcomb Farm and the Champlain Valley Fair) - and 205 buildings within them. The nventory then lists 71 buildings (some within the group of 205), for a total of 244 (or 243) historic sites.

Downtown Essex Junction Commercial Historic District. More research is needed to determine if here are more districts listed.

Downtown Essex Junction Commercial Historic District. More research is needed to determine if here are more districts listed.

More research is needed to determine where these ites are located.

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Pleasant Street Historic District	0405-46	181, 175, 166, 157, 170, 149, 143, 137, 125, 107, 10	00. 90. 89. 124. 133. 113. 118. 13
Church Street Historic District	0405-47	145, 135, 131, 123, 117, 115, 112, 103, 93, 87, 82, 7	73, 79, 85, 91, 104, 111, 121, 136
Oak Street Historic District	0405-48	59, 65, 71, 75, 63, 58, 52	-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,,
Maple Street Historic District	0405-49	77, 76, 70, 69, 67, 64, 62, 57, 53, 49, 45, 41, 37, 33,	32 31 28 26 22 27 34 38 43
Park Street Historic District	0405-50	1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 2	02, 01, 20, 20, 22, 27, 01, 00, 10
Whitcomb Farm Complex	0405-51	29, 48, 56, 61, 51	
Champlain Valley Fair Grounds	0+00-01		
Complex	0405-52	242	
Other Buildings	Vermont Historic Sites and Structures Survey Site #	Map Reference #	Notes made on the su
Magee House, 86 Pearl St	0405-53	224	
88 Pearl St	0405-54	227	
5 Roscoe Ct	0405-55	210	
7 Roscoe Ct	0405-56	207	
Wilson House, 12 Hillcrest Road	0405-57	226	
Morris House, 3 Prospect St	0405-58	217	
Johnson House, 5 Prospect St	0405-59	218	
6-8 Prospect St	0405-60	211	
10-12 Prospect St	0405-61	214	
O'Grady House, 16 Prospect St	0405-62	221	
Jenkins House, 22 Prospect St	0405-63	230	
Essex Junction Graded School,		200	
Prospect St	0405-64	234	
17 Grove St	0405-65	213	
19 Grove St	0405-66	215	
29 Grove St	0405-67	220	
McGinnis House, 30 Grove St	0405-68	220	
Farley House, 37 Grove St 10 North St	0405-69	236	
	0405-70	223	
Wayne-Blanchard House, 11			
North St	0405-71	229	
Remington House, 15 North St	0405-72	233	
Culver-Newell House, 16 North St		231	
Villamil House, 18 North St	0405-74	232	
Blanchette House, 28 North St	0405-75	237	
38-40 North St	0405-76	239	
43 Central St	0405-77	209	
Lincoln Hall, 1 Pearl St	0405-78	110	
Kolvord, Olson, Wilson Law			
Offices, 3 Main St	0405-79	96	demolished
H.K. Drury House, 88 Main St	0405-80	238	
Williamson House, 116 Main St	0405-81	241	
Gregory House, 121 Main St	0405-82	240	
140 Main St	0405-83	243	
The Brickyard Offices, 15			
Brickyard Rd	0405-84	235	
Accent Travel Agency, 2-4			
• •	0105 85	107	
Railroad St	0405-85	127	
12 Railroad St	0405-86	105	
14 Railroad St	0405-87	99	

<u>30, 134, 141, 147, 153, 168, 174</u> 6
3, 44, 47, 50, 54, 60
urvey over the years

Guilfoy Medical Office, 16			1
Railroad St	0405-88	92	
Park Street School, 21 Park St	0405-89	55	
Bartlett House, 40 Park St	0405-90	21	
50 Park St	0405-91	15	
	0405-92	18	
Prabhu House, 52 Park St	0405-93	14	
57 Park St	0405-94	13	
56-58 Park St	0405-95	11	
59 Park St	0405-96	12	
67 Park St	0405-97	8	
Johnson House, 2 South St	0405-98	7	
Driscoll House, 9 South St	0405-99	9	
	0405-100	10	
	0405-101	16	
Whitcomb Property, 77 Cascade			
	0405-102	244	
	0405-103	46	
	0405-104	39	
	0405-105	40	Set way back from Maple
Vermont Maple Orchards, Inc. 1			
	0405-106	24	Flexible Seal
	0405-107		Bldg is gone, not mappe
	0405-108	23	
	0405-109	19	
	0405-110	17	
	0405-111	30	
	0405-112	25	
	0405-113	20	
Corbin House, 2 Arlington St	0405-114	180	
4 Arlington St	0405-115	173	
5 Arlington St	0405-116	160	
	0405-117	36	1
	0405-118	42	
O'Brien House, 15 Mansfield Ave	0405-119	35	
McGuire House, 29 Mansfield Ave	0405-120	66	
5 Waverly St	0405-121	80	

	1.1
ple	
bed	

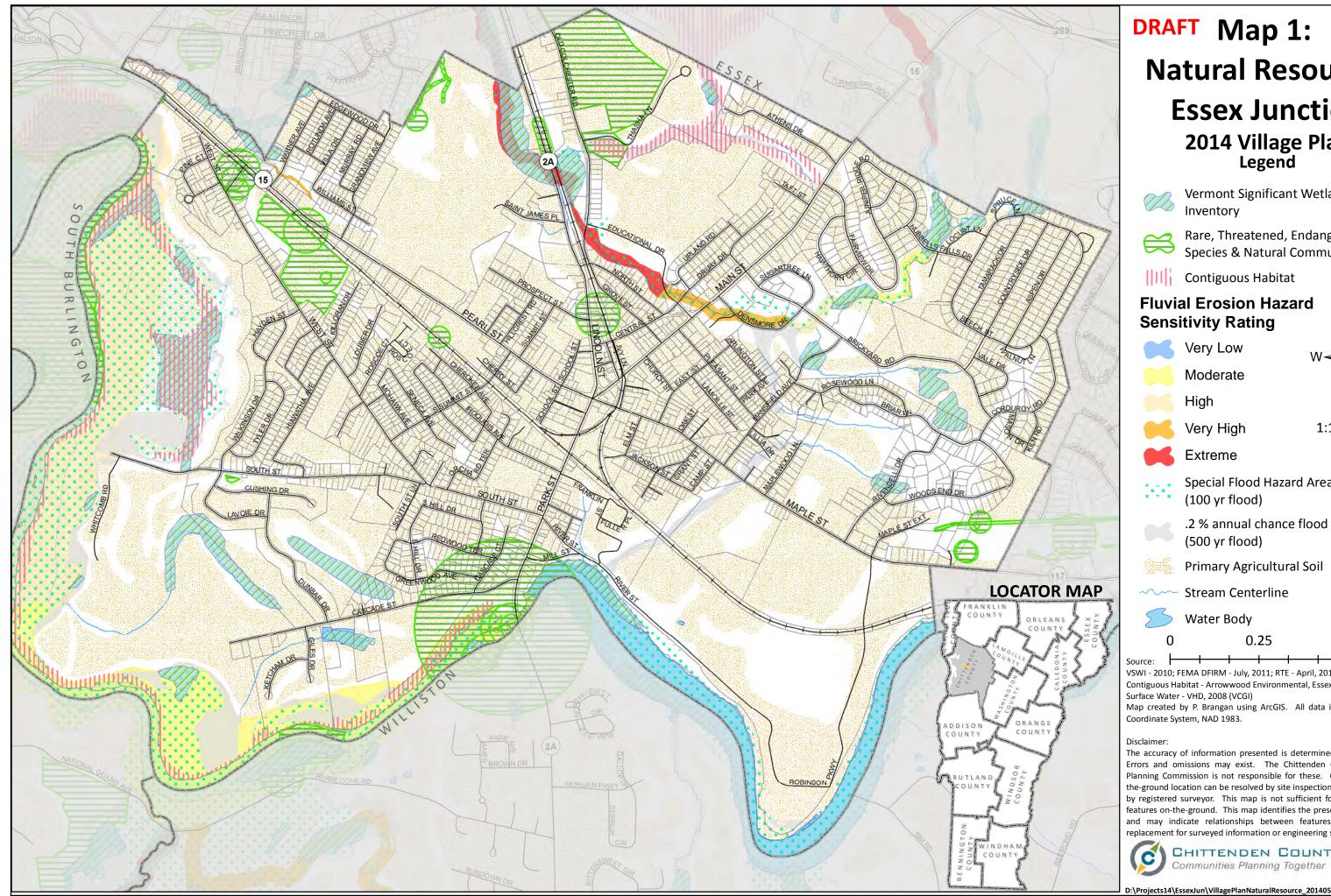
Appendix B <u>Underground Storage Tanks in Essex Junction</u>

	Hazardous		
Facility ID#	<u>Sites</u>	Facility Name	Facility Address
102		Abrams' Sunoco	142 Pearl Street
222	900593	Fairgrounds Beverage	99 Pearl Street
384		Robinson's Inc.	Park Street
385		Sunoco Gasoline Station	16 Maple Street
411	931476	Agway/McEwing Fuels	134 Main Street
565		Champlain Farms Gulf	56 Pearl Street
856		Stannard Residence	5 Warner Avenue
922	900573	Essex Junction Public Works Garage	11 Jackson Street
1166	770012	IBM Corporation	1000 River Street
1122		Keenan Residence	1 Maplewood Lane
1223		Dietzel Office	6 Hillcrest Road
1226		Reed Residence	11 Maplewood Lane
1228		Triangle Auto Body	7 River Street
1233		Hamel Residence	4 Warner Avenue
1249		Dietrich Residence	2 Upland Road
1258		Seiple Residence	15 Upland Road
1301		McIntyre Residence	6 Woods End Drive
1760		VT State Tree Nursery	111 West Street
1905	961961	Simon's Five Corner Store	2 Park Street
1996		Essex Community Education Center	2 Educational Drive
2687		Winston Prouty Federal Building	11 Lincoln Street
8783536		Sunoco Gasoline Station	30 Main Street
8784309		Dave Whitcomb's Service Center	45 Lincoln Street
8785745		First Congregational Church	39 Main Street
8799559		Corner Gas Store	141 Pearl Street

Source: Underground Storage Tank Program Waste Management Division Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation

Appendix C Maps

- Map 1: Natural Resources
- Map 2: Historic Resources
- Map 3: **Recreational Facilities/Open Space**
- Map 4: Transportation
- Map 5: **Community Facilities**
- Non-Motorized Transportation Wastewater Distribution System Map 6:
- Map 7:
- Water Distribution System Map 8:
- Map 9: Existing Lane Use Map 10: Future Land Use
- Map 11: Flood Hazard Areas



DRAFT Map 1: **Natural Resources Essex Junction** 2014 Village Plan Legend



Vermont Significant Wetlands

Rare, Threatened, Endangered Species & Natural Communities

Contiguous Habitat

Fluvial Erosion Hazard Sensitivity Rating

Very High



1:15,000

Special Flood Hazard Area (100 yr flood)

.2 % annual chance flood hazard (500 yr flood)

Primary Agricultural Soil

Stream Centerline

0.25 0.5 Mile

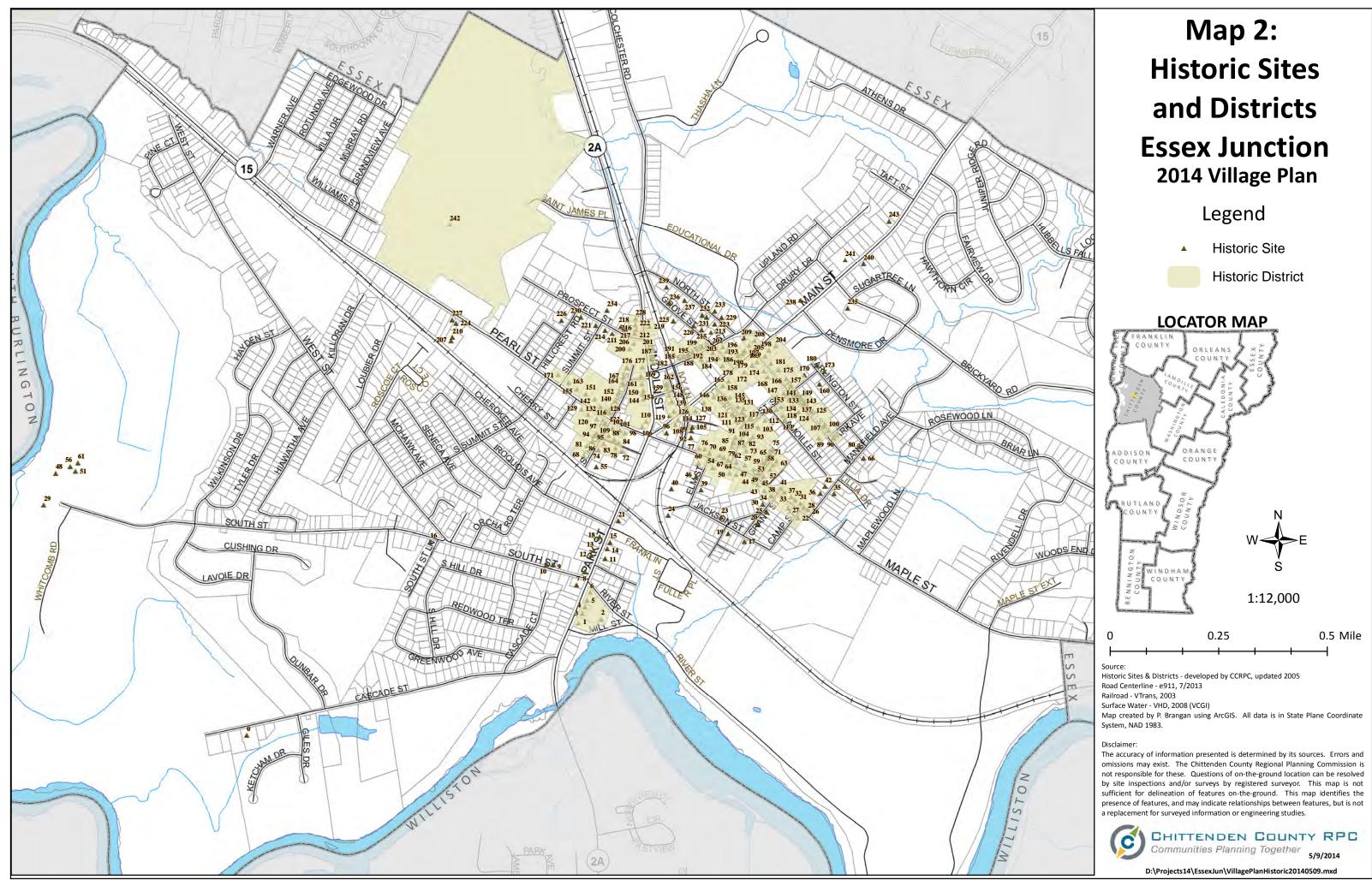
VSWI - 2010; FEMA DFIRM - July, 2011; RTE - April, 2013 Contiguous Habitat - Arrowwood Environmental, Essex Open Space Surface Water - VHD, 2008 (VCGI) Map created by P. Brangan using ArcGIS. All data is in State Plane

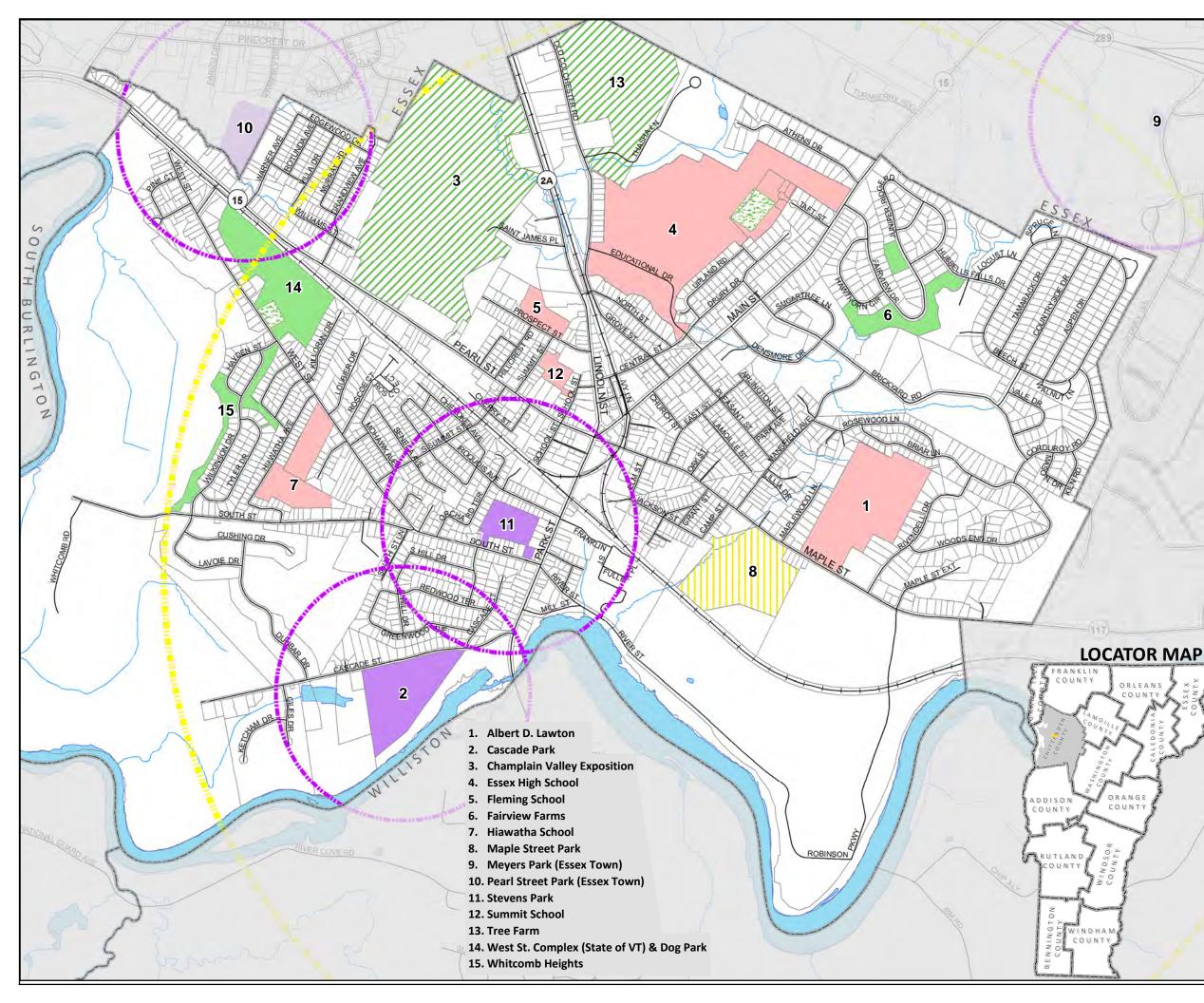
The accuracy of information presented is determined by its sources. Errors and omissions may exist. The Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission is not responsible for these. Questions of onthe-ground location can be resolved by site inspections and/or surveys by registered surveyor. This map is not sufficient for delineation of features on-the-ground. This map identifies the presence of features, and may indicate relationships between features, but is not a replacement for surveyed information or engineering studies.

CHITTENDEN COUNTY RPC

5/21/2014

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DRAFT Map 3: **Recreation Facilities & Open Space Essex Junction** 2014 Village Plan Legend

Public Passive Open Space



Neighborhood Park School Park **Regional Recreation Facility Community Park Community Garden** Neighborhood Park Service Area 🕽 1/3 Mile Community Park Service Area 1.5 Mile Stream Centerline W Water Body Road Centerline XXX Railroad 2013 Tax Parcel Boundary 0.25 0.5 Mile

Source: Rec Properties - CCRPC, 2007 1:15,000 Surface Water - VHD, 2008 (VCGI) Map created by P. Brangan using ArcGIS. All data is in State Plane Coordinate System, NAD 1983

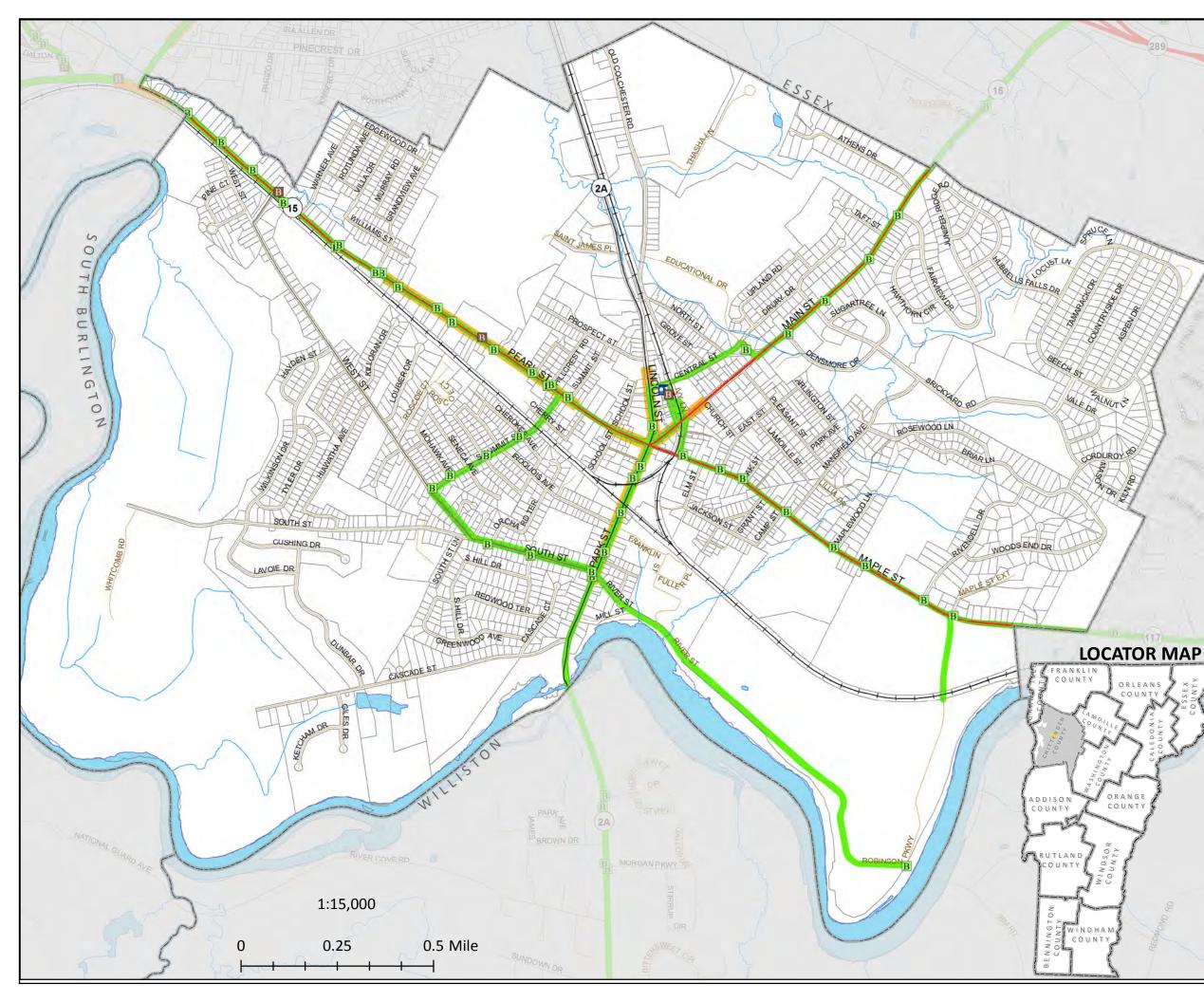
Disclaimer:

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CHITTENDEN COUNTY RPC C Communities Planning Together 5/21/2014

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DRAFT Map 4: **Transportation Essex Junction** 2014 Village Plan

Legend

<u>e</u>1 Train Station



- B Bus Stop
- Bus Stop with Shelter В
 - **CCTA** Bus Routes
 - Principal Arterial (3.6 Miles)
 - Minor Arterial (1.6 Miles)
 - Urban Collector (1.4 Miles)
 - Local or Private (31.6 Miles)
 - Railroad
 - High Crash Location
 - 2013 Tax Parcel Boundary
 - Stream Centerline



Source: Road Centerline - e911, 7/2013 & 2013 Functional Class data Parcels - Town of Essex, 2013 High Crash Locations - 2006 - 2010 VTrans data Bus Route data - CCTA, 2013 Railroad - VTrans, 2003 Surface Water - VHD, 2008 (VCGI) Map created by P. Brangan using ArcGIS. All data is in State Plane Coordinate System, NAD 1983.

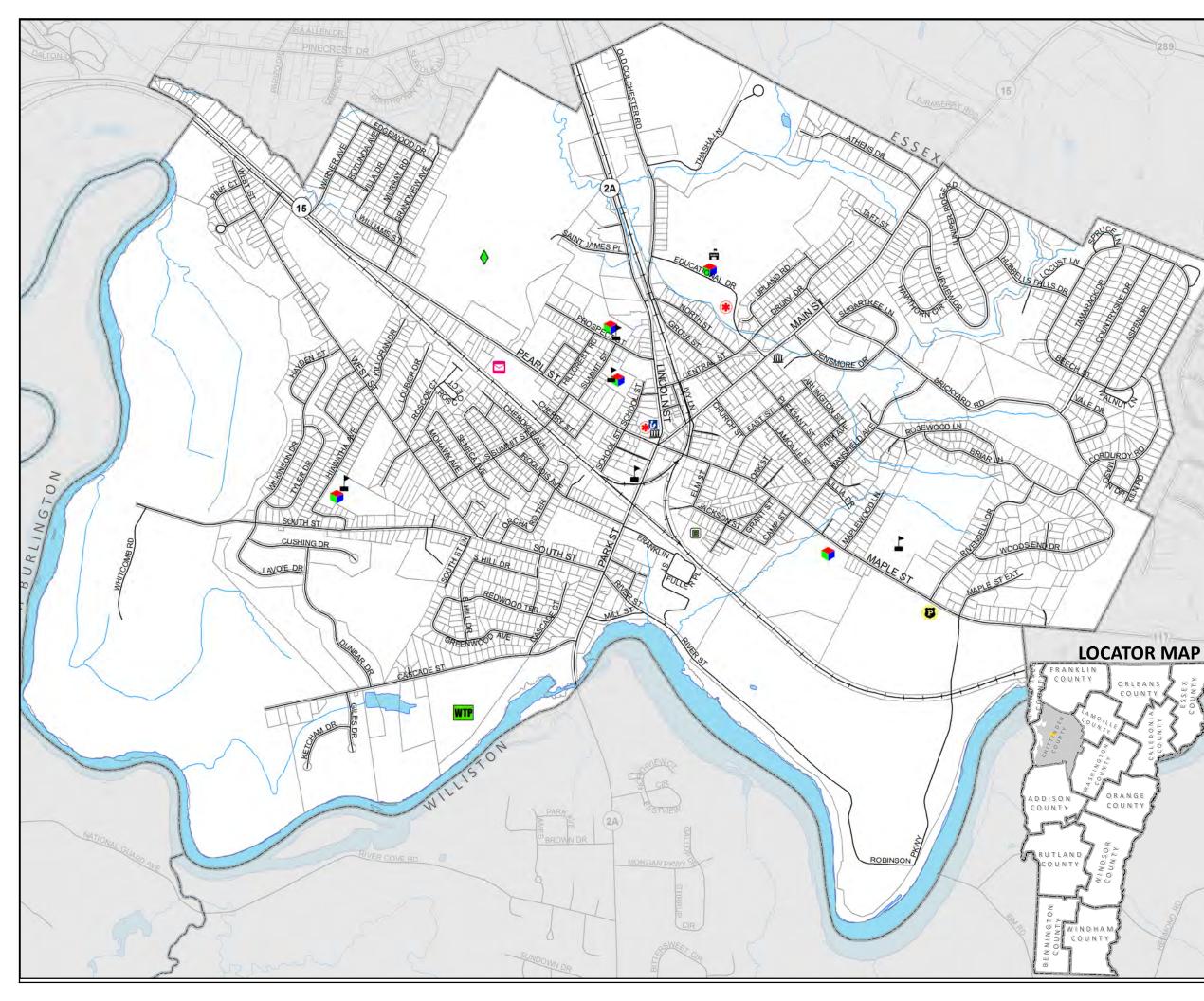
Disclaimer:

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Communities Planning Together 5/8/2014

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DRAFT Map 5: Community Facilities Essex Junction 2014 Village Plan

Legend

⑪	Municipal Office	
۲	Fire/Rescue	
B	Police Department	
	Post Office	N A
6	Library	
♦	Fairgrounds	Ś
	Public Works	1:15,000
WTP	Wastewater Treatm	ient Plant
1	Elementary/Middle	School
é	High School	
-	Childcare	
\sim	Road Centerline	
\bigwedge	Railroad	
~~~	Stream Centerline	
5	Water Body	
	2013 Tax Parcel Bou	undary
0 ├──	0.25	0.5 Mile —
e - updated by	CCRPC using Childcare Resources inf	o, 5/2014.

Childcare - updated by CCRPC using Childcare Resources info, 5/2014. Road Centerline - e911, 7/2013 Railroad - VTrans, 2003 Surface Water - VHD, 2008 (VCGI) Map created by P. Brangan using ArcGIS. All data is in State Plane Coordinate System, NAD 1983.

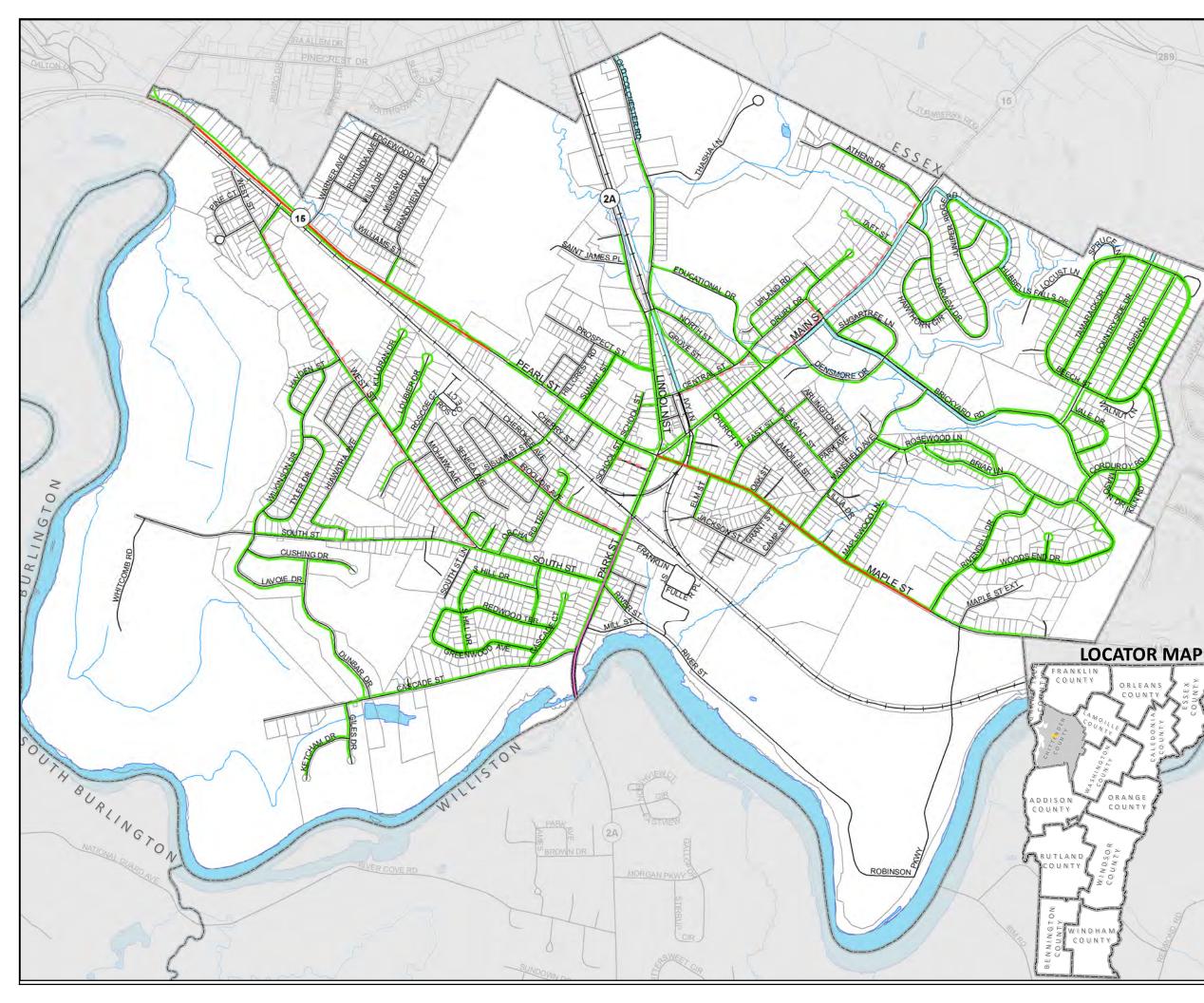
Disclaimer:

Source:

The accuracy of information presented is determined by its sources. Errors and omissions may exist. The Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission is not responsible for these. Questions of on-the-ground location can be resolved by site inspections and/or surveys by registered surveyor. This map is not sufficient for delineation of features on-the-ground. This map identifies the presence of features, and may indicate relationships between features, but is not a replacement for surveyed information or engineering studies.



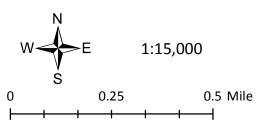
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# DRAFT Map 6: Non-Motorized Transportation Essex Junction 2014 Village Plan

# Legend





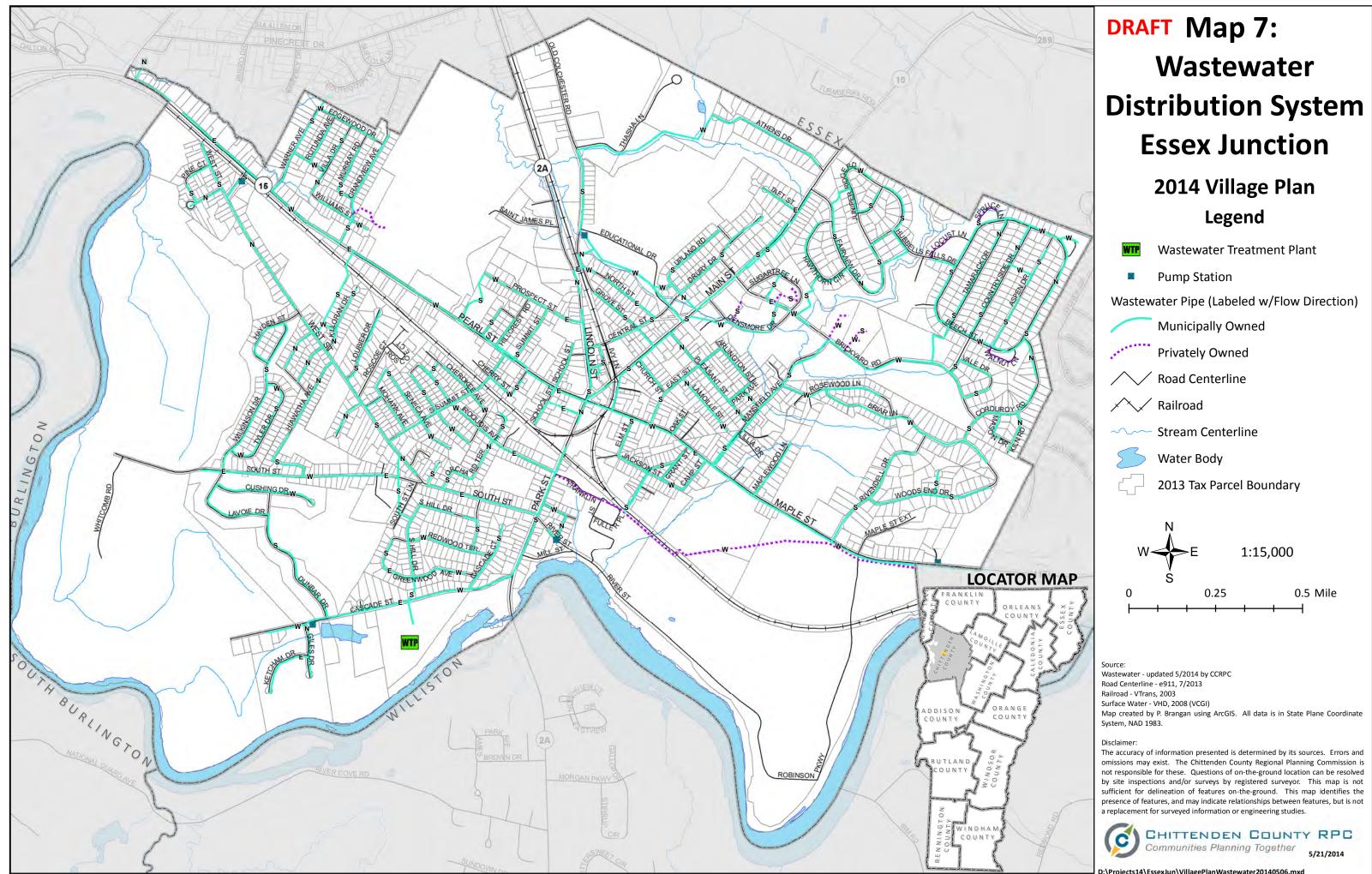
Source: Sidewalk - CCRPC, 2013 Road Centerline - e911, 7/2013 Railroad - VTrans, 2003 Surface Water - VHD, 2008 (VCGI) Map created by P. Brangan using ArcGIS. All data is in State Plane Coordinate System, NAD 1983.

### Disclaimer:

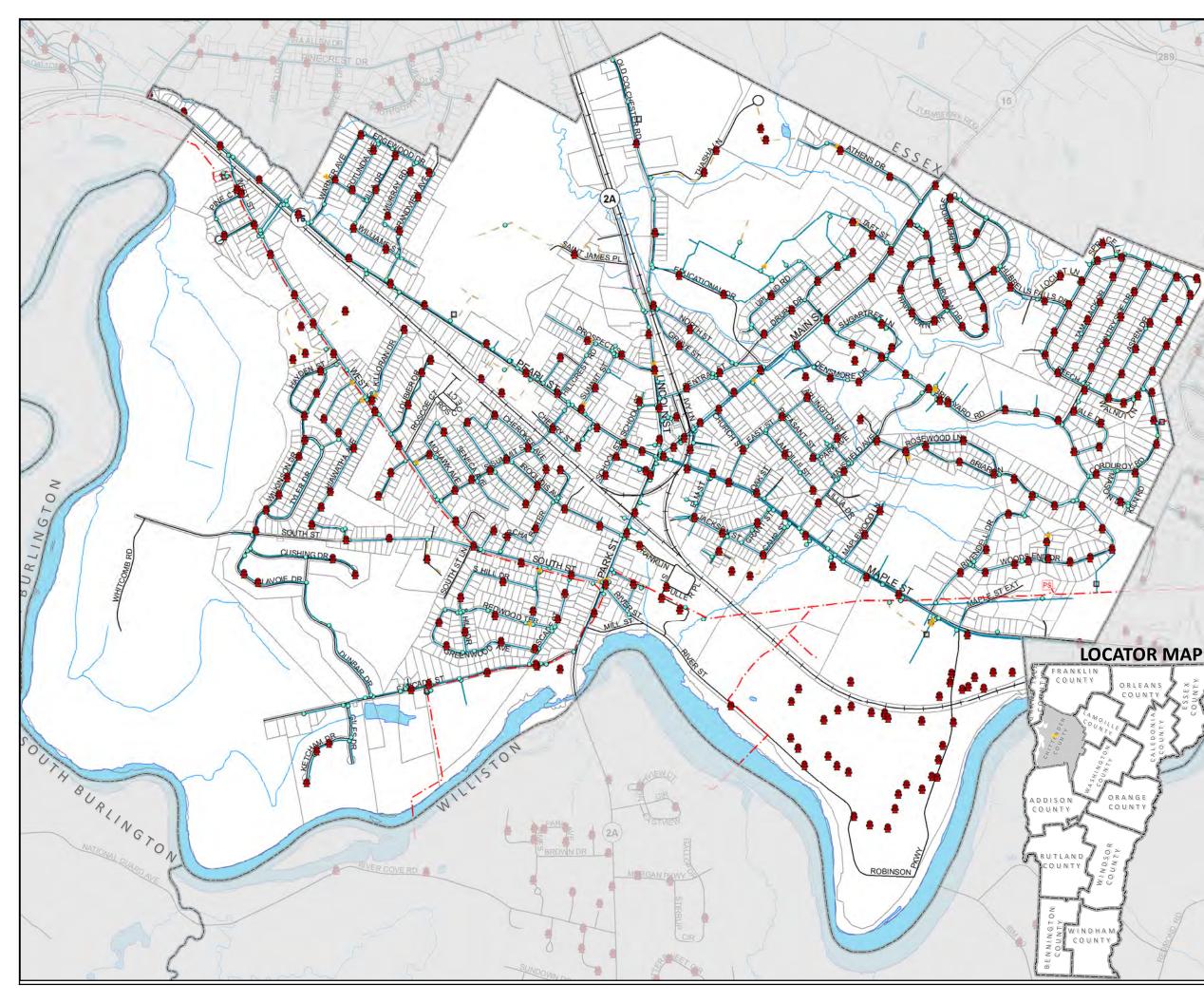
The accuracy of information presented is determined by its sources. Errors and omissions may exist. The Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission is not responsible for these. Questions of on-the-ground location can be resolved by site inspections and/or surveys by registered surveyor. This map is not sufficient for delineation of features on-the-ground. This map identifies the presence of features, and may indicate relationships between features, but is not a replacement for surveyed information or engineering studies.



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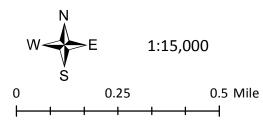
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# DRAFT Map 8: Water Distribution System Essex Junction 2014 Village Plan

# Legend

<b>e</b>	Hydrant
	Meter Vault
PS_	Pump Station
•	Reducer
0	Valve
1	Champlain Water District Water Line
	Municipal Water LIne
1-	Private Water Line
$\sim$	Road Centerline
$\wedge \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	Railroad
~~~	Stream Centerline
S	Water Body
	2013 Tax Parcel Boundary



Source: water system - CCRPC, 2007; Hydrant locations - e911, 7/2013 Road Centerline - e911, 7/2013 Railroad - VTrans, 2003 Surface Water - VHD, 2008 (VCGI) Map created by P. Brangan using ArcGIS. All data is in State Plane Coordinate System, NAD 1983.

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*APA Land-Based Classification System - Activity Dimension

BURLINGI

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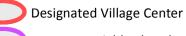
TUO

S

Activity refers to the actual use of the land based on its observable characteristics. It describes what actually takesplace in physical or observable terms (e.g.,, farming, shopping, manufacturing, vehicular movement, etc.). And office activity, for example, refers only to the physical activity on the premises, which could apply equally to a law firm, a nonprofit institution, a court house, a corporate office, or any other office use. Similarly, residential uses in single-family dwellings, multi-family structures, manufactured houses, or any other type of building, would all be classified as residential activity.

DRAFT Map 9: Existing Land Use Essex Junction 2014 Village Plan

Legend



Vermont Neighborhood Designation

Primary Land Use Activity*



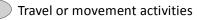
Shopping, business or trade activities

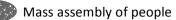


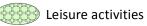
Industrial, manufacturing, and wasterelated activities



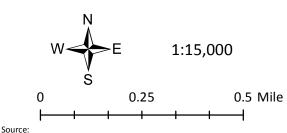
Social, institutional, or infrastructure-related activities







Natural resource-related activities



Existing Land Use - Minor update by CCRPC, 5/2014 Road Centerline - e911, 7/2013 Railroad - VTrans, 2003 Surface Water - VHD, 2008 (VCGI) Map created by P. Brangan using ArcGIS. All data is in State Plane Coordinate System, NAD 1983.

Disclaimer:

LOCATOR MAP

ORANGE

COUNT

FRANKLIN

ADDISON

COUNTY

RUTLAN

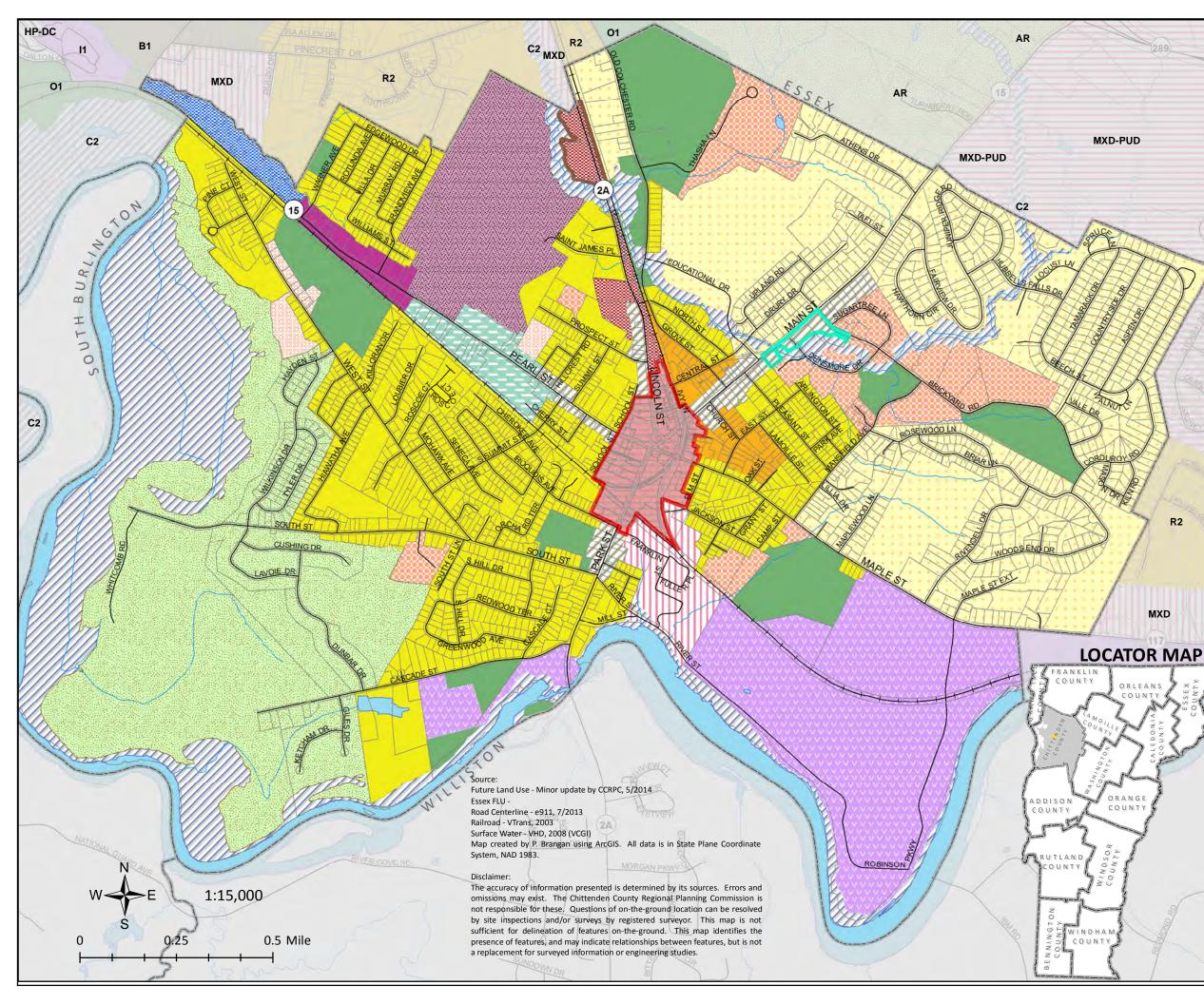
WINDHAN

COUNT

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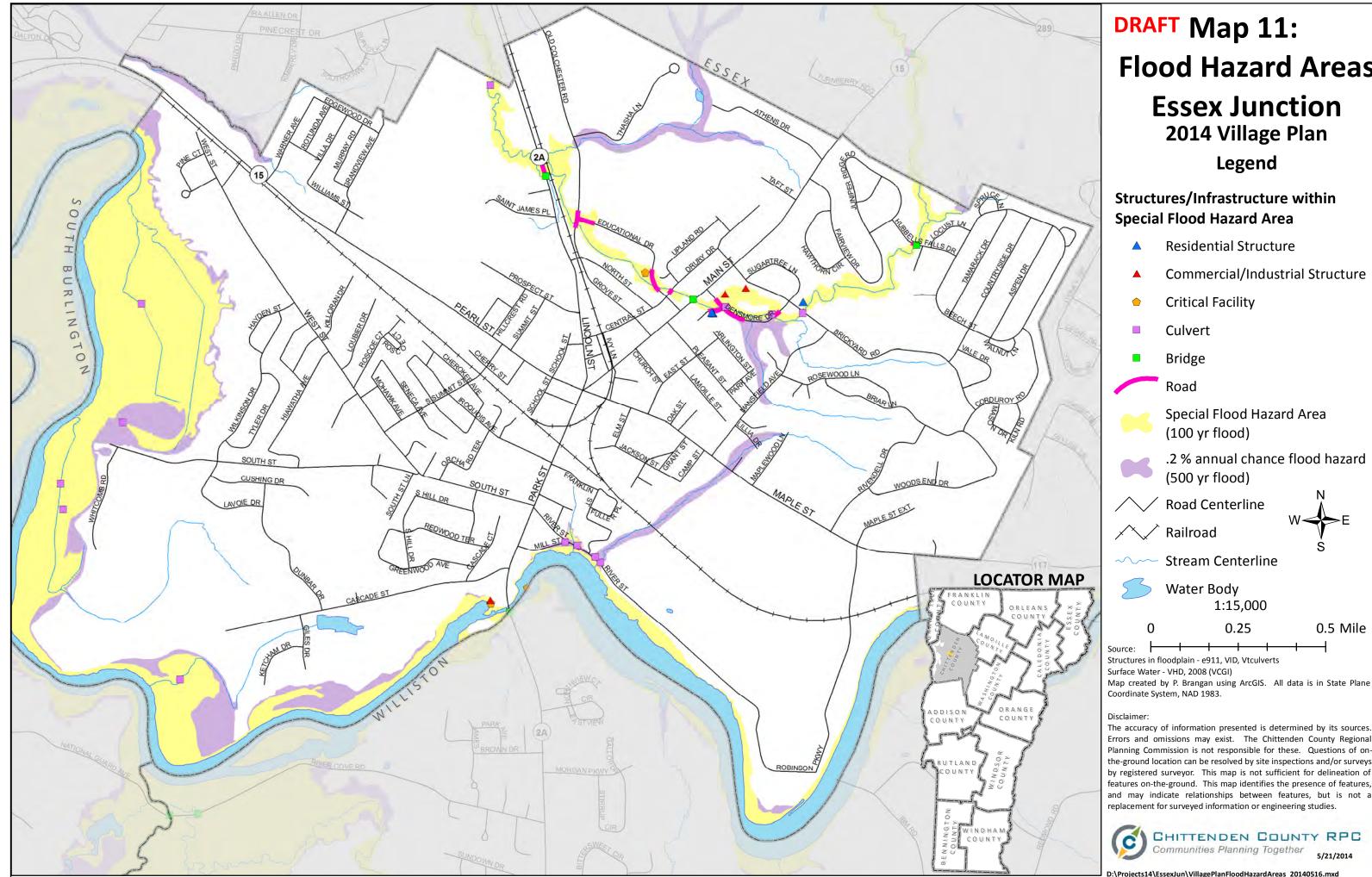
2014 Village Plan Legend

Future Land Use

Residential 1
Residential 2
Multi-Family Residential 1
Multi-Family Residential 2
Multi-Family Residential 3
Multi-Family/Mixed Use 1
Multi-Family/Mixed Use 2
Village Center
Transit Oriented Development
Residential-Office
(
Highway-Arterial
Light Industrial
Planned Exposition
Planned Agriculture
Open Space
Floodplain
Designated Village Center
North Lincoln Overlay District
Professional Office Overlay
Essex Future Land Use
Agriculture - Residential (AR)
Floodplain (C2)
Industrial (I1)
Medium Density Residential (R2)
[[]]]) Mixed Use (MXD)
Mixed Use - PUD (MXD_PUD)
Open Recreation (O1)
Retail - Business (B1)
COMMUNITIES Planning Together 5/21/2014

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()



Flood Hazard Areas

- Commercial/Industrial Structure

- - .2 % annual chance flood hazard



		-		.00			
0			0.25		0.5 Mile		
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oc in flor	ndnlain	0011		toulvorte			

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MEMORANDUM

TO:	Village Trustees and Pat Scheidel, Village Manager
FROM:	Susan McNamara-Hill, HR/Clerk/Treasurer
DATE:	August 6, 2014
SUBJECT:	Revised General Rules and Personnel Regulations

<u>Issue</u>

The issue is whether or not the Trustees will adopt the revised General Rules and Personnel Regulations as presented.

Discussion

The language of the current General Rules and Personnel Regulations refers full-time employees to the Essex Junction Employees Association Contract for information regarding employee benefits. It does not make sense that non-Association employees should need to refer to the contract to which they are not a part. The General Rules and Personnel Regulations presented has been revised to include all benefits available for both full-time and part-time employees.

<u>Cost</u>

There is no cost associated with this action.

Recommendation

It is recommended the Trustees adopt the General Rules and Personnel Regulations as revised and presented.

	INTRODUCTION
	his manual has been prepared to assist officials and employees of the Village of Essex unction. Our community expects a high level of service from each of us and will, undoubted eceive it as long as everyone "gives their best." As an official or employee of the Village of E unction, you are in fact working for each and every taxpayer who contributes to the support one Municipal government.
т	he registered voters of the Village of Essex Junction elect a Board of Trustees. This Board
	harged with the responsibility of establishing policy within the limits and provisions of the Vill
C	harter and State Statutes.
ty	he Village of Essex Junction operates under the Council-Manager form of government. This ope of municipal operation is very similar to the way a business operates. Essex Junction's itizens receive a great variety of services through the various Municipal departments such as ire, Public Works, Water, Wastewater, Library, Administration, and Community Development
Т	he Trustees and the Village Meeting adopt a budget for each year's operation. The various
de	epartments are operated within this budget under the general direction of the Municipal
o	lanager. While as a Municipal employee your ultimate employer is the taxpayer, there is a c f command. In most cases, your Department Head is your immediate supervisor and above
IS	the Municipal Manager and the Trustees.
	PURPOSE, ENACTMENT AND EFFECT
lt	is the purpose of these Regulations to establish formal procedures for administrative action
	oncerning personnel. The Regulations are enacted pursuant to 24 VSA Section 1121 and 1

	MISSION STATEMENT
Our	purpose is to support and enrich the lives and community spirit of our citizens through
	ent and effective provision of the following services: highway, general administration, water,
wast	ewater, sanitation, library, planning, zoning, economic development and fire protection.
	COAL STATEMENTS
	GOAL STATEMENTS
	To be responsive to citizens' desires to shape their community by: balancing the diverse
	ands of the present generation with anticipated future needs, and maximizing the use of urces in delivering quality public services.
2. bot c	To retain and attract quality, customer-oriented employees by: providing an environment encourages, rewards, and recognizes employees for hard work, efficiency, creativity and
	usiasm.
	ORGANIZATIONAL VALUES
	Village of Essex Junction values its citizens. It demonstrates this fact by listening and being
villin	g to go the extra mile to address their concerns.
The '	Village of Essex Junction values its employees. It demonstrates this sentiment through
	ressive personnel policies and encouraging continuous learning.
1091	source personner pension and enterlaging continued to the ming.
The e	employees value the Village of Essex Junction by being professional, creative and
comr	nitted to providing exceptional service.
	nuclity of life and any incompany within the Millere of Econy Junction are enhanced by a
	quality of life and environment within the Village of Essex Junction are enhanced by a
	ership and spirit of close cooperation among its citizens, elected and appointed officials and
villag	ge employees.
Each	one of us is the Village.
	one of us is striving for success.
	are what make the difference between a good organization and an excellent one.
AS SL	uch, we value and will strive to adhere to the following principles in all of our actions.
Prac	tice Open, Honest, and Accessible Communication – Talk straight to each other. Listen
_	d appreciate each other's thoughts and ideas. Confront issues in a positive, constructive
	ner. Encourage and seek participation by the people who will be affected by the decisions
made	
Dem	onstrate Honesty and Integrity - Trust, integrity and a lasting working relationship are
oste	red when every action is conducted in a truthful and forthright manner.
	cise Fiscal Responsibility and Accountability – Careful management of our financial
	urces demonstrates our respect for each other because it is our taxes that support our
	nization. Fiscal responsibility recognizes that most problems cannot be solved by money
	and therefore demands fresh, proactive approaches and creativity in addressing issues.
-isca	al responsibility is accepting responsibility for the resources entrusted to us.
Prov	ide Friendly and Courteous Service to All – Our mission is serving people. Therefore, our
	esponsibility is delivering quality services in a friendly, effective and efficient manner. We
	seek "win-win" solutions to resolve each other's concerns.

90 91 Welcome Diversity and Promote Equal Opportunity - Diversity provides a unique opportunity 92 to learn from and celebrate the mosaic of individuals and cultures in our community. Our 93 organization provides an environment that is fair to all employees and those we serve. 94 95 Treat Others with Respect, Sensitivity and Dignity - Live the "golden rule" in every interaction 96 by demonstrating a deep regard for the diversity, needs, feelings and beliefs of all people and 97 acknowledging the ideas and opinions of everyone. Make decisions that serve the best interest 98 of all of the people, including those who choose not to participate. 99 100 Work Together as a Team – Work cooperatively as a group to address and to resolve problems. 101 Collaboration using the knowledge and skills of each other increases effectiveness and 102 innovation. 103 104 **Emphasize Initiative and Creativity** – Encourage and reward new ideas. Change is welcomed 105 because it enhances the opportunity for the organization and individuals to grow and excel. 106 107 Support a Human Environment - Recognize the importance of human needs such as 108 enjoyment and satisfaction in one's work. Provide an environment that is nurturing, spirited, 109 caring and informal and allows individuals to stretch beyond their normal capabilities. Make 110 certain every individual balances their professional life with their personal life. Celebrate 111 accomplishments by consistently acknowledging good performance. 112 Pursue Excellence and Professionalism - Strive to continually improve the way we deliver 113 114 services and perform our day-to-day activities by being more accurate, thorough, responsive, 115 efficient and effective. The successful completion of a task is more important than who gets the 116 credit. A professional attitude dictates an objective analysis of issues, free of personal biases 117 and with a commitment to the organization and to the community. 118 119 120

ARTICLE 1

GENERAL RULES FOR PUBLIC OFFICIALS, ALL EMPLOYEES AND VOLUNTEERS

124 **101. EFFECT** 125

121

122 123

The provisions of these rules shall apply alike to all public officials, volunteer firefighters and all employees of the Village, regardless of the time of the creation of the position or the time of their appointment.

These rules and regulations are subject to change at any time by majority vote of the Village
Trustees.

133 **102. DEFINITIONS** 134

"Department Head" is the appointed Fire Chief or an employee who has direct supervision and
 responsibility for personnel of a [village] <u>municipal</u> department.

"Employee - Full-Time" is an employee who works at least thirty-five (35) hours per week, year
round. Full-time employees are eligible for all benefits and may only be discharged for cause.
Full-time employees who work less than forty (40) hours per week will have their fringe benefits,
such as vacation leave, sick leave and holiday pay, pro-rated (e.g., an employee who normally

142 works 35 hours per week would be paid for 35 hours when taking a vacation week). 143

"Employee - Part-Time" is any person who routinely works less than thirty-five (35) hours per week, or is hired for seasonal work only. A part-time employee is an at-will employee and may be discharged at any time without cause. Part-time employees are not eligible for benefits, <u>except</u> that those who are scheduled to work at least twenty (20) hours per week year round and have completed an initial six month probationary period are entitled to vacation, holiday, and sick leave on a prorated basis. All employees have access to the Employee Assistance Program,

151 "Seasonal Employee" is any employee hired to perform services on a seasonal basis.
 152 Seasonal employees are not eligible for benefits and are not included in the merit pay scale.
 153 Seasonal employees are not eligible for benefits and are not included in the merit pay scale.

153 Seasonal employees may be discharged at any time without cause.154

155 "Public Official" is any person who is elected by the voters of the Village or has been appointed
 156 by the Village Trustees.
 157

158 "Volunteer Firefighter" is any person appointed to the Essex Junction Fire Department. In 159 accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act, they are volunteers and not employees. Volunteer 160 firefighters are appointed by the Essex Junction Fire Chief. All appointed volunteer firefighters 161 are at-will. They are not eligible for benefits, except for the Employee Assistance Program, and 162 may be discharged at any time without cause by the [Essex Junction] Fire Chief or by the Village 163 Trustees. Pay rates for volunteer firefighters are set by the Fire Chief and approved by the Village 164 Trustees. Volunteer firefighters are not included in the merit pay scale. 165 166 "Library Substitute" is any employee hired to fill in on an "as-needed basis" at the Brownell

Library Substitute is any employee nired to hill in on an as-needed basis at the Brownell Library. Library substitutes are not eligible for benefits and are not classified in the merit pay scale. All library substitutes are to be paid the same hourly wage as established by the Library Director and Municipal Manager. Library Substitutes may be discharged at any time without cause.

- 172 "Library Volunteer" is any person who has been offered and accepted a volunteer position at
- the Brownell Library. All applicants for volunteer positions at the library are required to undergo a
 criminal record check per Section 8 of the "Administrative Procedures Regarding Hiring."
- 174

176 **103. EQUAL OPPORTUNITY AND NON-DISCRIMINATION**

177 The Village of Essex Junction is committed to and adheres to equal opportunity and

178 nondiscrimination in all aspects of employment. Candidates for employment and employees will

- be considered for all positions on the basis of their qualifications, abilities and job performance,
- 180 regardless of race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, genetics, place of birth, age, sex 181 (including pregnancy), sexual orientation, genetic information, gender identity or disability, if he content is a second se
- 181 (including pregnancy), sexual orientation, genetic information, gender identity or disability, if he or 182 she is qualified for the position. The municipality [Village] shall, without regard to these matters,
- recruit, hire, upgrade, assign, and train all employees. In addition, the municipality [Village] shall
- administer all personnel actions, such as compensation, benefits and municipal [Village]
- sponsored training without regard to these matters. Reasonable accommodations will be made
- 186 for employees who are qualified individuals with a disability and for any qualified person with a
- 187 disability seeking employment with the municipality [Village].
- 188

189 **104. APPOINTMENTS**

Where no specific rule of the <u>Village</u> Charter [of the <u>Village</u>] is made to the contrary, the state
 statutes shall determine how appointments shall be made.

192 193 **105. RECORDS**

All records shall be available to the Board of Trustees or their representative if they are

- 195 conducting an official investigation in accordance with the [Essex Junction] Village Charter or
- 196 acting as the Personnel Board.

197

198 106. MONIES RECEIVED

Every official or employee shall turn over, as soon as practical, all monies received by him/her in their official capacity to the Treasurer with a statement showing the source from which the same was received.

202

203 **107. OATH**

Members of the Board of Trustees shall, before assuming their duties, take the oath prescribed
 by law.

206

207 **108. SALARIES**

All officials, employees and volunteer firefighters of the Village shall receive such salaries as may be provided by <u>the</u> Village Trustees. No official or employee receiving a salary from the

- 210 <u>municipality</u> [Village] shall be entitled to retain any portion of any fees collected by him/her in the 211 performance of their duties as municipal official or employee.
- All municipal employees, with the exception of the volunteer firefighters, seasonal employees and
- 213 library substitutes, will be placed in the municipality's merit pay scale and will be eligible for merit
- 214 increases based on the evaluation rating received on their review dates (See Appendix IV & V). 215

216 **109. TERMINATION OF OFFICE**

- 217 Every official, volunteer firefighter and employee, upon the expiration of their term
- or dismissal, shall deliver to their successor all books and records which may be the property of
- the Village, and shall deliver to the Manager any other <u>municipal</u> [Village] property in their
- possession. If no successor has been appointed within one week after the termination of office,

General Rules & Personnel Regulations as of 8/12/14

- 221 such property shall be delivered to the Municipal [Village] Manager or Trustees
- 222

223 **110. REFERENCES**

224 The Village of Essex Junction will not provide references beyond confirming dates of

225 employment. [unless the municipality is provided with a signed "Consent to Release Information"

226 form.] All reference requests are to be referred to the Municipal Manager in accordance with the

227 "Policy Regarding Providing References for Former Employees." 228

229 111. TRAVELING EXPENSE

- 230 Request for travel expense funds for official business, special education or training shall be
- 231 submitted on an authorized form. Authorization forms are to be signed by the employee's
- 232 supervisor. Mileage shall be reimbursed in accordance with IRS allowance and shall be 233
- computed based on employee's regular work site as base.
- 234 No municipal vehicle shall be used regularly for commuting to and from work, nor shall any public
- 235 official receive mileage reimbursement for commuting to and from work, unless waived by the 236 Municipal [Village] Manager on a case-by-case basis.
- 237

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- 238 Employees and volunteers attending conferences or other training will be [The Village will]
- 239 reimbursed for the cost of meals [at approved conferences or other
- 240 Training]. If a meal is not provided, the municipality [Village] shall reimburse public officials and
- 241 employees up to \$15 for breakfast, \$15 for lunch and \$25 for dinner (including gratuities). In
- 242 order to receive reimbursement, an Expense Voucher shall be completed and receipts provided.
- At no time will the municipality [Village] reimburse public officials for alcohol or tobacco related 243 244 products.

246 112. SMOKING

247 Smoking will not be allowed inside any building or vehicle owned by the Village of Essex 248 Junction. Smoking will be permitted outdoors (except at the Wastewater Treatment Plant, where 249 no smoking is allowed within the gates).

251 **113. EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM**

- 252 The services of Invest EAP, a Vermont-based Employee Assistance Program (EAP), are 253 available for all employees as well as all of their household members. Invest EAP may be 254
- accessed 24 hours a day and seven days a week (24/7), free of charge and confidentially, for
- 255 help identifying and dealing with the stressors and distractions in their life. 256

257 114. OPEN DOOR POLICY.

- 258 The Village has an open door policy for employees. In order to maintain an open door policy, 259
- employees are encouraged to discuss concerns, issues, problems, and/or ideas with Department 260 Heads or the Manager. If employees are unable to resolve issues with their Department Head
- they may address their concerns or ideas to the Manager with the understanding that all 261
- 262 discussion with the Manager may be reviewed with the Department Head. The open door policy
- 263 is not intended to be a means to override department rules or circumvent proper steps to resolve 264 issues
- 265

266 115. ETHICS POLICY.

- 267 The Village has an Ethics Policy. The Ethics Policy will be distributed to all employees; board,
- 268 commission and committee members; elected and appointed officials; and fire fighters upon
- appointment and annually thereafter per Section 11 of the Ethics Policy, Each person receiving 269
- 270 the Ethics Policy shall sign the Ethics Policy acknowledgement form.

271	
272	ARTICLE 2
273	EMPLOYEE RULES AND REGULATIONS
274	
275	201. EFFECT
276	These rules and regulations apply to [full time and part time] all municipal employees and are
277	subject to change at any time by majority vote of the Village Trustees.
278	
279	203. APPOINTMENT OF SUPERVISORY PERSONNEL
280	The Manager, with the advice of the Trustees, shall appoint all personnel with departmental
281	supervisory capacity. The Manager shall also seek the advice of the Library Trustees in the
282	appointment of the Library Director.
283	204. ASSIGNMENT OF DUTIES
284	The Manager and Department Head shall have the right to assign duties. Where the duties of an
285	office are not provided by any law, the Manager may designate such duties.
286	
287	The Manager shall approve all job descriptions or any changes thereto, except the Manager's job
288	description and any changes thereto shall be approved by the Trustees.
289	
290	205. EMPLOYMENT OF PERSONNEL
291	Department Heads shall follow the "Administrative Procedures re: Hiring" when filling positions in
292	their departments.
293	
294	20[2] <u>6</u> . DEPARTMENTAL RULES
295	Rules for each department shall be developed which prescribe procedures, hours, shifts, work
296	standards, work schedules, departmental organization and similar items and shall enforce the
297	Village of Essex Junction Personnel Regulations. These rules shall be approved by the Manager
298	and posted for employee review. These rules shall be enforced by the Department Head and/or
299	the Manager and infractions thereof may subject the employee to suspension and/or dismissal.
300	
301	207. PROBATIONARY EMPLOYEE
302	Full-time: A probationary employee is one who is being considered for full-time work on a regular
303	basis. No fringe benefits are granted until the first of the month after date of hire, except for sick,
304	vacation and holiday benefits.
305	Part-time: A probationary employee is one who is being considered for a part-time position of at
306	least 20 hours per week year-round. Pro-rated part-time benefits of sick, vacation and holidays
307	are not granted until satisfactorily completing the initial six month probationary period.
308	Completion: The employee is considered and remains a probationary employee until after having
309	completed a six month probationary period and receiving a satisfactory evaluation.
310	
311	208. DISCHARGE FOR CAUSE
312	After successful completion of their probationary period a full-time employee may be suspended
313	or discharged for cause.
314	Subject to its obligations to employees with disabilities, the municipality shall have cause to
315	terminate an employee who is unable to perform the customary duties or responsibilities of their
316	assigned position per Section 403.
317 318	Part-time employees remain "at-will" employees and may be discharged at any time without
318	cause.
	200 EVALUATIONS
320	209. EVALUATIONS

- 321 Performance evaluations will be conducted at least twice a year in the first year of employment (at
- 322 six months employment and end of one year of employment) then annually thereafter by the
- 323 Supervisor with the assistance of other supervisory personnel who have observed the
- 324 performance of the employee. Evaluations will be based upon existing criteria and such other
- 325 criteria as are determined by the Supervisor after consultation with the Manager. If an employee
- 326 is promoted or changes jobs, that employee shall be evaluated (appraised) after six (6) months
- 327 on the job and at the one year mark, then annually thereafter on the anniversary date of hire for
- 328 the new job.
- 329 An employee should review and sign each evaluation acknowledging receipt.
- 330 Performance evaluations shall be conducted within two weeks of an employee's annual review
 331 date unless both parties agree to another date.
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333 210. PERSONNEL FILE

- An individual file shall be kept on all personnel. Each employee shall have the right to inspect their own personnel file periodically by making an appointment with the Human Resources
- <u>Director for this purpose</u>. Maintenance of personnel files shall be as outlined in the policy.
 337

338 [301]211. EMPLOYEE ORGANIZATIONS

Employees of the Village may fully and freely associate themselves in organizations of their own
 choosing for their mutual benefit. No employee shall be required to join any such organization as
 a condition of employment.

343 [205]212. PRESCRIPTION MEDICATIONS 344

(a) Medications prescribed by accredited physicians and used by the person for whom prescribed, at the prescribed dosage levels, do not fall within the prohibition of the Village of Essex Junction Substance Abuse Policy.

(b) However, employees who must take prescribed medications during the work day are responsible for the safekeeping of the medication(s). Failure to store the medication(s) safely and securely is cause for disciplinary action. In order that the Village may protect the health and safety of all employees, and maintain the professional standards required in fulfilling its duties to the public, each employee has the duty of reporting [his/her] their use of any prescription medication(s) which may affect job performance to their Department Head prior to reporting to work while using the medication(s), so that appropriate safeguards may be discussed and arranged. Failure to comply with this requirement is cause for disciplinary action.

360 [206]213. ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

The consumption of alcoholic beverages on any property owned by the Village of Essex Junction is prohibited. No employee shall be under the influence of alcohol or any illegal drug while working for the Village.

364

365 [207]214. ACCIDENTS

Personnel involved in, or having any knowledge of, any accident to any property or equipment
 owned or operated by the Village shall immediately report the accident and pertinent information
 to the Department Head or Manager. In the event of any serious emergency, medical assistance

- 369 shall be called immediately.
- 370

371 [208]215. CLOSING A VILLAGE DEPARTMENT

The Manager may close a Village Department (including the Library) due to inclement weather, safety, employee funeral, etc. The Village Trustees shall be notified of all such decisions. If the Manager closes a Village Department, employees shall receive full pay during normal working hours.

376

377 [209]216. BUILDING SECURITY

378 It is the responsibility of all employees to ensure that the building in which they work is secure 379 upon closing for the day and that all doors and windows are locked. It is also employees' 380 responsibility to shut off the lights when they are the last person out of the building.

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382 [210]217. ABSENCE WITHOUT LEAVE

No employee may be absent from duty without permission of his Department Head. Absence without leave shall be sufficient cause for forfeiture of all rights and privileges earned while employed. An employee absent for three (3) consecutive working days without notice shall be considered to have resigned.

388 [211]218. PERSONAL AFFAIRS

All employees are expected to maintain their personal affairs, including their financial dealings, in keeping with an acceptable standard of conduct. It is assumed that each employee will not let [his/her] their private life reflect unfavorably on the Village or [his/her] their work with the Village.

ARTICLE 3 [FULL TIME] EMPLOYEE[S] BENEFITS

- 396 [All full time employees receive the benefits in the Employees Association Contract.]
- 397
 398 The benefits listed below are for full time employees except that part-time employees scheduled
- 399 to work at least 20 hours per week year-round, and who have completed an initial six month
- 400 probationary period, are entitled to paid sick leave, vacation and holidays on a pro-rated basis.
- 401 (See Appendix III) 402

403 301. SICK LEAVE:

404 Full time employees will accumulate 1.5 sick days (12 hours) per month which may be used in 405 the case of employee or a member of employees' family's illness. Sick leave may also be used

406 for medical or dental appointments. Employees should keep in mind that sick time is a privilege

407 and is to be used only for legitimate absences. Department Heads and the Manager will have

- 408 the authority to require that an employee who is on sick leave be examined by a physician
- selected by the municipality. This <u>option</u> would afford the Village with a "second opinion"
- 410 regarding sick leave. This would, of course, not prevent an employee from seeing [his/her] their
- 411 own physician. 412

413 **<u>302. VACATION</u>**

- 414 Vacation time will be accrued at the following rates:
- 415 New hire to 5 years: 3 weeks (10 hours/month)
- 416 5 years to 10 years: 4 weeks (13.34 hours/month)
- 417 After 10 years: 5 weeks (16.67 hours/month)
- 418 Employees may not accrue more than 240 vacation hours on their annual anniversary date, and
- 419 must take at least 50% of their yearly vacation accrual.
- 420 All requests for vacation time must be approved by the Department Head.

e observed with pay are:
New Year's Day
Martin Luther King Day (3rd Monday in January)
President's Day*
Memorial Day
Independence Day (July 4th)
Labor Day
Columbus Day (2nd Monday in October)
 Veterans' Day (November 11th)
Thanksgiving Day
Day after Thanksgiving Day
**Workday before/after Christmas Day
Christmas Day
Two (2) personal holidays (choice of the employee)***

471	partners. [Cost sharing shall be as stated in the Employees Association Contract.]
472 _	(a) The Village will pay the following monthly premium amounts for employees: up to
473	\$502 for individuals, up to \$968 for Employee & Dependent(s), up to \$1,003 for 2-
474	Person (Employee & Spouse), and up to \$1,409 for families. If an employee chooses
475	a plan with a lower premium than those amounts specified above, the Village's
476	premium contribution will be limited to the premium of the plan chosen by the
477	employee. The employee will not be entitled to the difference between the maximum
478	amounts specified above and the premium amount of the plan they chooses.
479	(b) The Village provides a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) to pay the first
480	\$2,250 of the deductible and co-pay for individuals, and the first \$4,500 of the
481	deductible and co-pay for Employee & dependent(s), 2-person (Employee & Spouse),
482	and families.
483	(c) The difference between the monthly premium and the amount funded by the
484	Village will be paid through payroll deduction.
485	(d) If an employee opts out of the Village's health insurance, and provides evidence
486	that the employee has health insurance through another source, 25% of the Village's
487	applicable premium shall be paid to the employee monthly.
488	304.2 Cafeteria Plan (Optional): The Village shall offer a Section 125 (Cafeteria Plan)
489	to all full-time employees. The plan shall include the following components:
490	(a) Premium Conversion: Allows employee paid premiums to be paid with pre-tax
491	dollars.
492	(b) Election of Dependent Care Assistance: Allows up to \$5,000 per year to be
493	deducted pre-tax from employee's pay to be reimbursed to the employee to pay
494	eligible dependent care expenses.
495	(c) Flexible Spending Account for Health Care Reimbursement: Allows up to \$2,500
496	per year to be deducted pre-tax from employee's pay to be reimbursed to the
497	employee to pay eligible (not reimbursed by insurance) health care expenses.
498	304.3 Dental and Vision Insurance: The Village provides dental and vision insurance
499 -	for all full-time employees and dependents at no cost to the employee. The current
500	carriers are Northeast Delta Dental and Vision Service Plan.
500	304.4 Life Insurance: A life insurance policy shall be carried for each full-time employee
502 -	with a death benefit payable to the employee's named beneficiary of 2 ½ times base
502 503	
	salary up to \$100,000.
504 -	304.5 Short Term Disability: A policy shall be carried providing a weekly benefit to each
505	full-time employee in the event of time lost from work due to non-occupational accident or
506	sickness. The weekly benefit is 66.66% of salary up to \$400
507 -	304.6 Retirement Savings Plan: Full-time employees are required to contribute 5% of
508	their earnings and the Village contributes 10% towards the retirement savings plan. The
509	current plan is a Defined Contribution Plan through ICMA Retirement Corp.
510	
511	[303.1. DISCONTINUANCE OF HEALTH PLAN COVERAGE.
512	
513	Any employee who wishes to voluntarily terminate their health plan coverage
514	would be able to do so under the following conditions:
515	
516	(1) The employee would submit written proof that they is covered under
517	another health plan (through spouse, civil union or domestic partner).
518	
519	(2) The effective date of change will be the first of the month after the
520	Village is notified per item (1) above.

	(3) The Village would pay to such employee 25% of the dollar savings to
	the Village,
	(4). Exclusion who wish to misis the Villeon brokk show would be able to
	(4) Employees who wish to rejoin the Village health plan would be able to do so only once during each year on January 1st. Employees wishing to do
	so would have to notify the Village at least thirty (30) days in advance of the
	reinstatement date.]
	Templatement date.
305. L	EAVE OF ABSENCE
	305.1 LEAVE OF ABSENCE WITHOUT PAY
	Any request for a leave of absence shall be submitted in writing to an employee's
	immediate supervisor. The request shall state the reason for the leave of absence
	and the approximate length of time off desired. Written authorization for leaves of
	absence shall be furnished by the employee's immediate supervisor.
	305.2 PERSONAL LEAVE
	Paid leave of absence for bereavement of immediate family, weddings in the
	immediate family, etc. may be granted upon approval of the Department Head. These
	personal leaves shall not exceed five (5) days in any one year.
	The Manager, at his or her discretion, may grant additional personal leave in excess of
	five (5) days in one year for a death in the immediate family.
_	305.3 PARENTAL AND FAMILY LEAVE WITHOUT PAY
	(a) A full-time employee, with one year or more days of service, shall be entitled to
	take unpaid leave for a period not to exceed 60 working days (12 weeks) in a 12
	month period for parental leave (to include birth or adoption). Equivalent leave is
	available for an employee if he or she is seriously ill or his or her children,
	stepchildren, foster children, ward of the employee who lives with the employee,
	parents, spouses, or parent of employee's spouse are seriously ill. Serious illness
	means an accident, disease, or physical or mental condition that (a) poses imminent
	danger of death, (b) requires inpatient care in a hospital, or (c) requires continuing in-
	home care under the direction of a physician.
	(b) Full-time employees are also eligible for unpaid short-term leave up to four hours i
	any 30 day period, not to exceed 24 hours in any 12 month period for the following
	reasons: (a) to participate in preschool or school activities of the employee's child,
	stepchild, foster child, or ward; (b) to attend or accompany the employee's child or other family member, as defined in 21 VSA, 472a(2), to routine medical or dental
	appointments; (c) to accompany the employee's parent, spouse or parent-in-law to
	other appointments for professional services related to their care and well-being; and
	(d) to respond to a medical emergency of the employee's family member as defined
	in 21 VSA 472a(4). Employees should make reasonable efforts to schedule
	appointments outside of normal working hours.
	(c) Employees may use accumulated paid leave time (sick, comp., personal holiday o
	vacation) while out on parental and family leave.
	<u></u>
306. J	URY DUTY
	ime employees will be paid the difference in their regular wages and the fees they might
	for each day missed from work while serving on jury duty.
eceive	
eceive	
	UITION REIMBURSEMENT

571 university with reimbursement to be limited to the University of Vermont rate for in-state students.

- 572 A grade of "C" or better must be achieved in the classes in order to receive reimbursement.
- 573 Educational courses requested shall be related to jobs within the Village classification system and
- 574 <u>subject to the Manager's prior approval.</u>575

576 308. SELF-BETTERMENT PHYSICAL FITNESS PROGRAM

- 577 The Village shall pay each participating employee upon receipt of notice of payment of the
- 578 monthly membership fee paid by the employee for enrollment in a self-betterment physical fitness
- 579 program or club. Self-defined programs must have prior approval by the Manager and
- 580 Department Head if not in the following list: physical fitness programs/club, recreational activities
- 581 that improve health fitness such as Maple Street Pool pass, Essex Junction Parks & Recreation
- 582 fitness programs, athletic footwear. The notice of payment receipt shall be given to the
- 583 employee's supervisor. Reimbursement of the maximum of \$350 per fiscal year will be made to
- 584 <u>the employee</u>. Partial payments may occur quarterly with the payment date determined by the 585 <u>Treasurer</u>.
- 586

587 **309. PERSONAL PROPERTY**

- 588 The Village shall reimburse an employee for personal property lost or damaged in accordance 589 with the following schedule:
- 590 FYE 15: \$125 per claim will be paid;
- 591 FYE 16: \$150 per claim will be paid;
- 592 FYE 17: \$175 per claim will be paid;
- 593 provided that (1) the loss or damage was in no way caused by the personal negligence of the
- 594 employee, and (2) adequate proof is made that the loss or damage was incurred in the
- 595 performance of a function peculiar to the job. In the event of prescription eyeglasses (other than
- 596 <u>sunglasses</u>) or dental plates are lost or damaged, the Village shall reimburse the employee up to 597 two thirds (2/3) of the cost of the lost or damaged item, subject to the same provisions set forth in
- 597 two thirds (2/3) of the cost of the lost or damaged item, subject to the same provisions set forth in 598 the preceding sentence.
- 599

600 **<u>310. UNIFORMS AND EQUIPMENT</u>**

- 601 Employees in the Departments of Public Works and the Waste Water Treatment Plant shall be 602 entitled to a uniform allowance. A new employee will have an allotment of \$750 during the first
- 603 fiscal year of the employee's employment. In the second fiscal year of employment, the allotment
- amount will be \$750 with the ability to carry over up to 40 percent of this \$750 into the third fiscal
- 605 year allotment so a pool of up to \$300 can be added to the \$750 allotment that can be spent if
- 606 <u>needed. The amount of \$1050 is the maximum allowed to be accumulated in any fiscal year</u> 607 thereafter. All work uniforms must be from suppliers approved by the Department Head.
- 607 <u>thereafter. All work uniforms must be from suppliers approved by the Department Head.</u> 608

609 <u>311. LICENSES</u>

- 610(a) The Village shall pay for driver's license fees for renewal or other, for all employees611required to obtain CDL licenses and appropriate endorsements less the cost of the612domestic license.(12(b) Mestavetes employees has blacked appropriate of the state of the state
- 613(b) Wastewater employees who obtain a Vermont Level 1 through Level 5 wastewater614facility license shall receive a one-time \$150 bonus payment upon obtaining each level.615An employee who obtains a water operator's certification (Class D) shall receive a one-616time \$150 bonus payment.617

618 312. WORK DAYS AND WORK WEEK

619 The municipal work week shall be forty (40) hours per week. Employees will be paid weekly. No 620 payroll checks will be issued in advance.

	(a) All employees' work schedules shall provide for a fifteen- minute rest period each
	regular one-half shift. Employees may combine their two fifteen-minute rest periods
	earned during their regular work day, but may not exchange them for their 30 minute meal
	period provided for 312(b). Should the employee be required to work any additional two
	hours beyond the regular work period, they shall be entitled to an additional 15-minute
	rest period.
_	(b) All employees shall be granted an unpaid 30-minute meal period during each eight (8)
	hour work shift. Whenever possible, the meal period shall be scheduled at the middle of
	the shift. Employees shall be relieved of duties during the meal period. It is not
	necessary that an employee be permitted to leave the premises if they are otherwise
	completely freed from duties during the meal period. If employees are not relieved from
	their duties by their supervisor during the meal period they shall be paid for such period
	(c) Employees whose work conditions require it shall be granted a fifteen minute persona
	clean-up period immediately prior to the end of each work shift.
212	OVERTIME
515.	313.1 In accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), hourly employees will
	be paid overtime (time and one half) for hours worked over 40 in one week. All
	requests for overtime pay must be approved by the Supervisor. (See Appendix I of
	these Regulations for a list of hourly, Non-Exempt "NE", positions.)
	313.2 Hourly employees required to work hours outside of the agreed upon schedule
	will be paid overtime.
	313.3 Hourly employees required to work on Sundays and Holidays shall be paid
	double time. Holidays are the day of the Holiday and the days observed by the
	Village, the length of the day is 12 AM through 11:59 PM. Personal holidays are not
	considered holiday for this purpose.
	313.4 Hourly employees may elect to accrue compensatory time in lieu of cash
-	payment. The rate of time accrued shall be one -and-one-half hours of compensatory
	time off for each hour overtime worked (except for hours worked on Sundays and
	holidays which will be double time). The total amount of accrued compensatory time
	shall not exceed 200 hours.
	313.5 Employees may convert up to 40 hours of accrued compensatory time to pay each fiscal year, with a minimum request of 4 hours. The request must be submitted
	on a form specific to this purpose (see Appendix II) and approved by the Supervisor.
	Conversion over the 40 hours maximum per year may be granted at the discretion of
	the Manager.
	313.6 The following employees are exempt from the FLSA and shall not receive any
	overtime pay. Exempt employees ("E" in Appendix I) include the Manager,
	Finance/MIS Director, HR Director/Clerk/Treasurer, Community Development Director
	Library Director, Assistant Library Director, Water Quality Superintendent, Public
	Works Superintendent, elected officials who have a salary established by the Board of
	Trustees, and any other supervisory positions established by the Board of Trustees.
314	LAYOFFS
	nunicipal employee may be laid off when it is necessary to reduce the number of employees
	y department because of a shortage of work or funds, abolition of a position, change in
	rtmental functions or organizations, or for related reasons which do not reflect discredit on
the e	mployee. Employees shall be laid off insofar as possible in inverse order of length of service
	the class of positions. Persons laid off in accordance with the foregoing procedure shall be
	ed to have their names placed at the head of a reinstatement list according to their seniority

675

672 <u>315. SENIORITY</u>

673 Earned seniority shall not be lost due to authorized leave of absence or military service. All 674 seniority rights shall be lost by resignation or dismissal.

676 [304]316. METHODS OF REINSTATEMENT

Whenever a vacancy occurs in any position, the Manager shall reinstate in the same position in which [he/she was] they were formerly employed any person who had been appointed and who had been temporarily separated from the position, and [his/her] their seniority of service shall be governed by the date of [his/her] their original appointment, subject to passing a physical

- 681 examination, if the layoff was longer than thirty (30) days.
- 682

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683 [302]317. ARMED SERVICES

(1) Any full time employee of the Village who is a duly qualified member of the reserve
 components of the armed forces of the United States of America or State of Vermont and:

- (a) who, in order to receive military training with the armed forces of the United States, not
 to exceed fifteen (15) days in any one [calendar] fiscal year, leaves a position other than a
 temporary position, and,
- (b) who gives evidence defining the date of departure and the date of return for purposes
 of military training thirty (30) days prior to the date of departure, and
 - (c) who shall further give evidence of the satisfactory completion of such training immediately thereafter, and
- 697 (d) who is still qualified to perform the duties of such position, shall upon return be 698 entitled to be restored to [his/her] their previous or similar position with the same status, 699 pay and seniority. In such circumstances, seniority shall continue to accrue during such 700 period of absence. Such period of absence shall be construed as an absence with leave. 701 Under such circumstances, the Village shall pay the employee the difference between 702 what [he/she is] they are paid by the military during such training period, and what [he/she] 703 they would have earned with the Village. Such period of absence shall not be deducted 704 from the employee's vacation pay, or counted as vacation time. 705

(2) If an employee is called to active duty, [he/she] they shall be entitled to accrue and maintain
all benefits for a period of thirty (30) days after the employee has been placed on active duty.
Under such circumstances, the Village shall pay the employee the difference between what
[he/she is] they are paid by the military during such time period, and what [he/she] they would
have earned with the Village.

- After thirty days, the Village will not make up the difference in pay. Also, benefits will no longer accrue during this time period or be paid for by the Village.
- 714

711

Each employee shall also have such other re-employment rights as provided by (and subject tothe conditions of) 38 U.S.C. Section 4304.

717 718

719 **[306. RETIREMENT**

720

721	Full time employees shall be required to contribute 5% of their earnings and the Village shall
722	contribute 10% toward the pension plan(s) as approved by the Village Trustees.]
723	
724	ARTICLE 4
725	EMPLOYEE CONDUCT (ALL EMPLOYEES)
726	· · ·
727	401. EMPLOYEE CONDUCT
728	If an employee's conduct falls below a desirable standard, [he/she] <u>they</u> may be subject to
729	disciplinary action. A few examples of causes for which an employee may be disciplined are:
730	
731	(1) Failure to follow the orders of one's Supervisor.
732	(2) Being absent without permission.
733	(3) Being habitually absent or tardy.
734	(4) Being wasteful of material, property or working time.
735	(5) Inability to get along with fellow employees.
736	(6) Drinking on the job or arriving on the job under the influence of
737	alcohol or narcotics.
738	(7) Conduct which is unbecoming a Village employee.
739	(8) Any criminal offense.
740	(9) Unethical behavior.
741	(10) Loss of a license or certificate issued by State and/or Federal
742	authority needed to conduct daily work.
743	
744	401.1 VIOLENCE
745	Violence, or the threat of violence, by or against any employee of the Village of Essex
746	Junction or other person is unacceptable and contrary to Village policy, and will
747	subject the perpetrator to serious disciplinary action and possible criminal charges.
748	
749	402. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES
750	Full-time employees who believe that they have received inequitable treatment because of some
751	condition of their employment may personally, or through their representative, appeal for relief
752	through the following steps:
753	
754	Employees are expected to discuss any grievance initially with their immediate
755	Department Head. Then, if the matter is not settled, the employee may choose to
756	submit the grievance in writing to the [Village] Manager, who shall give a written reply
757	within one week.
758	
759	(2) The [Village] Manager may be requested in writing to bring the matter before the
760	Trustees who, for the purposes of this section, shall act as the Personnel Board.
761	
762	(3) These steps should be followed in sequence. A step may be skipped if the
763	complaint is against the employee's supervisor for harassment, discrimination, "whistle
764	blowing" or some other matter where the employee is concerned about retaliation.
765	
766	(4) The Village maintains an "open door" policy for all employees.
767	The requirements of written presentations are not intended to preclude the use of
768	frank and informal conferences as a means of reaching settlements.
769	
770	

771 **403. SUSPENSIONS AND DISMISSALS**

772 (a) The Manager or Department Head, with the approval of the Manager, may suspend, for 773 disciplinary reasons, any employee in [his/her] their department. The Manager or Department 774 Head, with the approval of the [Village] Manager, may dismiss an employee at any time for cause. 775 Cause shall include but not be limited to those causes for disciplinary action defined in Section 776 401, or physical or mental disability. Prior to suspension or dismissal, the employee shall be 777 notified in writing of the charges against the employee, the reasons for the suspension or 778 dismissal, and their right to attend a hearing with the Manager and/or Department Head. The 779 employee may bring representation to the hearing and will be allowed to present evidence in 780 [his/her] their defense. After the hearing, if suspension or dismissal is carried out, the employee 781 shall be notified in writing of [his/her] their right to appeal to the Trustees in accordance with 782 Section 403 (b). Copies of the notice shall be forwarded to the Trustees. 783

(b) Within ten (10) days of the receipt of such notice, an employee may request a hearing before
the Trustees by filing such request with the Manager. The Trustees then shall proceed to hold
such hearing not less than ten (10) days nor more than twenty (20) days after receipt by the
Manager of the hearing request. At the hearing, the employee is entitled to be represented by
counsel and to answer and be heard on the charges. Within ten (10) days of the conclusion of
the hearing, the Trustees shall forward the written findings of fact and their decision to the
employee. The Trustees may support the action of the [Village] Manager or may modify it.

(c) The provisions of Section 401 shall not apply to probationary employees who, during such
 probationary period, may be freely suspended or discharged.

795 **404. HEARINGS**

The Trustees, upon notification of a request for investigation and hearing, shall cause copies of the written charges to be served personally upon the official or employee against whom such charges are filed, or shall have the same mailed to [his/her] their address notifying [him/her] them of the time and place of the hearing. An investigation of charges may be broad in their character and evidence may be heard upon any facts or circumstances pertinent or applicable to such charges.

803 405. FINDING AND DECISION

The finding and decision of the Trustees following the hearing of charges shall be final. Notice of
 the decision shall be sent to the employee.

807 ARTICLE 5

- 808 SALARIED EMPLOYEES
- 809

810 [501. COMPENSATORY TIME

811
 812 Salaried employees who work in excess of 45 hours per week may accrue compensatory time at a

813 rate of 1 hour for each hour worked over 45 hours in a week. Salaried employees shall not accrue

814 more than 120 hours of compensatory time (i.e., an employee may not have more than 120 hours

815 of accumulated comp time at any time.) Upon termination of employment, employees will be paid

816 their current hourly rate for all accrued comp time.] 817

818 **50[2]1. FLEX TIME**

819 Salaried employees may flex their hours over a two week period. If they work extra hours one day,

820 they can take the hours off another day.

821 50[3]2. WORKING FROM HOME

- 822 Salaried employees may work at home with the approval of the [Village] Manager.
- 823

824 50[4]3. WORKING ON HOLIDAYS

825 Salaried employees who work on a holiday may take another day off in lieu of the holiday, with 826 the [Village] Manager's approval.

827 828

829

830

ARTICLE 6 VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RULES AND BENEFITS

831 601. EFFECT

832 The provisions of these rules and benefits shall apply to all volunteer firefighters of the Village. 833

834 These rules and benefits are subject to change at any time by majority vote of the Village 835 Trustees.

836

837 602. MEMBERSHIP

838 (1) Volunteers may express their interest in serving with the Essex Junction Volunteer Fire 839 Department by completing an application form. 840

- 841 (2) Volunteers may be appointed by the Essex Junction Fire Chief based on the needs of the 842 department and subject to passing a physical.
- 843 844 (3) No volunteer shall be denied appointment or be dismissed from the Essex Junction
- 845 Volunteer Fire Department on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin or sex. 846
- 847 (4) A volunteer firefighter may be dismissed or suspended by the Fire Chief on written notice,
- but shall be entitled to a hearing on such dismissal or suspension before the legislative body of 848
- 849 the municipality if a written request for a hearing is submitted to the legislative body by the
- 850 firefighter dismissed or suspended within five days after receipt of notice thereof. The legislative
- 851 body may revoke such dismissal or suspension, and may order reinstatement of a firefighter
- 852 suspended or dismissed. 853

854 603. ATTENDANCE

Volunteer firefighters are required to attend 5 training sessions per quarter. 855

856

857 604. APPOINTMENTS

858 (1) In accordance with the Essex Junction Village Charter, the Fire Chief shall be appointed to a 859 one year term by the Village Manager with the approval of the Village Trustees. Residents of the 860 Village or a member of the Fire Department who resides in the Town of Essex shall be eligible to 861 hold the office of Village Fire Chief.

862

863 (2) The Fire Chief shall appoint the Assistant Fire Chiefs. The Captain(s) and Lieutenant(s) of the 864 department shall be appointed by the Fire Chief. 865

866 605. PAY

867 (1) Volunteer firefighters shall receive a minimum starting hourly rate of pay. In addition, after

- 868 every five years of service \$.25 per hour will be added to the volunteer firefighter's base pay. Pay 869
- adjustments will be effective on July 1st, the first day of the new fiscal year, if the budget allows. (2) The Chief shall receive an hourly premium of \$3.00 per hour. The Assistant Chiefs shall 870

871 receive an hourly premium of \$2.50 per hour. The Captains shall receive an hourly premium of
872 \$2.00 per hour. The lieutenants shall receive an hourly premium of \$1.50 per hour.

873

874 (3) Work Related Training: Volunteer firefighters shall not receive pay during routine (in-town)

training or for attending fire department meetings. Volunteer firefighters shall be paid their

- 876 regular rate for non-routine (out-of-town) training approved by the Fire Chief or training officer.
- 877 The volunteer firefighter's time shall not be reimbursed for time outside of the training sessions
- 878 (i.e., travel time, overnight, etc.).879

880 606. RELIGIOUS BELIEFS ACCOMMODATION POLICY

- It is the Village of Essex Junction's policy to respond to requests from volunteer firefighters for reasonable accommodation for religious beliefs to the extent required by applicable law. The volunteer firefighter must make [his/her] their need and the basis for that need known to the Fire Chief. The request shall be in writing and include pertinent information such as the name of the religion, the name of a local religious leader, what is the precise accommodation needed, the reason it is needed and demonstration that it is not subject to waiver or reasonable modification. Upon receipt of the written request, the Fire Chief shall give the volunteer firefighter a written
- 888 response to the request.
- 889 Generally, reasonable accommodation for religious beliefs will be granted if:
- (1) The volunteer firefighter establishes that the request is based on a genuinely held
 religious belief, to be verified by the volunteer firefighter's religious leader or by other proof
 of applicable religious doctrine if the Fire Chief deems it necessary, in which case the
 volunteer firefighter, religious leader, or applicable doctrine should attest that the religious
 requirement is not waivable or subject to reasonable modification.
- 896 (2) The volunteer firefighter can perform all the essential functions of [his/her] their
 897 position with reasonable accommodations;
- 898 (3) Reasonable accommodation can be made without imposing undue hardship on the
 899 Essex Junction Volunteer Fire Department;
- 900 (4) The volunteer firefighter agrees to notify the Fire Chief immediately if changes in901 circumstances eliminate the need for accommodation; and
- 902 (5) The accommodation does not result in illegal discrimination as to other volunteer
 903 firefighters.
 904

905 607. EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM POLICY

The Village of Essex Junction has adopted an Employee Assistance Program (EAP). The
 program is offered to all volunteer firefighters and their families.

- 909 The Employee Assistance Program provides volunteer firefighters and their families with
- 910 **confidential**, professional assistance for their personal problems. Volunteer firefighters and
- 911 immediate family members are encouraged to use this voluntary program.
- 912
- 913 It is recognized that almost any human problem can be successfully treated, provided it is 914 identified in its early stages and referral is made to an appropriate source of care. This applies 915 whether the problem is one of physical or mental illness, emotional distress, finances, marital or
- 916 family distress, alcohol or drug abuse, legal problems or other concerns.
- 917 918 The Village of Essex Junction is proud to offer the above program to its volunteer firefighters.
- 919 The Employee Assistance Program reinforces our commitment to have healthy volunteer
- 920 firefighters delivering the best possible service to the public.
- 921

922			APPENDIX I	
923			JOB STRUCTURE	
924	EXEMPT/			
925	NON-EXEMPT	GRADE	JOB CLASSIFICATION/TITLE	PT/FT
926	NE	n/a	Library Substitute	PT
927	NE	n/a	Seasonal Grounds Maint/General Labor &	
928			Administrative Support	PT
929	NE	0	Library Assistant/Shelver	PT
930	NE	1	(No classifications at present)	
931	NE	2	Library Technical Ass't II Circ. Dept.	PT
932	NE	3	Library Technical Ass't I Circ. Dept.	PT
933	NE	3	Library Technical Ass't I Youth & Circ. Dept.	PT
934	NE	4	Library Technical Assistant I Tech. Svcs.	PT
935	NE	4	Library Ass't Youth & YA Services	PT
936	NE	4	Secretary to Water Quality Superintendent	PT
937	NE	4	Office Assistant	PT
938	NE	3	Equip Operator/Maint. Tech II	FΤ
939	NE	3	Wastewater Plant Attendant	FT
940	NE	4	Equip Operator/Maint. Tech I	FT
941	NE	4	Wastewater Plant Operator II	FT
942	NE	5	Assistant Youth Librarian	FT
943	NE	5 5	Assistant Librarian	FΤ
944	NE		Administrative Ass't to Village Mgr.	FT
945	NE	5	Ass't Zoning Administrator/	
946			Admin Ass't to Community Dev. Director	FT
947	NE	5	Ec. Dev/Community Relations Ass't	FT
948	NE	5	Water System Technician	FT
949	NE	5	Equiip Op/Maint Tech/Crew Leader	FT
950	NE	5	Environmental Technician	FT
951	NE	6	Accountant	FT
952	NE	6	Youth Services Librarian	FT
953	NE	6	Circulation Librarian	FT
954	NE	6	Wastewater Plant Op I	FT
955	NE	7	Ass't Chief WW Plant Operator	FT
956	E	7	Assistant Library Director	FT
957	NE	8	Public Works Foreman	FT
958	E	9	Library Director	FT
959	E	10	Finance/MIS Director	FT
960	E	10	HR Dir/Clerk/Treasurer	FT
961	E	10	Community Development Director	FT
962	E	11	Water Quality Superintendent	FΤ
963	E	11	Public Works Superintendent	FT
964	E	13	Manager	FT
965				

)	
1	COMPENSATORY TIME CONVERSION FORM
3	
)	Employee Name
	Employee Name:
	Date of Request:
•	Requested number of Comp Time Hours to be converted to pay (minimum of 4 hrs.):
	Crease companyation expected (hours to be converted v bourly rate);
	Gross compensation expected (hours to be converted x hourly rate):
	Accrued comp time balance before conversion:
	Accrued comp time balance expected after conversion:
	Number of comp time hours previously converted this calendar year (max is 40):
	Total number of hours converted this calendar year after this conversion:

		VILLAGE OF ESSEX JUNCTION						
		PART-TIME EMPLOYEE BENEFITS IMPLEMENTATION						
Th	The Essex Junction Employees Association Contract effective 7/1/14 contains the following							
lar	nguage re	egarding benefits extended to part-time employees:						
"A	n employ	ee who has satisfactorily completed an initial six month probationary period and is						
		n a position year round and works an average of 20 hours per week is entitled to the						
fol	lowing be	enefits: vacation, holiday, and sick leave prorated based on an average number of						
ho	urs per w	<u>/eek."</u>						
Pu	irpose							
-		e of this document is to provide detail in how the part time benefits are to be accrued						
		ce in how they are to be used.						
Or	ot out							
_		meeting the above criteria may opt out of the benefits provided if they do not wish to						
		ne requirements listed below.						
De	finitions:	"Week" means the normally scheduled work week (i.e., 20 or 24 hours).						
		"Day" means 1/5 of the normally scheduled work week.						
+	Paic	Holidays: 12 Village scheduled holidays, plus 2 personal holidays of the employee's						
		ice to be prorated based upon employees normal work schedule. The two personal						
		days are available at the beginning of each fiscal year (July 1) and must be used						
		ng the fiscal year; they do not carry over.						
	•	An employee scheduled to work 20 hours per week will receive 4 hours of holiday						
		pay for the week that includes a holiday. The 2 personal holidays would be at 4						
		hours each, or 8 hours total.						
	•	An employee scheduled to work 24 hours per week will receive 4.8 hours of						
		holiday pay for the week that includes a holiday. The 2 personal holidays would						
		be 4.8 hours each, or 9.6 hours total.						
•		Part-time employees may not be paid for more than their normally scheduled day						
	whe	en using Personal Holiday pay. Personal Holiday time may be taken in units of 1/2 hour						
		nore at the discretion of the employee. However, staffing needs should be considered						
		en taking personal holiday time. Department head must be notified if employee plans to						
		two personal holidays in a row.						
	•							
•		Vacation: New Hire to 5 years, 3 weeks (15 days); 6 years to 10 years, 4 weeks (20						
•		s); after 10 years, 5 weeks (25 days). Employees must use 50% of their annual						
		ation accrual each year and may carry over unused accrued vacation time but are						
		ed to a balance of 6 weeks at their anniversary date (120 hours for 20 hour/week						
		bloyees, 144 hours for 24 hour/week employee). Vacation time is accrued monthly to						
		prorated based on employee's normal work schedule.						
	•	An employee scheduled to work 20 hours per week will accrue:						
	•	 7.5 days per year (5 hours per month) if new hire to 5 years 						
		 10 days per year (6.67 hours per month) if 5 years to 10 years 						
		 <u>12.5 days per year (8.33 hours per month) after 10 years of employment.</u> 						
		<u> </u>						

1043		An employee scheduled to work 24 hours per week will accrue:
1044		 9 days per year (6 hours per month) if new hire to 5 years
1045		 12 days per year (8 hours per month) if 5 years to 10 years
1046		 15 days per year (10 hours per month) after 10 years of employment.
1047	•	Part-time employees may not be paid for more than their normally scheduled week
1048		when using paid vacation. Requests for vacation time must be approved by the
1049		Department Head. Vacation time may be used in units of ½ hour or more with the
1050		approval of the Department head. Employees must use accrued paid vacation time before
1051		requesting unpaid leave.
1052		
1053	•	Paid Sick Leave: 18 days per year, accrued monthly. Employees may carry over unused
1054		accrued sick leave from year to year. The 18 days per year are prorated according to
1055		employee's normal work schedule:
1056		An employee scheduled to work 20 hours per week will accrue 9 days of sick leave
1057		per year, or 6 hours per month.
1058		 An employee scheduled to work 24 hours per week will accrue 10.8 days of sick
1059		leave per year, or 7.2 hours per month.
1060	•	Part-time employees may not be paid for more than their normally scheduled day when
1061		using paid sick leave.
1062	•	Paid sick leave may be used when an employee is too ill to come to work or when an
1063		immediate family member is ill and requires care by the employee. Sick leave may also be
1064		used for medical or dental appointments, if necessary. Except for emergency situations,
1065		employees should make every effort to schedule appointments outside of their regular
1066		work day.
1067		
1068		

APPENDIX IV MERIT PAY SCALE

Salary Merit Pay Scale (assumes employees at GOOD unless otherwise defined)

	Percentage Increase				
	Rating	Min - 25th percentile (low tier)	25% - 50% (mid-tier)	50% to Max. (top tier)	
OUTSTANDING	5.00	6.00%	5.000%	4.500%	
	4.75	5.75%	4.750%	4.325%	
Very Good/Outstanding	4.50	5.50%	4.500%	4.150%	
	4.25	5.25%	4.250%	3.975%	
VERY GOOD	4.00	5.00%	4.000%	3.800%	
	3.75	4.75%	3.875%	3.600%	
Good/Very Good	3.50	4.50%	3.750%	3.400%	
	3.25	4.25%	3.625%	3.200%	
GOOD	3.00	4.00%	3.500%	3.000%	
	2.75	3.50%	3.125%	2.675%	
Adequate/Good	2.50	3.00%	2.750%	2.350%	
	2.25	2.50%	2.375%	2.025%	
ADEQUATE	2.00	2.00%	2.000%	1.700%	
	1.75	1.50%	1.500%	1.275%	
Marg./Adequate	1.50	1.00%	1.000%	0.850%	
-	1.25	0.50%	0.500%	0.425%	
MARGINAL	1.00	0.00%	0.000%	0.000%	

Some employees have reached the cap of their grade levels and may not be able to receive the full percentage increase as indicated by their rating.

If an employee is given a rating that would result in a percentage raise higher than that allowed by their position in the pay scale, the employee may be eligible to receive a bonus for the difference.

The bonus would be recommended by the Department Head and approved by the Manager and would not change the employee's hourly rate as set in the pay scale.

The employee will be given the option of taking the bonus as a lump sum or of spreading it out evenly over their employment year.

1072 1073 1074

1070

APPENDIX V PAY SCALE

	Pay Scale effe	ctive July 1, 2	014 through Ju	ne 30, 2015			
	1% increase fro	om previous					
Grade	Minimum	Minimum	Quartile 2	Midpoint	Quartile 3	Maximum	Maximum
	Hourly Rate	Annual	25th	50th	75th	Hourly Rate	Annual
0	9.33	19,406.40	9.86	10.92	11.97	13.02	27,081.60
1	10.05	20,904.00	11.26	12.47	13.68	14.88	30,950.40
2	11.55	24,024.00	12.95	14.33	15.73	17.11	35,588.80
3	13.20	27,456.00	14.79	16.37	17.95	19.54	40,643.20
4	14.65	30,472.00	16.40	18.16	19.92	21.67	45,073.60
5	16.29	33,883.20	18.23	20.19	22.14	24.09	50,107.20
6	18.05	37,544.00	20.21	22.37	24.54	26.70	55,536.00
7	20.05	41,704.00	22.46	24.87	27.27	29.67	61,713.60
8	22.25	46,280.00	24.92	27.58	30.25	32.93	68,494.40
9	24.70	51,376.00	27.66	30.62	33.59	36.55	76,024.00
10	27.41	57,012.80	30.70	34.00	37.28	40.57	84,385.60
11	30.42	63,273.60	34.07	37.72	41.37	45.02	93,641.60
12	32.87	68,369.60	36.80	40.91	44.71	48.65	101,192.00
13	40.93	85,134.40	44.33	47.74	51.16	54.56	113,484.80

	Pay Scale effe	ctive July 1, 2	015 through Ju	ne 30, 2016			
	1% increase fro	om previous					
Grade	Minimum	Minimum	Quartile 2	Midpoint	Quartile 3	Maximum	Maximum
	Hourly Rate	Annual	25th	50th	75th	Hourly Rate	Annual
0	9.42	19,593.60	9.96	11.03	12.09	13.15	27,352.00
1	10.15	21,112.00	11.37	12.59	13.82	15.03	31,262.40
2	11.67	24,273.60	13.08	14.47	15.89	17.28	35,942.40
3	13.33	27,726.40	14.94	16.53	18.13	19.74	41,059.20
4	14.80	30,784.00	16.56	18.34	20.12	21.89	45,531.20
5	16.45	34,216.00	18.41	20.39	22.36	24.33	50,606.40
6	18.23	37,918.40	20.41	22.59	24.79	26.97	56,097.60
7	20.25	42,120.00	22.68	25.12	27.54	29.97	62,337.60
8	22.47	46,737.60	25.17	27.86	30.55	33.26	69,180.80
9	24.95	51,896.00	27.94	30.93	33.93	36.92	76,793.60
10	27.68	57,574.40	31.01	34.34	37.65	40.98	85,238.40
11	30.72	63,897.60	34.41	38.10	41.78	45.47	94,577.60
12	33.20	69,056.00	37.17	41.32	45.16	49.14	102,211.20
13	41.34	85,987.20	44.77	48.22	51.67	55.11	114,628.80

	1% increase fro		016 through Ju				
Grade	Minimum	Minimum	Quartile 2	Midpoint	Quartile 3	Maximum	Maximum
	Hourly Rate	Annual	25th	50th	75th	Hourly Rate	Annual
0	9.51	19,780.80	10.06	11.14	12.21	13.28	27,622.40
1	10.25	21,320.00	11.48	12.72	13.96	15.18	31,574.40
2	11.79	24,523.20	13.21	14.61	16.05	17.45	36,296.00
3	13.46	27,996.80	15.09	16.70	18.31	19.94	41,475.20
4	14.95	31,096.00	16.73	18.52	20.32	22.11	45,988.80
5	16.61	34,548.80	18.59	20.59	22.58	24.57	51,105.60
6	18.41	38,292.80	20.61	22.82	25.04	27.24	56,659.20
7	20.45	42,536.00	22.91	25.37	27.82	30.27	62,961.60
8	22.69	47,195.20	25.42	28.14	30.86	33.59	69,867.20
9	25.20	52,416.00	28.22	31.24	34.27	37.29	77,563.20
10	27.96	58,156.80	31.32	34.68	38.03	41.39	86,091.20
11	31.03	64,542.40	34.75	38.48	42.20	45.92	95,513.60
12	33.53	69,742.40	37.54	41.73	45.61	49.63	103,230.40
13	41.75	86,840.00	45.22	48.70	52.19	55.66	115,772.80



MEMORANDUM

TO: Village Trustees and Pat Scheidel, Municipal Manager
FROM: Robin Pierce, Community Development Director
DATE: 8/5/2014
SUBJECT: Appeal of Fees for demolition and sewer at Autumn Pond

- **Issue** The issue is whether or not the Village Trustees approve an appeal from the owners of Autumn Pond for a reduction in the sewer service charges for the approved development at Thasha Lane in relation to the demolition of 5 buildings and the construction of the first 30-unit building.
- **Discussion** The property owner has stated that "the same compromise ought to apply to the sewer service " as was applied to the school impact fees by the Trustees. The total fees due include \$800 for demolition and \$38,855 for the construction of the new building. The fees are required in the Village Land Development Code and are paid by all those developing in the Village.
- <u>Cost</u> Any waiving of these fees would be a direct cost to the Village. Unlike School Impact fees, development fees reflect costs associated with development directly to the Village.

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Trustees deny the appeal for a compromise on the sewer service fee. July 31, 2014

Patrick Scheidel Village Manager Village of Essex Junction 2 Lincoln Street Essex Junction, VT 05452-3154 RECEIVED AUG 0 1 2014

Village of Essex Junction

Green Meadows, LLC 38 Thasha Lane

Dear Patrick:

I received the attached list of estimated fees relating to the demolition of the five existing buildings and construction of the first 30-unit building.

We previously met with the Village Trustees to resolve our appeal of the school impact fees. The Trustees proposed a compromise which we accepted.

That same compromise ought to apply to the sewer service fee that appears in your letter.

Please consider this letter to be a formal appeal of the fee as proposed. Let me know the process provided by the Village to deal with this appeal. I am best reached at bradd@appletreebay.com or PO Box 3009, Burlington, VT 05408.

Sincerely,

Bradd Rubman

88888 Esse

P: 802-878-6944 F: 802-878-6946 E: admin@essexjunction.org

2 Lincoln Street Essex Junction, VT 05452-3154 www.essexjunction.org

July 30, 2014

Mr. Bradd Rubman Green Meadows, LLC P.O. Box 3009 Burlington, VT 05408-3009 RECEIVED

IUL 3 1 2014

Dear Brad:

The estimated fees for the demolition of five buildings and the construction of a 30 unit building for Autumn Pond Planned Residential Development located at 38 Thasha Lane are as follows:

Demolition of existing buildings (total 5 existing) Recording of permits	\$ 150.00 \$ 10.00	\$ 750.00 \$ 50.00
Total cost for demolition		\$ 800.00
	Fees per Unit	Total per Building
Zoning Permit - 30 units Recording of permit Certificate of Occupancy Recording of C/O Water Service 2" Sewer Service, 30 units	\$ 200.00 \$ 10.00 \$ 35.00 \$ 10.00 \$1,400.00 \$1,000.00	\$ 6,000.00 \$ 10.00 \$ 35.00 \$ 10.00 \$ 2,000.00 \$30,000.00
Total Estimated Fees per Building		\$38,855.00

School Impact Fee for 40 units waived by Trustees on July 8, 2014

The above fees are based on the Fee Schedule, dated 1/01/14 and are subject to change. All fees will be according to the current Village Fee Schedule at the time the application is submitted and approved by Village staff, fees are non-refundable.

If you have any questions please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,

eng Hass

Terry Hass Assistant Zoning Administrator



2 Lincoln Street Essex Junction, VT 05452 www.essexjunction.org

MEMORANDUM

то:	Village Trustees and Patrick Scheidel, Village Manager
FROM:	Lauren Morrisseau, Finance Director/Assistant Manager
DATE:	August 12, 2014
SUBJECT:	FYE15 General Fund Capital Plan Amendment

Issue

The issue is whether the Trustees will amend the FYE15 General Fund Capital Plan to include funds to replace the roof over the Senior Center.

Discussion

Subsequent to the Capital Plan adoption in February the Village accepted a very favorable bid for Woods End Rd. Reconstruction. This bid reduced the estimated cost of the project by \$137,686. These savings allow for the addition of a maintenance item for Lincoln Hall.

In the past few months we have obtained evaluations of the Senior Center roof from two experts in the field, Mike Plageman of Kirby, Plageman & Daughters and the building assessor from Liszt Historic Restoration, Inc. They both recommend this roof be replaced as soon as possible. We would like to have this work done by October of this year. The Capital Program Review Committee was informed of this need at their meeting on August 5 and concur that while they wish to be informed of these additions to the Capital Plan, they would not object to any necessary infrastructure maintenance projects on our buildings.

Cost

The estimated cost of a new roof for the Senior Center is \$30,850.

Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Trustees make a motion to amend the FYE15 General Fund Capital Plan to include \$30,850 for the Senior Center Roof replacement.

						Updated		0/0/2014		
Ō	ENERAL	GENERAL FUND CAPITAL RESERVE PLAN	AL RESER	VE PLAN						
PROJECTS FUNDED BY VILLAGE \$ ONLY	Rev. Ref. #	Project Total	Prior	Prior	FY15	FΥ16	FY17	FΥ18	FY19	Future
		602 601		138 868	153 823					
Woods End Reconstruction		180,280		4.00,000	C20,001					
Library Surveillance Cameras		10,000			10,000					
Algonguin Ave. Waterline Installation/Roadway Reconst.	M	151,642			12,082	139,560				
Railroad Ave. Waterline So. of Lincoln PI. to Central Ave.	X	89,574			7,138	82,436				
Lincoln Hall Senior Center Roof Replacement		30,850			30,850					
Village Server Replacement		20,000					20,000			
Central St. Waterline Lincoln St. to Main St. (FY22)	W,S	1,033,122								1,033,122
Brownell Library Asphalt Shingle Roofs replace (FY23)		45,228								45,228
Paving		1,375,000		125,000	150,000	175,000	200,000	225,000	250,000	250,000
Totals Project Funded by Village \$ Only	-			563,868	363,893	396,996	220,000	225,000	250,000	1,328,350
PROJECTS FUNDED BY GRANTS										
Crescent Connector Park St. to Maple St.		4,550,000		487,201	284,345	3,778,454				
Fed & State Grants	-	(4,500,000)								
Crescent Connector Net Cost to Village		50,000								
Multiuse Path North	2	550,527	12,572	54,669	483,286					
Federal & State Grants through CCRPC & Vitrans		(389.835)								
Multiuse Path North Net Cost to Village		160,692								
Pearl St. Missing Link Project	с	2,120,000	750			2,120,000				
Federal & State Grants through CCRPC & Vtrans		(2,120,000)								
Pearl St. Missing Link Net Cost to Village		0								
Totals Project Funded by Grants Awarded				541,870	767,631	5,898,454	0	0		0
Total Cost of all Projects Funded by Village \$ Only and Grants	/ and Gra	nts		1,105,738	1,131,524	6,295,450	220,000	225,000	250,000	1,328,350
GENERAL FUND CAPITAL	IND CAP		RESERVE FUNDING	G & FUND	& FUND BALANCE	12				
Beginning Fund Balance					234,708		211,638	459,764	725,547	
Planned Spending					(1,131,524)	(6,295,450)	(220,000)	(225,000)	(250,000)	
Funding Sources										
Crescent Connector Grant	-	4,500,000		431,786	334,962	3,733,252				
Multiuse Path North Grants	2	389,835		46,692	343,143					
Pearl St. Missing Link Grants	3	2,120,000				2,120,000				
CVE Annual Contribution		150,000		75,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	
General Fund Transfer In				391,427	410,999	431,549	453,126	475,782	499,572	
					1 104 104	6 299 801	468 126	490 782	514 572	
					207 207	211638	150 76A	775 647	000 118	
					107,102	000,112	+02.00+	1 20,041	000	

VILLAGE OF ESSEX JUNCTION
Capital Project Information Sheet

Project:	Lincoln H	all Roof Repla	cement		Fund:	Fund: Capital		
					1003 1			
Project Description:								
Remove and replace the roof	on the white	building.						
Basis of Request: (check all t	hat apply)							
Legal Requirement?	-			Comments				
Health or Safety Issue?								
Cost Savings/Payback?	<u> </u>							
Asset Maint/Replacement?	X This roof	has deteriorate	ed badly. Two	professionals c	onfirmed it need	ds to be replaced		
Growth Related Need?	÷							
Service Enhancement?	·							
Other? (i.e. community proj)								
		ESTIMATED		ES BY FISCAL	YFAR			
Project							1	
Cost & Schedule	Previously Set Aside	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	

Cost &
SchedulePreviously
Set AsideFY15FY16FY17FY18FY19FY20Planning & Eng.Image: Cost in the set of the se

Estimated annual impact on operating budget: _____0

7/30/2014

Estimated Life of Asset: <u>30-35 yrs.</u>

Proposed Financing:

General Fund	\$ 1%	WWTF Fund	\$	%
Rolling Stock	\$ %	Federal Aid	\$	%
Water Fund	\$ %	State Aid	\$	%
Sanitation Fund	\$ %	Other/Capital	\$30,850	100%

Dept Head:	Patrick Scheidel
•	

Date:

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MEMORANDUM

TO:Village TrusteesFROM:Pat Scheidel, Municipal ManagerDATE:August 12, 2014SUBJECT:Trustees Meeting Schedule

TRUSTEES MEETING SCHEDULE/EVENTS

August 26 at 6:30 – Regular Trustees Meeting

- Final Public Hearing on Updated Comprehensive Plan
- Adopt Comprehensive Plan
- Joint Meeting with Selectboard

<u>September 9 at 6:30 – Regular Trustees Meeting</u> <u>September 23 at 6:30 – Regular Trustees Meeting</u>

<u> October 9 – VLCT Town Fair at CVE</u>

October 14 at 6:30 – Regular Trustees Meeting October 28 at 6:30 – Regular Trustees Meeting November 11 at 6:30 – Regular Trustees Meeting

• Schedule Work Session for FYE 16 Budget <u>November 25 at 6:30 – Regular Trustees Meeting</u> <u>December 9 at 6:30 – Regular Trustees Meeting</u> <u>December 23 at 6:30 – Regular Trustees Meeting</u> MINUTES SUBJECT TO CORRECTION BY THE ESSEX JUNCTION BIKE/WALK ADVISORY COMMITTEE. CHANGES, IF ANY, WILL BE RECORDED IN THE MINUTES OF THE NEXT MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE.

VILLAGE OF ESSEX JUNCTION BIKE/WALK ADVISORY COMMITTEE MINUTES OF MEETING JULY 21, 2014

MEMBERS PRESENT: Rick Hamlin, Phoebe Spencer, Jud Lawrie, Jeff Frolik, Eric Bowker

ADMINISTRATION: Darby Mayville, Community Relations and Economic Development Assistant

1. CALL TO ORDER

The meeting was called to order by Rick at 6 PM.

2. AGENDA ADDITONS

Rick asked to include the following to the agenda:

- The election of a committee Vice-Chair;
- Comments on the Essex/Essex Junction Bike/Walk Master Plan;
- Plans for the upcoming Bike Day at the Five Corners Farmers' Market.

All members agreed to add these topics to the agenda.

3. MINUTES REVIEW

MOTION by JEFF, SECOND by JUD, to approve the June minutes. VOTING: unanimous; motion carried.

4. ELECTION OF VICE CHAIR

Phoebe was nominated as Vice Chair.

MOTION by JEFF, SECOND by ERIC, to appoint Phoebe as Vice Chair. VOTING: unanimous; motion carried.

5. DISCUSSION ON BICYCLE FRIENDLY COMMUNITIES APPLICATION

Jud said that he thinks that the application will be ready for submittal in February. Jeff will be looking at the comments and suggestions listed on the Village's previous application. He hopes to condense these so that the committee can easily digest it. Phoebe will be looking through the content of the previous application, and compare it to the recent application for the Bike/Walk award that the Village recently received from the CCRPC.

Rick noted that the new Essex/Essex Junction Bike/Walk Plan, as well as the Trustees' acceptance of the Bike/Walk vision statement will work to enhance this application. He also mentioned that he thinks that Essex Junction is the only community in Chittenden County to have painted bicycle triggers.

6. DISCUSSION ON ESSEX/ESSEX JUNCTION BIKE/WALK MASTER PLAN

Rick said that there would be a public meeting to discuss the Essex Junction Bike/Walk Master Plan on July 24th. He asked all committee members review the draft and send him their comments by the end of the day on July 23rd. He asked the committee to pay special attention to projects listed on the priority lists, as these were projects that had a very good chance of being constructed.

7. PLANS FOR BIKE DAY AT THE FIVE CORNERS FARMERS' MARKET

Bike Day at the Five Corners Farmers' Market will bring together a variety of groups and businesses related to biking. Jeff, Phoebe, and Rick will be there to man the committee's booth. They will have a map that residents can mark up, and show problem spots or desired projects on. Participants will also be able to leave their contact information in case any of their comments need to be clarified. Hopefully, some committee members will be able to take market attendees on short rides around the Village to show them how the trigger loops work.

Rick said that the committee's first bike ride was held two weeks ago. This was also when the "J-Walk" idea was presented. Jeff said that the name seemed to confuse people, and that a new name would be needed. Rick suggested "Ped-Ex." However, he felt that the overall concept was well-received.

8. PRESENTATION BY RICK ON NEW YORK CITY

Rick said that NYC has been pushing to become more bicycle friendly. It used to be a very bicycle unfriendly city; however it is now listed as one of the top 10 best cities for bicycles. Much of this is due to grassroots efforts. One of the biggest ways that NYC is becoming more bike friendly is by recapturing lanes for bicycles. In many cases, a former two-way street becomes a one-way street for motorists, in order to allow bicycles to travel in the other lane. In many cases, parked cars form a barrier between drivers and bicyclists.

Rick also mentioned that the city had automatically cleaning toilets, which may be used by bicyclists and others using alternative transportation. NYC also has very in depth maps with good information for new bike riders. Jud asked if these are integrated with Google Maps? Rick said that Google Maps only covers walking routes, not biking.

Rick mentioned that NYC is working to increase the number of female bike riders. Eric added that NYC also plows some bike lanes, and has been working to increase biking among all income levels.

He said that the two biggest lessons that Essex Junction can learn from New York City are the repurposing of streets and the importance that a grassroots movement can have.

9. DISCUSSION OF POTENTIAL BUDGET FOR FYE16

Rick said that it is important for the committee to start to develop a budget so that it can be presented to the Trustees as soon as possible. He asked all members to brainstorm and come to the next meeting with ideas. The committee decided to consider all budgetary requests in the following categories: education, encouragement, project, and studies.

Rick noted that anything over \$10,000 would need to be presented to the Capital Committee.

10. REVIEW AND UPDATE COMMITTEE GOALS

The following goals (that were set in 2013) were reviewed by the Committee:

Short Term:

- Replace missing signs, trim trees: This is being worked on.
- Adjust loops & paint stopping points: This has been done.
- Increase awareness of road rules: This is a continual process, but large steps have been taken on this project.
- Crosswalk signage and flagging: This is being worked on.

Medium Term:

- West Street/ANR/Route 15 link: This has been scoped out by UVM students, and is thus more likely to become a reality.
- Improve safety of crosswalks: This is an ongoing project.
- Education for all, integrate with schools: Eric and Rosalind will work on this before the start of the new school year. Eric hopes to include more bike positive language in the before school newsletter sent out to parents.
- Bike/Walk Master Plan: This is being worked on.

Long Term:

- Bike Walk Master Plan: This is being worked on.
- Speed enforcement, traffic calming: This is an ongoing project.
- Route 2A to 15 link through Fairgrounds: This is an ongoing project.

11. PUBLIC INPUT

None.

12. MEETING SCHEDULE

Next meeting

• August 18, at 6 PM.

Agenda Items

- Minutes Review;
- League Application Update;
- Master Plan;
- Planning for School Outreach;
- Setting Budget Priorities;
- Public Input.

11. ADJOURNMENT

MOTION by RICK, SECOND by JEFF to adjourn the meeting. VOTING: unanimous; motion carried.

The meeting was adjourned at 7:01 PM.

Respectfully submitted, Darby Mayville

MINUTES SUBJECT TO CORRECTION BY THE ESSEX JUNCTION TREE ADVISORY COMMITTEE. CHANGES, IF ANY, WILL BE RECORDED IN THE MINUTES OF THE NEXT MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE.

VILLAGE OF ESSEX JUNCTION TREE ADVISORY COMMITTEE MINUTES OF MEETING JULY 22, 2014

MEMBERS PRESENT: Nick Meyer, Paula DeMichele

ADMINISTRATION: Darby Mayville, Community Relations and Economic Development Assistant

OTHERS: Mandy St. Hilaire (State of Vermont Urban and Community Forestry Program)

1. CALL TO ORDER

The meeting was called to order at 6:05 PM by Nick.

2. ADDITIONS OR AMENDMENTS TO AGENDA

None.

3. MINUTES REVIEW

The committee did not have quorum, and thus did not review the minutes.

4. TREE INVENTORY UPDATE

Mandy said that she has completed the inventory. She spent roughly twelve hours on this project, and was able to catalog 175 trees, and noted 349 sites that would be good areas to plant new trees. She said that 91% of the trees were in good condition.

It was also noted that the maps were not yet updated. Mandy was not sure when this would be done, as the Urban & Community Forestry Program is in the process of switching their mapping software.

5. TREE PRUNING UPDATE

Nick said that he and Warren had given Public Works a pruning lesson a few weeks ago, and that it seemed well recieved.

6. MANAGEMENT PLAN UPDATE

Mandy distributed copies of the draft management plan that she has been working on. This was developed with input from committee members and staff. She said that the inventory section was basically finished, but that she could use more input from the committee on the overall setup, as well as with other sections of the report. She hopes that this project could serve as a

template for other Vermont towns to use. Mandy noted that she would be moving to Lincoln, Vermont next month, but would be available through e-mail.

The following are some of the committee's suggestions:

- Add a section about the importance of trees in the executive summary.
- Highlight voids in current plantings. Nick noted that the Village has typically planted in the downtown area and on the main arteries, but that he believes that we could use more trees throughout the community.
- Highlight potential partnerships, such as with local businesses, the Community Development Department, and Public Works.
- Include pictures of Central Street before and after tree plantings.

Mandy noted that she used the iTree Canopy program to develop much of the data in the document. She said that Essex Junction has more tree coverage than most areas. Nick said that he thought that much of this is due to the fact that we have a mix of forested areas with areas that are bare of trees. Mandy encouraged the committee to begin to think of a five year goal for tree cover in Essex Junction.

The group discussed how to portray the budget in this document. Mandy said that it would be important to show the committee's success rates. Mandy suggested that the budget contain specific costs, and detail a five to ten year period.

7. PLANNING FOR OUTREACH AT FARMERS' MARKET

Mandy said that she would be able to be present for the August 1st Farmer's Market. Nick said that he would be able to attend as well, and would be checking in with the other committee members to see if they would be able to join them. The group agreed that it would be a good time to potentially recruit a fifth member.

The committee began to brainstorm ideas of how to engage citizens at the market. Some of the ideas include:

- Children's activities, including stickers and temporary tattoos.
- Copies of the tree inventory.
- Information on emerald ash disease.
- Index cards to tell "tree stories."
- Informational pamphlets.
- Maps.

Darby said that she would make name tags for the committee.

8. PUBLIC INPUT

None.

9. MEETING SCHEDULE

Next meeting

• August 19th at 6 PM

Agenda Items

• TBD

10. ADJOURNMENT

MOTION by NICK, SECOND by PAULA, to adjourn the meeting. VOTING: unanimous; motion carried. The meeting was adjourned at 7:42 PM.

Respectfully submitted, Darby Mayville

Village of Essex Junction 2014 Block Party Committee Meeting Minutes July 28 at 3:30 PM

Present: Bridget Meyer, Sam Jackson, Brian Roy, Nicole Fields, Darby Mayville and Patty Benoit.

The group discussed how the block party went on July 19. Bridget commented that it was strongly attended and the 5K run was an amazing addition. Everyone agreed that it seemed to be the largest turnout ever for the block party and thought it was partly because of the weather and the 5K run. Nicole said there were 163 runners for the 5K Night Run, so it was much bigger than expected. She said it needs some minor tweaking, such as more lighting, having the start and finish at the same spot, but everyone felt it enhanced the block party. Nicole said the Essex Police, Fire Dept. and Public Works were a great help but they could use more volunteers. They will have enough proceeds after expenses to give the food shelf \$300 so the group was pleased to hear that.

The dunk tank was so popular it was a problem. Brian suggested having an organization take one hour so that CHIPS, Recreation Dept., etc. could schedule their own people during their hour. Everyone thought that was a great idea. We'll try to find out from ROTC how much they raised for the food shelf, but Darby was aware of one donor who gave them a check for \$200. Unfortunately, it was felt that the comedy show in Murray's was sometimes inappropriate so it didn't really fit with a family-friendly event. The comedians raised \$75 for the food shelf.

We didn't have to tow any cars this year but parking was still a problem because people ignore the signs that the street is closed. Lighting needs to be enhanced if we go until 10 PM again and some vendors need to bring generators because they draw too much power from the light poles. There was a strong presence by the Essex Police, which was good because of some open containers and other problems.

It was agreed that we can go back to having one band, due to the complications of having two. Dave Keller would like to come back but it was felt we should rotate bands and possibly have the X-Rays next year, who were also very popular. Joanie Maclay had sent a list of comments and suggestions that the group discussed. It was felt that we don't want to go back to having the block party start in mid-afternoon because of the heat. The issue of lack of volunteers was discussed as well as having more interactive things for kids.

The budget was discussed in terms of showing what it costs the Village realistically with staff time. We'll get that information from the finance office. The return on investment by the Village is a hugely popular event in our downtown that generates a lot of good will in the community and great exposure for participating businesses.

The meeting adjourned at 4:35 PM.

Respectfully submitted, Patty Benoit

2014 BLOCK PARTY BUDGET

		2014 BUDGET	as	2014 ACTUAL s of 7/24/14
REVENUE:				
Village of Essex Junction Sponsors	\$ \$ \$	5,500.00 <u>1,500.00</u> 7,000.00	\$ \$ \$	5,500.00 <u>1,600.00</u> 7,100.00
EXPENDITURES:				
a. Bands & Tent	\$	1,740.00	\$	1,740.00
b. Entertainment	\$	4,475.00	\$	3,876.50
c. Banners	\$	70.00	\$	70.00
d. Portable toilets	\$	335.00	\$	335.00
e. Supplies/Misc./Postage	\$	380.00	\$	439.90
	\$	7,000.00	\$	6,461.40

Breakdown of 2014 Expenditures:

a. Dave Keller Blues Band	\$ 1,000.00
a. VT Tent	\$ 740.00
b. Top Hat Entertainment - bounce castle	\$ 425.00
 Roaming Railroad 	\$ 1,550.00
b. Face Mania - face painters, air brush tattoos	\$ 1,275.00
 Marcy Kelly - balloon art 	\$ 475.00
 T-shirts for dunking booth 	\$ 151.50
 Sammel Signs - banner updates 	\$ 70.00
 d. Hartigan Co portable toilets 	\$ 335.00
e. Legal fees	\$ 33.00
e. Trash fees	\$ 35.79
e. Misc.	\$ 150.00
e. Supplies	\$ 124.31
e. Postage	\$ 96.80
Total	\$ 6,461.40

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To: Village Office Staff From: Susan McNamara-Hill Jon H Subject: FYE 2015 Tax Rates Date: July 24, 2014 New this year: All property tax bills will be generated and sent from the Town of Essex. Village taxpayers will receive only one tax bill with all of the tax rates included. The Village office can still accept payments, but checks should be made payable to "Town of Essex." The FYE 2015 tax rates have been set and are shown below. For comparison, the previous year's tax rates are shown at the bottom of this page.

Town of Essex (outside the Village) Property tax rates for 2014-2015 tax year stead Rate Non-Residential Rate	1.5006 State Education 0.0800 Town Highway 0.3817 Town General Fund 0.0200 Town Local Agreement 0.0017 Town Local Agreement 0.4834 Total Town Muncioal	111	Town of Essex (outside the Village) Property tax rates for 2013-2014 tax yearstead RateNon-Residential Rate1.4009State Education1.4009State Education1.4009Town Highway0.0800Town Highway0.0800Town Highway0.0800Town Capital Fund0.0800Town Capital Fund0.0015Town Local Agreement0.0015Town Capital Fund0.0015Town Local Agreement0.0015Town Muncipal1.8644Total Homestead Rate1.8644Total Homestead Rate1.8644Total Homestead Rate
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Village of Essex Junction Property Tax Rates for 2014-2015 tax year te Non-Residential Rate	 1.5027 State Education 0.0679 EJSD Recreation (Municipal) 0.2830 Village Municipal 0.28317 Total School & Village Tax 0.3817 Town General Fund 0.0200 Town Capital Fund 0.0017 Town Local Agreement 0.0017 Town Municipal 	2.2570 Total Non-Residential Rate	Village of Essex Junction Property Tax Rates for 2013-2014 tax yearteNon-Residential RateEducationNon-Residential RateEducation1.4263State EducationRecreation (Municipal)0.0651EJSD Recreation (Municipal)& Municipal0.0651EJSD Recreation (Municipal)& Municipal0.02666Village MunicipalSchool & Village Tax1.7580Total School & Village TaxGeneral Fund0.3620Town General FundLocal Agreement0.0015Town Local AgreementTown Municipal0.0155Total Town MunicpalHomestead Rate2.1415Total Non-Residential Rate
Village of Essex Junction P Homestead Rate	1.5163 State Education 0.0679 EJSD Recreation (Municipal) 0.2830 Village Municipal 0.2817 Total School & Village Tax 0.3817 Town General Fund 0.0200 Town Capital Fund 0.0017 Town Local Agreement	2.2706 Total Homestead Rate	Village of Essex Junction FHomestead Rate1.4060 State Education0.0651 EJSD Recreation (Municipal)0.2666 Village Municipal1.7377 Total School & Village Tax0.3620 Town General Fund0.0015 Town Capital Fund0.0015 Town Local Agreement0.3835 Total Town Municipal2.1212 Total Homestead Rate



81 MAIN STREET, ESSEX JUNCTION, VERMONT 05452 Fax: 878-1353 • E-mail: manager@essex.org • Website: www.essex.org

July 28, 2014

The Honorable Peter Shumlin Governor, State of Vermont 109 State Street, Pavilion Montpelier, VT 05609 RECEIVED JUL 3 0 2014

Dear Governor Shumlin:

The Greater Burlington Industrial Corporation (GBIC) has recently proposed the formation of two "action teams" to address the impacts of the rumored closure or sale of IBM's microchip manufacturing facility in Essex Junction. GBIC suggests that its own leadership should play a pivotal role on both action teams at the state and regional level, while the leadership from the communities that would be directly affected by IBM's departure or workforce reduction serve only in a representative or adjunct capacity.

Although it is unclear at this point how either of those groups might influence IBM's corporate strategy, the Essex Selectboard believes that representatives from the Town of Essex, Village of Essex Junction, and Town of Williston should be equal participants on any ad hoc committee you establish for this purpose.

As the host municipalities who have helped accommodate IBM's local needs for many years, and who have advocated for IBM in state and regional planning, and who would be most directly affected by IBM's departure, the elected leadership from Essex, Essex Junction, and Williston, or their representatives, possess an important perspective unavailable to state agencies or business non-profit groups. Furthermore, the host municipality leadership can provide first-hand insight into local economic development opportunities which could influence IBM's strategy for its Vermont facility, or which could help mitigate the impacts of that facility's sale or closure.

In closing, we want to thank you for your efforts to work with IBM to find sustainable solutions for their long term needs in Vermont. We understand that IBM's corporate, global strategy may not necessarily align with Vermont's economic development goals, but we appreciate your administration's ongoing efforts to convince IBM that Vermont is an excellent place to do business, and that state and local leaders stand ready to work with them. We would very much like to help you with those efforts.

Sincerely. Max G. Levy, Chair

Essex Selectboard

Copy: Frank Cioffi, President, GBIC George Tyler, President, Village of Essex Junction Terry Macaig, Chair, Williston Linda Myers, State Representative, Town of Essex Deborah Evans, State Representative, Town of Essex Martha Heath, State Representative, Town of Essex Tim Jerman, State Representative, Essex Junction Linda Waite-Simpson, State Representative, Essex Junction

	-	-						
TOWN MANAGER	PARKS AND RECREATION	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	PUBLIC WORKS	ASSESSOR	FINANCE	TOWN CLERK	LIBRARY	POLICE
878-1341	878-1342	878-1343	878-1344	878-1345	878-1359	879-0413	879-0313	878-8331



89 Main Street, Suite 4 Montpelier, Vermont 05602

Directions to the Capitol Plaza:

Take Exit 8 off Interstate 89. Exit ramp will merge with Route 2. At second stop light, turn left onto Bailey Avenue. At intersection, turn right onto State Street. Vermont State House is on your left; Capitol Plaza Hotel is one-half block farther on the right.

Parking is available behind the Capitol Plaza. A parking permit will be emailed to you in advance or you may pick one up at the registration table.

VERMONT'S PUBLIC RECORDS ACT AND OPEN MEETING LAW: WHAT MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS NEED TO KNOW

Wednesday, September 10, 2014 Capitol Plaza Hotel Montpelier, Vermont PRSRT STD U.S. POSTAGE PAID MONTPELIER, VT PERMIT NO. 358

RECEIVED

AUG 0 7 2014

Village of Essex Junction

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Board of Trustees 2 LINCOLN ST ESSEX JUNCTION VT 05452-3154

VERMONT'S PUBLIC RECORDS ACT AND OPEN MEETING LAW - WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 2014

Who Should Attend and Why

This workshop is designed for Vermont municipal officials who hold public meetings or who are responsible for managing public records and responding to public records requests. Our speakers will review each law's numerous exemptions and explain how the most common and confusing ones should be applied. Members of municipal boards, committees and commissions, town clerks, managers, administrators as well as all other municipal officials who have responsibilities for public records or need to know how to comply with the Open Meeting Law are encouraged to attend.

Presentations and Speakers:

- How to Respond to a Public Records Request, Step-by-Step Garrett Baxter, Senior Staff Attorney VLCT Municipal Assistance Center
- Public Records Management Best Practices and Procedures Tanya Marshall, State Archivist Vermont State Archives and Records Administration
- Open Meeting Law Compliance for Vermont Municipal Boards, Committees, and Commissions Sarah Jarvis, Staff Attorney II VLCT Municipal Assistance Center
- Municipal Websites and the Open Meeting Law Tess Gauthier, Project Manager Snelling Center for Government

REGISTRATION FEE (PER PERSON): \$60.00 VLCT PACIF Members

\$90.00 VLCT Members

\$150.00.....Non-Members

PLEASE REGISTER By September 3.*

To see a detailed agenda and register online, visit vlct.org/eventscalendar, and click on the workshop title.

Questions? Contact VLCT at 800-649-7915 or info@vlct.org.

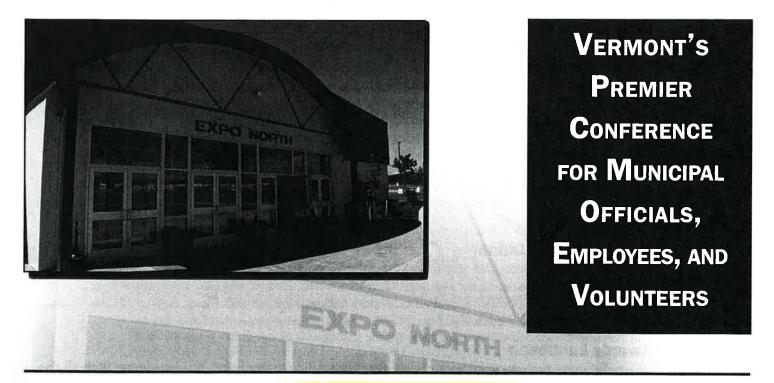
* Please include an additional \$10.00 per person for registrations received after the deadline above. For a full refund, please cancel in writing by the same deadline.

REGISTRATION BEGINS AT 8:30 A.M. THE WORKSHOP ENDS AT 3:30 P.M. A LIGHT BREAKFAST AND LUNCH ARE INCLUDED.



RECEIVED AUG 0 7 2014 Village of Essex Junction

Thursday, October 9, 2014 Robert E. Miller Expo Centre Champlain Valley Fairgrounds, Essex Junction, Vermont



Town Fair returns to Essex!

CO-SPONSORED BY:

- VLCT PACIF
- VLCT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE TRUST
- **VLCT HEALTH TRUST**



Serving and Strengthening Vermont Local Governments

Town Fair Schedule

Thursday, October 9, 2014

Time				Locations			
	Expo North	Expo North	Blue Ribbon Pavilion	Blue Ribbon Pavilion	Blue Ribbon Pavilion	Robert E. Miller Expo Centre	Robert E. Miller Expo Centre
8:00 - 11:00	Registration Continental Breakfast Sponsored by People's United Bank						
9:00 - 10:00	Health in All Policies	Mock Unemployment Hearing	Understanding Your Town's Independent Audit Report - a Breakdown for Lay People	Participation in Public Service Board Dockets	Is Your Community Ready for the Next Flood?	Spons	Sponsored by
10:00 -10:30	0 Eree Time to Visit Exhibits and Demost Visit the and				VLCT PACIF and Health Trusts		
10:30 - 12:00	PACIF, UI and Health Trusts Annual Meetings	Statewide Parcel Mapping: What will it mean for Towns?	Open Meeting Law Compliance - Changes from the 2014 Legislative Session	LTAP to Replace Vermont Local Roads	Understanding Shoreland Zoning	PACIF WorkStrong Evaluation Demonstrations All Day	
12:15 - 1:45		Annual Turkey Dinner and Awards Ceremony VLCT and Vendor Raffles 12:15 - 1:45					
2:00 - 3:30	VLCT Annual Meeting and Municipal Policy Adoption Every member municipality has a vote; please use it! 2:00 - 4:00	Emerging Liability Trends in Law Enforcement	Vermont's Plan for a Clean Lake Champlain - The TMDL	Police Chiefs Annual Meeting	Model Solar Contract for Municipalities		

MINUTES SUBJECT TO CORRECTION BY THE ESSEX JUNCTION BOARD OF TRUSTEES. CHANGES, IF ANY, WILL BE RECORDED IN THE MINUTES OF THE NEXT MEETING OF THE BOARD.

VILLAGE OF ESSEX JUNCTION BOARD OF TRUSTEES MINUTES OF MEETING July 22, 2014

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:	George Tyler (Village President); Dan Kerin, Elaine
	Sopchak, Lori Houghton. (Andrew Brown was absent.)
ADMINISTRATION:	Pat Scheidel, Municipal Manager; Lauren Morrisseau,
	Assistant Manager & Finance Director; Jim Jutras, Water
	Quality Director; Robin Pierce, Development Director.
OTHERS PRESENT:	Harris Abbott, Chelsea Mandigo, Bridget Meyer, Irene
	Wrenner.
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1. <u>CALL TO ORDER and PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE</u>

Village President, George Tyler, called the meeting to order at 6 PM.

2. <u>EXECUTIVE SESSION</u>

MOTION by George Tyler, SECOND by Elaine Sopchak, that the Trustees make a specific finding that the premature public knowledge of the Village's negotiations concerning a proposed agreement for sewer capacity with the Town of Williston, including the Village's negotiating strategy in connection therewith, would clearly place the Village of Essex Junction at a substantial disadvantage. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

MOTION by George Tyler, SECOND by Elaine Sopchak, that the Trustees enter into Executive Session to discuss an agreement with the Town of Williston pursuant to 1VSA§313(a)(1)(A) to include the Trustees, Manager, Water Quality Superintendent and Finance Director. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

Executive Session convened at 6:01 PM.

MOTION by George Tyler, SECOND by Dan Kerin, to adjourn Executive Session and reconvene the regular meeting. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

Executive Session was adjourned and the regular meeting reconvened at 6:28 PM. President Tyler led the assemblage in the Pledge of Allegiance.

3. <u>AGENDA ADDITIONS/CHANGES</u>

- Add to New Business:
 - Application for PACIF equipment grant

4. <u>GUESTS, PRESENTATIONS, PUBLIC HEARINGS</u>

1. Comments from Public on Items Not on Agenda

Daniel Stein, village resident, commented on the roads in the village being in serious need of repair. Mr. Stein told the Board about his recent bicycle accident hitting a pothole on Pearl Street by Big Lots. The accident caused his bike to crash and cracked his bike

helmet. Mr. Stein also told the Trustees about the lack of a barrier at the sidewalk work on Pearl Street by Susie Wilson Road which is a hazard for bicyclists. George Tyler said Public Works is in the process of filling potholes and will address the pothole by Big Lots. Also, the contractor will be told about flagging the sidewalk work on Pearl Street.

5. OLD BUSINESS

1. Discussion/Action on Proposed Ordinance from Joint Storm Water Coordination Committee

Jim Jutras reported the proposal by the committee is to add a chapter (as Chapter 19) to the village Municipal Code that incorporates the town's ordinance. The town ordinance is presently under public hearing. Storm water permits are a complicated matter and both the village and town are trying to make the solution simple to gain compliance. The ordinance will help gain compliance as well as reduce storm water flows. The first public hearing on the town ordinance is 8/18/14.

MOTION by George Tyler, SECOND by Elaine Sopchak, that the Village Trustees adopt the following amendment to the Municipal Code:

<u>VILLAGE OF ESSEX JUNCTION</u> <u>MUNICIPAL CODE</u> <u>CHAPTER 19.</u> ORDINANCE ESTABLISHING STORMWATER PERMIT TRANSFER <u>AUTHORITY FOR EXPIRED AND UNPERMITTED DISCHARGES TO</u> <u>IMPARIED WATERWAYS</u>

PURPOSE: To establish and transfer responsibility for State of Vermont issued Department of Environmental Conservation Authorization to Discharge Permits under General Storm Water Permits and for Unpermitted Discharges to Impaired waterways within the Town of Essex, Inclusive of the Village of Essex Junction (the "Town") to NPDES MS4 General Permit 3-9014

SECTION 1901. The Village of Essex Junction shall incorporate all provisions of the Essex Town Title 10.20 Stormwater Ordinance, as amended. When conflict occurs between Village Land Development Code and the Ordinance 10.20, the Town Ordinance shall govern.

VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

2. Co-Generation Engineering Services Agreement

Jim Jutras explained the focus of the engineering services agreement will be the continued work on the co-gen installation. The cost of the services is \$70,400 to be paid out of the Bradford bond. The Trustees are encouraged to tour the facility once work is complete and possibly hold a Board of Trustees meeting at the site.

MOTION by Dan Kerin, SECOND by Lori Houghton, to authorize the Municipal Manager to sign the Methane Co-Gen System Upgrade Engineering Services

Agreement with Aldrich + Elliott in the amount of \$70,400. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

3. Co-Generation Environmental Credits

Jim Jutras briefly explained the incentive agreement with Efficiency Vermont involving adding feed sources to the co-gen system to produce renewable energy credits (carbon credits). The incentive agreement requires settlement of the existing Native Energy agreement.

MOTION by Lori Houghton, SECOND by Elaine Sopchak, to authorize the Municipal Manager to sign the Efficiency Vermont incentive agreement and the Native Energy contract release agreement. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

4. Approve/Sign Fire Truck Note Renewal

Lauren Morrisseau explained the ladder truck note is a one year renewal for five years. Current interest rate is 1.55%. Payment is \$50,000 principal plus interest.

MOTION by Lori Houghton, SECOND by Elaine Sopchak, to adopt and sign the resolution for current expense borrowing and sign the current expense note associated with the fire ladder truck. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

5. Discussion/Amendments to the Draft 2014 Comprehensive Plan

The Trustees reviewed the updated plan and made the following edits:

- Chapter III, first paragraph change "identifies review current" to "identifies recent".
- Page 20, bullet referring to the farmers market change to read "35 vendors participating in the farmers market in 2013".
- Page 27, Section 3.6 IBM after the sentence reading "As one of the state's top employers...." insert "Present uncertainties regarding the growth of IBM's local site require intensification of such efforts."
- Goal 1 add an objective about having a plan in place for diversifying the IBM property.
- Page 32, paragraph beginning "The only pieces..." add "In addition the Summit Street Natural Playground Group is working to change the traditional playground into a "natural playground" as a community resource."
- Page 50, Section 6.7, Facilities text about the Brownell Library in this section is about the library's five year plan and services offered to patrons rather than information about the building. Elaine Sopchak will draft a short paragraph on the library building and assessment of the historic structure.
- Goal 5, Objective 5.5 add "an historic assessment of the Brownell Library structure will be done in the next five years".
- Objective 1.8 relative to sewer capacity should remain in the plan.
- Objectives 1.9 and 1.10 relative to representation on Champlain Water District can be deleted and the list of objectives renumbered accordingly.

- Section 9.4.11, Village Center There was lengthy discussion of adding text to the plan to cap the number of stories or the height of buildings in the village center to four floors. It was noted that based on the cost of land in the village it may not be economically feasible for a developer to renovate a building to only four floors. Also, language about building height in the Village Center District would be in the Land Development Code. There was mention of the comments by a vocal minority in the village against the proposed six story building at 4 Pearl Street and that there are others in the village also making the same comment. Observation was made that the more the hands of a developer are tied, the greater the limit on opportunity for development. Conversely the comment was made that the less the hands of developers are tied the more the likelihood development in the character the village does not want will be built. There was mention that no significant building changes in the village center have been made in a long time, but with the crescent connector there is potential for larger, six storied buildings. It was noted the comprehensive plan is updated every five years so there is opportunity to address building height again.
- Section 9.4.11, Village Center add a sentence to the 'intent' paragraph reading: "It is not anticipated any building greater than four stories in height would be appropriate in the village center."
- Page 87, text on the land acquisition fund should remain in the plan.

6. **NEW BUSINESS**

1. Purchasing Policy Waiver for Sale of Used WWTF Aeration Blowers Jim Jutras reported there is an interested buyer for the used aeration equipment and staff is requesting the Municipal Manager be authorized to act on any offers over \$10,000.

MOTION by Dan Kerin, SECOND by Elaine Sopchak, to authorize the Municipal Manager to approve the sale of the used WWTF aeration blowers if the negotiated price exceeds \$10,000. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

2. Appointment of Trustee to Recreation Advisory Council

MOTION by Elaine Sopchak, SECOND by Dan Kerin, to appoint Lori Houghton to the Recreation Advisory Council for a one year term through 6/30/15. VOTING: unanimous; motion carried.

3. Donation Request for Children's Summer Lunch Program

MOTION by Elaine Sopchak, SECOND by Dan Kerin, to approve the donation of \$500 to the Essex Junction Children's Summer Lunch Program. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

4. Appointment of Authorized Representatives for Requisitions of Bond Proceeds Lauren Morrisseau reported the bonds will be sold July 31st and an appointee is needed to requisition the funds. Staff is recommending the Municipal Manager and the Finance Director be appointed.

MOTION by George Tyler, SECOND by Lori Houghton, to authorize Patrick Scheidel, Municipal Manager, and Lauren Morrisseau, Finance Director, to act on behalf of the Village in matters relating to the loan from the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank 2014 Series 3 bonds. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

5. Approve Municipal Bond Post-Issuance Compliance Procedures Lauren Morrisseau explained the requirement that procedures be in place relative to the bonds.

MOTION by Lori Houghton, SECOND by Dan Kerin, to adopt the "Village of Essex Junction Municipal Bond Post-Issuance Compliance Procedures" as presented. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

6. Appointment to CSWD Board of Commissioners

Pat Scheidel reported Alan Nye, current representative on the CSWD board for the Town of Essex, expressed willingness to represent the village as well. George Tyler spoke with confidence about Mr. Nye's ability to do a good job representing both communities. George Tyler will be the alternate representative for the village. It was suggested to confirm the CSWD bylaws allow dual representation.

MOTION by George Tyler, SECOND by Dan Kerin, to approve the appointment of Alan Nye to represent Essex Junction on the Chittenden Solid Waste District Board of Commissioners to complete the term of George Tyler through May 2016 and to appoint George Tyler as the alternate representative provided the transition conforms to CSWD bylaws. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

7. Bid Award for FY15 Paving

MOTION by Elaine Sopchak, SECOND by Dan Kerin, to award the FY15 paving bid to the lowest bidder, S.D. Ireland Brothers, Inc., at a cost of \$72.90 per ton. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

8. Set FY15 Tax Rate

Lauren Morrisseau reported the Grand List is \$10,652,464. The amount to be raised by taxes per approval by the voters is \$2,942,914 plus the amount raised by taxes for debt service on the bond (\$68,612) equates to a tax rate of \$.02830 per \$100 of assessed value.

MOTION by Dan Kerin, SECOND by Elaine Sopchak, to set the FY15 tax rate at \$.0.2830 per \$100 of assessed value. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

9. PACIF Equipment Grant Application

Pat Scheidel explained the set aside each year by PACIF for grants to help with implementation and training to reduce accidents and liability for municipalities. The village will use the grant money if received to purchase and install security cameras at the library. The grant has a 50/50 match.

MOTION by George Tyler, SECOND by Lori Houghton, to authorize village staff to apply for a VLCT 2014 PACIF equipment grant. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

10. Accept/Review Village-Town Shared Services Report and Discuss Next Steps George Tyler reported the draft report is done and will be posted on the village website. A joint meeting will be scheduled with the Essex Selectboard and Village Trustees to discuss the findings.

7. VILLAGE MANAGER'S REPORT

1. Meeting Schedule

- August 12, 2014 @ 6:30 Regular Trustees Meeting
- August 26, 2014 @ 6:30 Regular Trustees Meeting
- September 9, 2014 @ 6:30 Regular Trustees Meeting
- September 23, 2014 @ 6:30 Regular Trustees Meeting
- October 14, 2014 @ 6:30 Regular Trustees Meeting
- October 28, 2014 @ 6:30 Regular Trustees Meeting
- November 11, 2014 @ 6:30 Regular Trustees Meeting
- November 25, 2014 @ 6:30 Regular Trustees Meeting
- December 9, 2014 @ 6:30 Regular Trustees Meeting
- December 23, 2014 @ 6:30 Regular Trustees Meeting

2. Town Municipal Building, 81 Main Street

Once the police department relocates to the new police building on Maple Street (expected to be occupied by September 1), the building at 81 Main Street must be brought up to code and renovated to accommodate the municipal employees at the site. Funding is an issue. A committee is being formed to determine necessary changes to the building and cost. A progress report on the building will be added to the agenda of the joint meeting of the Essex Selectboard and Village Trustees.

Irene Wrenner requested effort be made to "gender balance" the committee and not just consider longevity in the community or expert qualifications.

8. TRUSTEES COMMENTS/CONCERNS & READING FILE

1. Board Member Comments

- Dan Kerin reported the annual block party was a great success. Thanks were extended to Patty Benoit and the Block Party Committee for another job well done.
- Dan Kerin said he received comments about a property on South Hill Drive not being maintained. Staff will investigate.
- Elaine Sopchak asked if legal counsel has reviewed the proposed language for the Land Development Code to address massage parlors. Staff will follow up with the attorney.
- Elaine Sopchak mentioned an email about stray cats in the village. Staff will research how other towns handle stray animals and contact the humane society about a trap and spay program.

2. Reading file:

- Planning Commission minutes 6/26/14
- Press Release from Champlain Water District
- Certificate of Appreciation from the NFMCA

9. <u>CONSENT AGENDA & READING FILE</u>

MOTION by Lori Houghton, SECOND by Elaine Sopchak, to approve the consent agenda as follows:

- 1. Approve Minutes of Previous Meeting(s) 7/8/14
- 2. Approve Warrants including check #10049615 through #10049675 totaling \$336,079.05.
- 3. Approve Warrants including check #10049676 through #10049747 totaling \$262,322.73.

VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

10. ADJOURNMENT

MOTION by Dan Kerin, SECOND by Lori Houghton, to adjourn the meeting. VOTING: unanimous (4-0); motion carried.

The meeting was adjourned at 9:20 PM.

RScty: M.E.Riordan